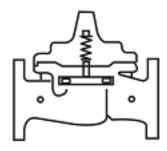
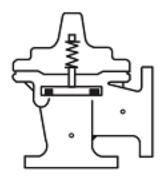


40-01/640-01

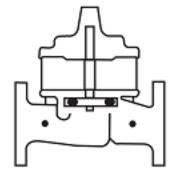
Place this manual with personnel responsible for maintenance of this valve



Installation



Operation



Maintenance



CVCL 1 (2) 3 4 DIST. CODE 002 SHEET 1 OF 3 DRAWING NO. CATALOG NO. REV. NEWPORT BEACH, CALIFORNIA 11-06-03 40-01/640-01 76571 01-28-2-6-2(TYPE OF VALVE AND MAIN FEATURES DESIGN 6-1 DRAWN JD 11-30-78 RATE OF FLOW CONTROL VALVE CH 11-30-78 CHK'D WAL 11-30-78 **APV**D X PC NOT FURNISHED BY CLA-VAL CO. ---- OPTIONAL FEATURES 8 <u>수</u> -NO WAS 21821 D₁ Ŗ. 8 邑 સ સ્ર Δ. B₂ ₹ **FEATURES** . 89 100-20 (640-01) REVISED D2 SYMBOL OPTIONAL ADDED D2 D3 I B1 B₁ -6-6 DATE **INLET** OUTLET SEE NOTE ሕ NOTE: ORIFICE PLATE ASSEMBLY MAY BE ATTACHED TO THE MAIN VALVE OUTLET CAD REVISION RECORD — DO NOT REVISE MANUALLY FLANGE, HOWEVER, BETTER CONTROL IS OBTAINED IF LOCATED 1 TO 5 ITEM NO. PIPE DIAMETERS DOWNSTREAM. BASIC COMPONENTS QTY 100-01 HYTROL (40-01) MAIN VALVE 1 100-20 HYTROL (640-01) MAIN VALVE 1 DESCRIPTION X58C RESTRICTION FITTING 1 CDHS18 DIFFERENTIAL CONTROL 1 3 12372) X52E ORIFICE PLATE ASSEMBLY 4 1 100-20 REVISION OPTIONAL FEATURE SUFFIX ADDED TO CATALOG NUMBER CV FLOW CONTROL (OPENING) X46A FLOW CLEAN STRAINER WAS X101 VALVE POSITION INDICATOR В CK2 COCK (ISOLATION VALVE) 4 CV FLOW CONTROL (CLOSING) Y" STRAINER С 1 띯 CHECK VALVES WITH COCK D X144 E-FLOW METER 1 М X141 PRESSURE GAUGE "THIS DRAWNO IS THE PROPERTY OF CLA—VAL CO. AND SAME AND COPES MADE THEREOF, IF ANY, SHALL BE RETURNED TO IT UPON DEMAND. DELIVERY AND DISCLOSURE HEREOF ARE SOLELY UPON CONDITION THAT THE SAME SHALL NOT BE USED, COPIED OR REPRODUCED, NOR SHALL THE SUBJECT HEREOF BE DISCLOSED IN ANY MANNER TO ANYONE FOR ANY PURPOSE, EXCEPT AS HEREIN AUTHORIZED, WITHOUT PRIOR WRITTEN APPROVAL OF CLA—VAL CO. THIS DRAWING IS SUBMITTED CONFIDENTIALLY AND MAY NOT BE USED IN THE MANUFACTURE OF ANY MATERIAL OR PRODUCT OTHER THAN SUCH MATERIALS AND PRODUCTS FURNSHED TO CLA—VAL CO. WHETHER OR NOT THE EQUIPMENT OR INFORMATION SHOWN HEREON IS PATENTED OR OTHER PROTECTED, FULL TILLE AND COPPRIGHTS, IF ANY, IN AND TO THIS DRAWING AND/OR INFORMATION DELIVERED OR SUBMITTED ARE FULLY RESERVED CLA—VAL CO.

						CVCL	1 ② 3 4	DIST. CODE 002	SH	IEET 2 OF	3		
				Y C	CLA-VAL C	_	BEACH, CALIFORNIA	CATALOG NO. 40-01/640-01	DRAWING	76571	REV.	1	
			TYPE	OF VA	LVE AND MAIN FEATURES	<u> </u>		1+0 01/0+0 01	DESIGN	70371			
					RATE C	F FLOW	CONTROL	VALVE	DRAWN CHK'D	JD CH	11-30 11-30		
									APVD	WAL	11-30		
			-	OPERATING DATA									
				I.	RATE OF FLOW FE. PRESSURE DIFFERE TO DIFFERENTIAL FASSEMBLY (4). A CONTROL (3) AND CONTROL (3). THE MAIN VALVE MELATIVELY CONST. (3) ADJUSTMENT: RATE OF FLOW.	NTIAL COPRESSURE N INCREA A DECRE IS CAUSES MODULATE TANT RATE	CHANGÉS SE SE IN DIFFER ASE IN DIFFE MAIN VALVI S (OPENS AN TOF FLOW.	ENSED ACROSS OF ENTIAL PRESSURE RENTIAL PRESSUR E COVER PRESSUF ID CLOSES) MAINT PRESSURE DIFFER	RIFICE TENE E TEN RE TO AININ ENTIA	PLATE DS TO CLO NDS TO O VARY AN G A L CONTRO	DSE PEN ND <u>DL</u>		
				II.	OPTIONAL FEATURE SUFFIX A (FLOW CL A SELF-CLEANING BOSS WHICH PROTE	EAN STRA	<u>AINER)</u> IS INSTALLEI				Υ		
	DATE				SUFFIX B (ISOLATION CK2 COCKS (B1) A MAIN LINE PRESSUIT OPERATION.	ND (B2) /	ARE USED TO				ОМ		
	BY				SUFFIX C (CLOSING FLOW CONTROL (C) TURN THE ADJUSTI SLOWER.	CONTROL	S THE CLOSI	NG SPEED OF THE O MAKE THE MAIN	E MAII N VAL	N VALVE. .VE CLOSE			
IOT REMSE MANUALLY	7				SUFFIX D (CHECK Y WHEN OUTLET PRES (D2) OPENS AND (PRESSURE INTO TH	SSURE IS D1) CLOSE	HIGHER THAN ES. THIS DIR	RECTS THE HIGHER	OUT	LET	Ξ		
CAD REVISION RECORD — DO NOT REVISE MANUALLY	DESCRIPTION				SUFFIX M (E-FLOW E-FLOW METER (M) THE NEED OF A SE) PROVIDE		FLOW MEASUREM	ENT [DATA WITH	IOUT		
CAD REV		SEE SHEET 1			SUFFIX P (PRESSUE PRESSURE GAUGES OUTLET AND COVER	(P) PROV	/IDE PRESSUF	RE READING IN TH	E INL	ET,			

											CVC	L 1	② 3	4	DIST. CODE	E 002		IEET 3 C)F 3		
			T		ì		1-1	<i>I</i> AI	C	N	NFWP	ORT BFAC	CH, CALIFORN	NIA AIV	CATALOG NO. 40-01/6	240 01	DRAWING			REV.	
				TYPE OF V	ALVE AN		_		L U	U .	1.2				40-01/6	40-01	DESIGN	76571	_	L	_
			Ш						- ^		_, _,		ONTO		\		DRAWN	JD	1	I-30-78	_
		+	╢				ŀ	≺A II	E O		-LO	w C	ONIR	OL	VALVE		CHK'D	CH	1	1-30-78	3
			ļĻ														APV'D	WAL	1.	1-30-78	: =
												0	PERAT	ING	DATA						
															<u> </u>						
			SUFFIX S (OPENING SPEED CONTROL) FLOW CONTROL (S) CONTROLS THE OPENING SPEED OF THE MAIN VALVE. TURN THE ADJUSTING STEM CLOCKWISE TO MAKE THE MAIN VALVE OPEN SLOWER.																		
					VAL	.VE I	-0SI		IND				CATOR DISPLA		A VISUAL	POSITIO	N OF	THE			
					A Y	/-PA	TTÈ T TH	HE P	STRA ILOT	INE SY	R IS STEN	/ FR		REIG	THE PILOT N PARTICL						
			4	III.									TION:	AND) DOWNSTR	EAM.					
		<u> </u>	╣		()			AOVE STAIC		ROM	THE	E MA	IN VAI	LVE	COVER AN	D PILOT	SYS	TEM AT	ALL		
	DATE				()	CK2 PER	CO CODI	CKS C CL	(B1) EAN	ING	OF	STRA	AINER	(Y)	NAL FEATU IS RECOMM AT LEAST 4	MENDED	(OPT S (OP	IONAL FI TIONAL F	EAT EAT	URE). URE).	
	ВУ																				
Τ																					
CAD REVISION RECORD — DO NOT REVISE MANUALLY																					
r revise																					
DO NO	NOLL																				
:ORD -	DESCRIPTION																				
on Rec																					
REVISI		_	ľ																		
S																					
		SEET																			
		SE																			
	¥ E	3,1	\parallel																		

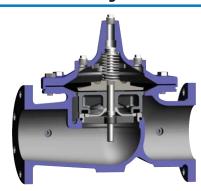


-MODEL 100-01 Hytrol Valve

Description

The Cla-Val Model 100-01 Hytrol Valve is a main valve for Cla-Val Automatic Control Valves. It is a hydraulically operated, diaphragm-actuated, globe or angle pattern valve.

This valve consists of three major components; body, diaphragm assembly, and cover. The diaphragm assembly is the only moving part. The diaphragm assembly uses a diaphragm of nylon fabric bonded with synthetic rubber. A synthetic rubber disc, contained on three and one half sides by a disc retainer and disc guide, forms a seal with the valve seat when pressure is applied above the diaphragm. The diaphragm assembly forms a sealed chamber in the upper portion of the valve, separating operating pressure from line pressure.



Installation

inspection.

- 1. Before valve is installed, pipe lines should be flushed of all chips, scale and foreign matter.
- 2. It is recommended that either gate or block valves be installed on both ends of the 100-01 Hytrol Valve to facilitate isolating the valve for preventive maintenance and repairs.
- 3. Place the valve in the line with flow through the valve in the direction indicated on the inlet nameplate. (See "Flow Direction" Section) Note: Valve can be installed in the vertical or horizontal position.

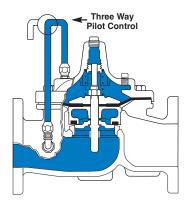
 4. Allow sufficient room around valve to make adjustments and for dis-
- assembly.

 5. Cla-Val 100-01 Hytrol Valves operate with maximum efficiency when mounted in horizontal piping with the cover UP, however, other positions are acceptable. Due to size and weight of the cover and internal components of 8 inch and larger valves, installation with the cover UP

is advisable. This makes internal parts readily accessible for periodic

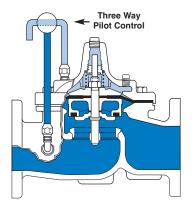
- 6. Caution must be taken in the installation of this valve to insure that galvanic and/or electrolytic action does not take place. The proper use of dielectric fittings and gaskets are required in all systems using dissimilar metals.
- 7. If a pilot control system is installed on the 100-01 Hytrol Valve, use care to prevent damage. If it is necessary to remove fittings or components, be sure they are kept clean and replaced exactly as they were.
- 8. After the valve is installed and the system is first pressurized, vent air from the cover chamber and pilot system tubing by loosening fittings at all high points.

Principles of Operation



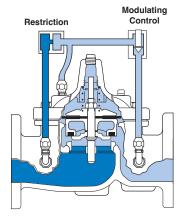
Tight Closing Operation

When pressure from the valve inlet (or an equivalent independent operating pressure) is applied to the diaphragm chamber the valve closes drip-tight.



Full Open Operation

When pressure in diaphragm chamber is relieved to a zone of lower pressure (usually atmosphere) the line pressure (5 psi Min.) at the valve inlet opens the valve



Modulating Action

Valve modulates when diaphragm pressure is held at an intermediate point between inlet and discharge pressure. With the use of a Cla-Val. "modulating control," which reacts to line pressure changes, the pressure above the diaphragm is varied, allowing the valve to throttle and compensate for the change.

Flow Direction

The flow through the 100-01 Hytrol Valve can be in one of two directions. When flow is "up-and-over the seat," it is in "normal" flow and the valve will fail in the open position. When flow is "overthe seat-and down," it is in "reverse" flow and the valve will fail in the closed position. There are no permanent flow arrow markings. The valve must be installed according to nameplate data.



Recommended Tools

- 1. Three pressure gauges with ranges suitable to the installation to be put at Hytrol inlet, outlet and cover connections.
- Cla-Val Model X101 Valve Position Indicator. This provides visual indication of valve position without disassembly of valve.
- 3. Other items are: suitable hand tools such as screwdrivers, wrenches, etc. soft jawed (brass or aluminum) vise, 400 grit wet or dry sandpaper and water for cleaning.

Troubleshooting

The following troubleshooting information deals strictly with the Model 100-01 Hytrol Valve. This assumes that all other components of the pilot control system have been checked out and are in proper working condition. (See appropriate sections in Technical Manual for complete valve).

All trouble shooting is possible without removing the valve from the line or removing the cover. It is highly recommended to permanently install a Model X101 Valve Position Indicator and three gauges in unused Hytrol inlet, outlet and cover connections.

SYMPTOM	PROBABLE CAUSE	REMEDY				
	Closed isolation valves in control system, or in main line.	Open Isolation valves.				
Fails to Close	Lack of cover chamber pressure.	Check upstream pressure, pilot system, strainer, tubing, valves, or needle valves for obstruction.				
	Diaphragm damaged. (See Diaphragm Check.)	Replace diaphragm.				
	Diaphragm assembly inoperative. Corrosion or excessive scale build up on valve stem. (See Freedom of Movement Check)	Clean and polish stem. Inspect and replace any damaged or badly eroded part.				
	Mechanical obstruction. Object lodged in valve. (See Freedom of Movement Check)	Remove obstruction.				
	Worn disc. (See Tight Sealing Check)	Replace disc.				
	Badly scored seat. (See Tight Sealing Check)	Replace seat.				
Fails to Open	Closed upstream and/or downstream isolation valves in main line.	Open isolation valves.				
	Insufficient line pressure.	Check upstream pressure. (Minimum 5 psi flowing line pressure differential.)				
	Diaphragm assembly inoperative. Corrosion or excessive buildup on valve stem. (See Freedom of Movement Check)	Clean and polish stem. Inspect and replace any damaged or badly eroded part.				
	Diaphragm damaged. (For valves in "reverse flow" only)	Replace diaphragm.				

After checking out probable causes and remedies, the following three checks can be used to diagnose the nature of the problem before maintenance is started. They must be done in the order shown.

Three Checks

The 100-01 Hytrol Valve has only one moving part (the diaphragm and disc assembly). So, there are only three major types of problems to be considered.

First: Valve is stuck - that is, the diaphragm assembly is not free to move through a full stroke either from open to close or vice versa.

Second: Valve is free to move and can't close because of a worn out diaphragm.

Third: Valve leaks even though it is free to move and the diaphragm isn't leaking.

CAUTION:

Care should be taken when doing the troubleshooting checks on the 100-01 Hytrol Valve. These checks do require the valve to open fully. This will either allow a high flow rate through the valve, or the downstream pressure will quickly increase to the inlet pressure. In some cases, this can be very harmful. Where this is the case, and there are no block valves in the system to protect the downstream piping, it should be realized that the valve cannot be serviced under pressure. Steps should be taken to remedy this situation before proceeding any further.

Diaphragm Check (#1)

- Shut off pressure to the Hytrol Valve by slowly closing upstream and downstream isolation valves. SEE CAUTION.
- 2. Disconnect or close all pilot control lines to the valve cover and leave only one fitting in highest point of cover open to atmosphere.
- 3.With the cover vented to atmosphere, slowly open upstream isolation valve to allow some pressure into the Hytrol Valve body. Observe the open cover tapping for signs of continuous flow. It is not necessary to fully open isolating valve. Volume in cover chamber capacity chart will be displaced as valve moves to open position. Allow sufficient time for diaphragm assembly to shift positions. If there is no continuous flow, you can be quite certain the diaphragm is sound and the diaphragm assembly is tight. If the fluid appears to flow continuously this is a good reason to believe the diaphragm is either damaged or it is loose on the stem. In either case, this is sufficient cause to remove the valve cover and investigate the leakage. (See "Maintenance" Section for procedure.)

COVER CHAMBER CAPACITY

(Liquid Volume displaced when valve opens)

()		' '
Valve size (inches)	Displa	cement
	Gallons	Liters
1 1/4	.020	.07
1 1/2	.020	.07
2	.032	.12
2 1/2	.043	.16
3	.080	.30
4	.169	.64
6	.531	2.0
8	1.26	4.8
10	2.51	9.5
12	4.00	15.1
14	6.50	24.6
16	9.57	36.2
20	12.00	45.4
24	29.00	109.8
30	42.00	197.0
36	90.00	340.0

Freedom of Movement Check (#2)

- 4. Determining the Hytrol Valve's freedom of movement can be done by one of two methods.
- **5.** For most valves it can be done after completing Diaphragm Check (Steps 1, 2, and 3). **SEE CAUTION**. At the end of step 3 the valve should be fully open.
- **6.** If the valve has a Cla-Val X101 Position Indicator, observe the indicator to see that the valve opens wide. Mark the point of maximum opening.
- 7. Re-connect enough of the control system to permit the application of inlet pressure to the cover. Open pilot system cock so pressure flows from the inlet into the cover.
- 8. While pressure is building up in the cover, the valve should close smoothly. There is a hesitation in every Hytrol Valve closure, which can be mistaken for a mechanical bind. The stem will appear to stop moving very briefly before going to the closed position. This slight pause is caused by the diaphragm flexing at a particular point in the valve's travel and is not caused by a mechanical bind.
- **9.** When closed, a mark should be made on the X101 Valve position indicator corresponding to the "closed" position. The distance between the two marks should be approximately the stem travel shown in chart.

STEM TRAVEL

(Fully Open to Fully Closed)

(.	, opo	u, 0.000u,	
Valve Size	(inches)	Travel (inc	ches)
Inches	MM	Inches	MM
1 1/4	32	0.4	10
1 1/2	40	0.4	10
2	50	0.6	15
2 1/2	65	0.7	18
3	80	0.8	20
4	100	1.1	28
6	150	1.7	43
8	200	2.3	58
10	250	2.8	71
12	300	3.4	86
14	350	4.0	100
16	400	4.5	114
20	500	5.6	143
24	600	6.7	165
30	800	7.5	190
36	900	8.5	216

- 10. If the stroke is different than that shown in stem travel chart this is a good reason to believe something is mechanically restricting the stroke of the valve at one end of its travel. If the flow does not stop through the valve when in the indicated "closed" position, the obstruction probably is between the disc and the seat. If the flow does stop, then the obstruction is more likely in the cover. In either case, the cover must be removed, and the obstruction located and removed. The stem should also be checked for scale buildup. (See "Maintenance, section for procedure.)
- 11. For valves 6" and smaller, the Hytrol Valve's freedom of movement check can also be done after all pressure is removed from the valve. SEE CAUTION. After closing inlet and outlet isolation valves and bleeding pressure from the valve, check that the cover chamber and the body are temporarily vented to atmosphere. Insert fabricated tool into threaded hole in top of valve stem, and lift the diaphragm assembly manually. Note any roughness. The diaphragm assembly should move smoothly throughout entire valve stroke. The tool is fabricated from rod that is threaded on one end to fit valve stem and has a "T" bar handle of some kind on the other end for easy gripping. (See chart in Step 4 of "Disassembly" Section.)
- 12. Place marks on this diaphragm assembly lifting tool when the valve is closed and when manually positioned open. The distance between the two marks should be approximately the stem travel shown in stem travel chart. If the stroke is different than that shown, there is a good reason to believe something is mechanically restricting the stroke of the valve. The cover must be removed, and the obstruction located and removed. The stem should also be checked for scale build-up. (See "Maintenance" Section for procedure.)

Tight Sealing Check (#3)

13. Test for seat leakage after completing checks #1 & #2 (Steps 1 to 12). SEE CAUTION. Close the isolation valve downstream of the Hytrol Valve. Apply inlet pressure to the cover of the valve, wait until it closes. Install a pressure gauge between the two closed valves using one of the two ports in the outlet side of the Hytrol. Watch the pressure gauge. If the pressure begins to climb, then either the downstream isolation valve is permitting pressure to creep back, or the Hytrol is allowing pressure to go through it. Usually the pressure at the Hytrol inlet will be higher than on the isolation valve discharge, so if the pressure goes up to the inlet pressure, you can be sure the Hytrol is leaking. Install another gauge downstream of isolating valve. If the pressure between the valves only goes up to the pressure on the isolation valve discharge, the Hytrol Valve is holding tight, and it was just the isolation valve leaking.

Maintenance

Preventative Maintenance

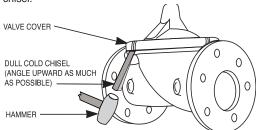
The Cla-Val Co. Model 100-01 Hytrol Valve requires no lubrication or packing and a minimum of maintenance. However, a periodic inspection schedule should be established to determine how the operating conditions of the system are affecting the valve. The effect of these actions must be determined by inspection.

Disassembly

Inspection or maintenance can be accomplished without removing the valve from the line. Repair kits with new diaphragm and disc are recommended to be on hand before work begins.

WARNING: Maintenance personnel can be injured and equipment damaged if disassembly is attempted with pressure in the valve. **SEE CAUTION.**

- Close upstream and downstream isolation valves and independent operating pressure when used to shut off all pressure to the valve.
- 2. Loosen tube fittings in the pilot system to remove pressure from valve body and cover chamber. After pressure has been released from the valve, use care to remove the controls and tubing. Note and sketch position of tubing and controls for re-assembly. The schematic in front of the Technical Manual can be used as a guide when reassembling pilot system.
- 3. Remove cover nuts and remove cover. If the valve has been in service for any length of time, chances are the cover will have to be loosened by driving upward along the edge of the cover with a dull cold chisel.



On 6" and smaller valves block and tackle or a power hoist can be used to lift valve cover by inserting proper size eye bolt in place of the center cover plug. on 8" and larger valves there are 4 holes (5/8" — 11 size) where jacking screws and/or eye bolts may be inserted for lifting purposes. **Pull cover straight up** to keep from damaging the integral seat bearing and stem.

COVER CENTER PLUG SIZE					
Valve Size	Thread Size (NPT)				
1 1/4"—1 1/2"	1/4"				
2"-3"	1/2"				
4"—6"	3/4"				
8"—10"	1"				
12"	1 1/4"				
14"	1 1/2"				
16"	2"				
20" & 24"	2"				
30" & 36"	2"				

4. Remove the diaphragm and disc assembly from the valve body. With smaller valves this can be accomplished by hand by **pulling straight up on the stem so as not to damage the seat bearing.** On large valves, an eye bolt of proper size can be installed in the stem and the diaphragm assembly can be then lifted with a block and tackle or power hoist. Take care not to damage the stem or bearings. The valve won't work if these are damaged.

VALVE STEIN	THILLAD SIZE
Valve Size	Thread Size (UNF Internal)
1 1/4"—2 1/2"	10-32
3"-4"	1/4—28
6"—14"	3/8—24
16"	1/2—20
20	3/4-16
24"	3/4-16

36'

3/4-16

3/4-16

VALVE STEM THREAD SIZE

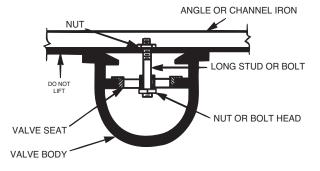
5. The next item to remove is the stem nut. Examine the stem threads above the nut for signs of mineral deposits or corrosion. If the threads are not clean, use a wire brush to remove as much of the residue as possible. Attach a good fitting wrench to the nut and give it a sharp "rap" rather than a steady pull. Usually several blows are sufficient to loosen the nut for further removal. On the smaller valves, the entire diaphragm assembly can be held by the stem in a vise equipped with soft brass jaws before removing the stem nut.

The use of a pipe wrench or a vise without soft brass jaws scars the fine finish on the stem. No amount of careful dressing can restore the stem to its original condition. Damage to the finish of the stem can cause the stem to bind in the bearings and the valve will not open or close.

- **6**. After the stem nut has been removed, the diaphragm assembly breaks down into its component parts. Removal of the disc from the disc retainer can be a problem if the valve has been in service for a long time. Using two screwdrivers inserted along the outside edge of the disc usually will accomplish its removal. Care should be taken to preserve the spacer washers in water, particularly if no new ones are available for re-assembly.
- 7. The only part left in the valve body is the seat which ordinarily does not require removal. Careful cleaning and polishing of inside and outside surfaces with 400 wet/dry sandpaper will usually restore the seat's sharp edge. If, however, it is badly worn and replacement is necessary, it can be easily removed.

Seats in valve sizes 1 1/4" through 6" are threaded into the valve body. They can be removed with accessory X109 Seat Removing Tool available from the factory. On 8" and larger valves, the seat is held in place by flat head machine screws. Use a tight-fitting, long shank screwdriver to prevent damage to seat screws. If upon removal of the screws the seat cannot be lifted out, it will be necessary to use a piece of angle or channel iron with a hole drilled in the center. Place it across the body so a long stud can be inserted through the center hole in the seat and the hole in the angle iron. By tightening the nut a uniform upward force is exerted on the seat for removal.

NOTE: Do not lift up on the end of the angle iron as this may force the integral bearing out of alignment, causing the stem to bind.



Lime Deposits

One of the easiest ways to remove lime deposits from the valve stem or other metal parts is to dip them in a 5-percent muriatic acid solution just long enough for the deposit to dissolve. This will remove most of the common types of deposits. **CAUTION: USE EXTREME CARE WHEN HANDLING ACID.** Rinse parts in water before handling. If the deposit is not removed by acid, then a fine grit (400) wet or dry sandpaper can be used with water.

Inspection of Parts

After the valve has been disassembled, each part should be examined carefully for signs of wear, corrosion, or any other abnormal condition. Usually, it is a good idea to replace the rubber parts (diaphragm and disc) unless they are free of signs of wear. These are available in a repair kit. Any other parts which appear doubtful should be replaced. WHEN ORDERING PARTS, BE SURE TO GIVE COMPLETE NAMEPLATE DATA, ITEM NUMBER AND DESCRIPTION.

NOTE: If a new disc isn't available, the existing disc can be turned over, exposing the unused surface for contact with the seat. The disc should be replaced as soon as practical.

Reassembly

- 1. Reassembly is the reverse of the disassembly procedure. If a new disc has been installed, it may require a different number of spacer washers to obtain the right amount of "grip" on the disc. When the diaphragm assembly has been tightened to a point where the diaphragm cannot be twisted, the disc should be compressed very slightly by the disc guide. Excessive compression should be avoided. Use just enough spacer washers to hold the disc firmly without noticeable compression.
- 2. MAKE SURE THE STEM NUT IS VERY TIGHT. Attach a good fitting wrench to the nut and give it a sharp "rap" rather than a steady pull. Usually several blows are sufficient to tighten the stem nut for final tightening. Failure to do so could allow the diaphragm to pull loose and tear when subjected to pressure.
- 3. Carefully install the diaphragm assembly by lowering the stem through the seat bearing. Take care not to damage the stem or bearing. Line up the diaphragm holes with the stud or bolt holes on the body. on larger valves with studs, it may be necessary to hold the diaphragm assembly up part way while putting the diaphragm over the studs.
- **4.** Put spring in place and replace cover. Make sure diaphragm is lying smooth under the cover.
- 5. Tighten cover nuts firmly using a cross-over pattern until all nuts are tight.
- 6. Test Hytrol Valve before re-installing pilot valve system.

Test Procedure After Valve Assembly

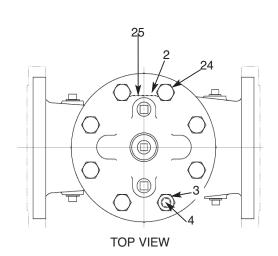
There are a few simple tests which can be made in the field to make sure the Hytrol Valve has been assembled properly. Do these before installing pilot system and returning valve to service. These are similar to the three troubleshooting tests.

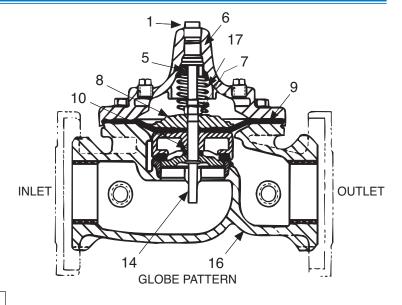
1. Check the diaphragm assembly for freedom of movement after all pressure is removed from the valve. SEE CAUTION. Insert fabricated tool into threaded hole in top of valve stem, and lift the diaphragm assembly manually. Note any roughness, sticking or grabbing. The diaphragm assembly should move smoothly throughout entire valve stroke. The tool is fabricated from rod that is threaded on one end to fit valve stem (See chart in Step 4 of "Disassembly" section.) and has a "T" Bar handle of some kind on the other end for easy gripping.

Place marks on this diaphragm assembly lifting tool when the valve is closed and when manually positioned open. The distance between the two marks should be approximately the stem travel shown in stem travel chart. (See "Freedom of Movement Check" section.) If the stroke is different than that shown, there is a good reason to believe something is mechanically restricting the stroke of the valve. The cover must be removed, the obstruction located and removed. (See "Maintenance" Section for procedure.)

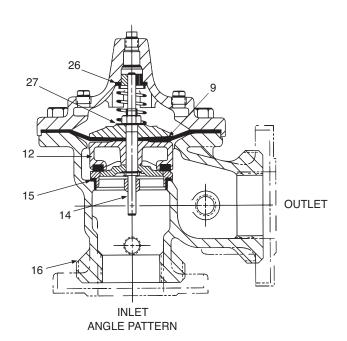
Due to the weight of the diaphragm assembly this procedure is not possible on valves 8" and larger. on these valves, the same determination can be made by carefully introducing a low pressure-less than five psi) into the valve body with the cover vented. **SEE CAUTION**. Looking in cover center hole see the diaphragm assembly lift easily without hesitation, and then settle back easily when the pressure is removed.

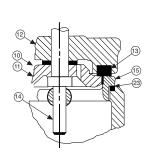
- 2. To check the valve for drip-tight closure, a line should be connected from the inlet to the cover, and pressure applied at the inlet of the valve. If properly assembled, the valve should hold tight with as low as ten PSI at the inlet. See "Tight Sealing Check" section.)
- 3. With the line connected from the inlet to the cover, apply full working pressure to the inlet. Check all around the cover for any leaks. Re-tighten cover nuts if necessary to stop leaks past the diaphragm.
- Remove pressure, then re-install the pilot system and tubing exactly as it was prior to removal. Bleed air from all high points.
- Follow steps under "Start-Up and Adjustment" Section in Technical Manual for returning complete valve back to service.



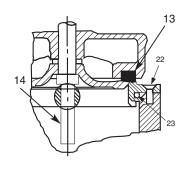


	PARTS LIST
Item	Description
1.	Pipe Plug
2.	Drive Screws (for nameplate)
3.	Hex Nut (8" and larger)
4.	Stud (8" and larger)
5.	Cover Bearing
6.	Cover
7.	Stem Nut
8.	Diaphragm Washer
9.	Diaphragm
10.	Spacer Washers
11.	Disc Guide
12.	Disc Retainer
13.	Disc
14.	Stem
15.	Seat
16.	Body
17.	Spring
22.	Flat Head Screws (8" and larger)
23.	Seat O-Ring
24.	Hex head Bolt (1 1/4" thru 4")
25.	Nameplate
26.	Upper Spring Washer (Epoxy coated valves only)
27.	Lower Spring Washer (Epoxy coated valves only)
28.	Cover Bearing Housing (16" only)
29.	Cover O-Ring (16" only)
30.	Hex Bolt (16" only)
31.	Pipe Cap (16" only)

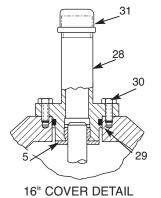




1 1/4" - 6" SEAT DETAIL



8" - 24" SEAT DETAIL





Hytrol Valve Service Data

Description 100-01 Hytrol Valve

The Cla-Val Model 100-01 Hytrol Valve is a main valve for Cla-Val Automatic Control Valves. It is a hydraulically operated, diaphragm-actuated, globe or angle pattern valve.

This valve consists of three major components; body, diaphragm assembly, and cover. The diaphragm assembly is the only moving part. The diaphragm assembly uses a diaphragm of nylon fabric bonded with synthetic rubber. A synthetic rubber disc, contained on three and one half sides by a disc retainer and disc guide, forms a seal with the valve seat when pressure is applied above the diaphragm. The diaphragm assembly forms a sealed chamber in the upper portion of the valve, separating operating pressure from line pressure.



Description 100-20 600 Series Hytrol Valve

The Cla-Val Model 100-20 Hytrol Valve (600 Series main valve) have only one part -the body- that is different from standard 100 Series Cla-Val main valve parts. The remaining parts of the 600 series main valve are standard Cla-Val main valve parts. All service and maintenance information for the standard 100 Series main valves also apply to the 600 series main valves.

The most important thing to remember when ordering main valve repair kits and replacement parts, except for the body, all other parts are going to be for a smaller size main valve. Cla-Val identifies main valve parts with the flange size of the standard 100 Series main valve. Refer to the "Main Valve Sizes" chart below.

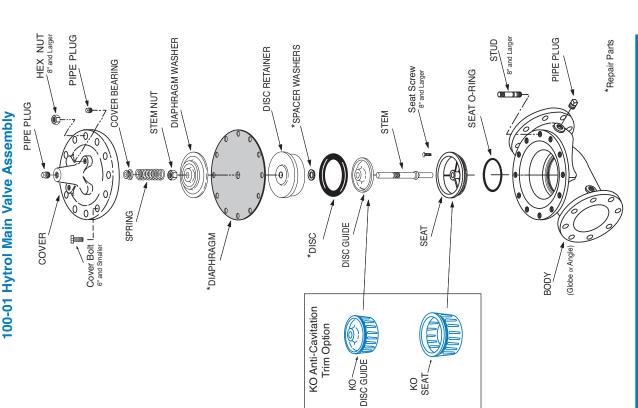
	Φ																		
	ıt Torqu	(ft. Lbs.)	DRY	9	10	우	15	30	30	09	125	185	375	400	420	750	N/R	N/R	
	Stem Nut Torque	(ff. I	Lubed	4	9	9	10	21	21	40	85	125	252	270	280	200	930	1350	ONLY lied part
	**1	Socket	(Long)				3/4"	15/16"	15/16"	1 1/16"	1 5/16"	1 13/16"	1 7/8"	2 1/2"	2 1/2"	3"	3 1/2"	Special	** Must Use ONLY Cla-Val Supplied part
	Stem Nut**			24	-20	-20	20	-				-				16			** N Cla-\
	S	Throad	D = -	3/8" - 24	7/16" -20	7/16" -20	1/2" - 20	5/8" - 18	5/8" - 18	3/4" - 16	7/8" - 14	1 1/8" -12	1 1/2" -12	1 1/2" -12	1 1/2" -12	2" - 16	2 1/4" - 16	3" - 12	
	Torque	- - - - -		48	96	96													
	Cover Torque	#	r. ED3.	4	8	8	12	20	30	110	110	110	160	390	545	545	029	800	
	Bnl	Cocket					7/16"	9/16"	9/16"	2/8"	2/8"	13/16"	13/16"	13/16"	13/16"	13/16"	13/16"	13/16"	
	Cover Plug	O Popular O					3/8"	1/2"	1/2" 8	3/4"	3/4"	-	1	1 1	1" 1	1	-	1" 1	Grade 5 Bolts "Heavy" Grade Nuts Tighten cover nuts in a "star" cross-over pattern
							8	7	-	e	8				80				ts oss-over
ıta	Cover		ONC									5/8" - 11	3/4" - 10	3/4" - 10	1-	1" - 8	1" - 8	24 1 1/8"- 7	Grade 5 Bolts "Heavy" Grade Nuts nuts in a "star" cros
se Da	olt	- +		- ∞	∞	∞	∞	∞	80	∞ =_	12	16	3" 20	6" 20	20	20	24		Grade 5 Bolts eavy" Grade Ni ts in a "star" or
Servic	Cover Nut or Bolt	Cocket	200	7/16"	1/2"	1/2"	9/16"	2/8"	3/4"	1 1/8"	1 1/8"	1 1/4"	1 7/16"	1 13/16"	2	2	2 1/8"	2 3/8"	"He
3OL 9	Cover N	Thread	(Bolt)	1/4" - 20 (B)	5/16" - 18 (B)	5/16" - 18 (B)	3/8" - 16 (B)	7/16" - 14 (B)	1/2" - 13 (B)	3/4" - 10 (B)	3/4" - 10 (B)	3/4" - 10	6 - "8//	1 1/8" - 7	1 1/4" - 7	1 1/4" - 7	3/8" - 6	1 1/2" - 12	īghten c
HYTROL Service Data		뵨	(B	1/4" -	5/16" .	5/16" .	3/8" -	7/16" .	1/2" -	3/4" -	3/4" -	3/4"	2//8	1 1/	1 1/	1 1/	1 3/	1 1/2	
	Cover Center Plug NPT			1/4"	1/4"	1/4"	1/2"	1/2"	1/2"	3/4"	3/4"	<u>-</u>	-	1 1/4"	1 1/2"	2	1 1/2"	3/4"	er 101E - 28"
	Valve Stem	Thread	UNF-Internal		10 - 32	10 - 32	10 - 32	10 - 32	1/4 - 28	1/4 - 28	3/8 - 24	3/8 - 24	3/8 - 24	3/8 - 24	3/8 - 24	1/2 - 20	3/4 - 16	3/4 - 16*	* Adapter p/n 2594101E inside 1/4" - 28"
	Valve	Ę			10	9	10	9	1/4	1/4	3/8	3/8	3/8		3/8	1/2	3/4		/d sui
	Cover Capacity	Displacement	Liters		0.07	0.07	0.12	0.16	0.30	0.64	2.00	4.80	9.50	15.10	24.60	36.20	45.40	108.80	
	Cover (Displa	Gallons		0.020	0.020	0.032	0.043	0.080	0.169	0.531	1.26	2.51	4.0	6.5	9.6	12	29.0	
	u	<u>ө</u>	mm	∞	10	10	15	18	20	23	43	28	71	98	66	114	143	165	
	Stem	Trav	inches	0.3	0.4	0.4	9.0	0.7	0.8	1.1	1.7	2.3	2.8	3.4	3.9	4.5	5.63	6.75	
		0	mm						100	150	200	250	300	400		009		800	
	- SIZE	100-20	inches						"4	9	-‱	10"	12"	16"		400 20", 24"		30"	
	HYTROL SIZE	11	mm	25	32	40	20	65	80	100	150	200	250	300	350	400 2	200	009	
	I	100-01	inches	-	1 1/4"	1 1/2"		2 1/2"	<u></u> ة	"4	9	- - 0	10"	12"	14"	16"	20"	24"	

BOLT/NUT TORQUING PROCEDURES ON VALVE COVERS

0 0 **BOLTS** 15 0 ω ဖ 0 ო 0 \bigcirc O **BOLTS** O 0 ဖ 0 C0 0 2 0 0 C **BOLTS** 2 0 0 0

Follow this procedure when reassembling MAIN Valve:

- numbers shown above to insure that cover seats evenly on the diaphragm 1. Tightens bolts/nuts in a "Star" or "Cross-Over" pattern following the material and body.
- 2. Torque the bolt/nuts in three stages with a "Star" or "Cross-Over" pattern for each stage:
- To approximately 10% of final torque.
- B. To approximately 75% of final torque. C. To final required torque.
- Valves that are to be tested to 375 PSI or higher should be retorqued after 24 hours.





$-\mathsf{MODEL}-100-20$

600 Series Hytrol Valve

SERVICE AND MAINTENANCE OF 600 SERIES VALVES

The 600 series main valves have only one part -the body- that is different from standard 100 Series Cla-Val main valve parts. The remaining parts of the 600 series main valve are standard Cla-Val main valve parts. All service and maintenance information for the standard 100 Series main valves in this manual also apply to the 600 series main valves.

The most important thing to remember when ordering main valve repair kits and replacement parts, except for the body, all other parts are going to be for a smaller size main valve. Cla-Val identifies main valve parts with the flange size of the standard 100 Series main valve. Refer to the "Main Valve Sizes Comparison" chart. For example, if you are servicing a 6" 100-20 Hytrol and needed a repair kit, you would order a repair kit for a 4" 100-01 Hytrol. This kit is also suitable for a 6" 100-20 Hytrol. Complete Technical Manuals include a repair kit data sheet N-RK that shows this relationship.

When you order repair parts, it is a good idea to include valve nameplate data (size, catalog number, and part number) and description of the parts desired. Do this to be sure parts will fit the valve you are working on and not be too big for it. Pilot controls and repair kits maintenance information remain the same for 100 or 600 Series valves.

UNDERSTANDING THE 600 SERIES VALVES

In 1987, Cla-Val introduced the Model 100-20 Hytrol as the basic main valve for the 600 Series of automatic control valves. To identify all new valves using the 100-20 Hytrol, an existing catalog number is modified. Making a 600 Series catalog number is simply done by using a "6" in front of the two digit catalog numbers or replacing the "2" with a "6" in three digit catalog numbers. Current schematics reflect both catalog numbers together separated by a slash (i.e. - 90-01/690-01, 58-02/658-02, 210-01/610-01, etc). Since these two valves 'share' the same catalog number and schematic, they provide the same function in a system. The only difference between the two valves is the relative capacity of the two main valve series.

The 100-01 Hytrol is the basic main valve for Cla-Val automatic control valves. This valve is the current version of the Clayton Hytrol valve design originated in 1936. The 100-01 Hytrol is designed as a full flow area valve. This means that the inlet, seat and outlet openings are the same size. Thus, the pressure drop is kept to a minimum for this globe style design.

The 100-20 Hytrol valve has all of the basic features and advantages of the original 100-01 Hytrol. Only one part has been changed - the body. It is designed with different size inlet, seat and outlet openings. The 100-20 Hytrol has inlet and outlet flanges one valve size larger than the seat opening size. This results in what is sometimes called a "reduced port' main valve. For example, a 4" 100-20 valve has a 3" seat. Note: valve size is always determined by the flange size. The following chart compares the 100-01 and the 100-20 main valves.

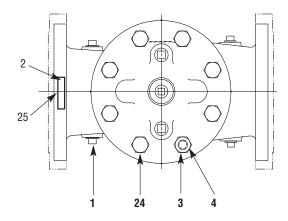
Basic Main Valve Size Comparison							
	Globe Pattern Valves						
Flange Size (inch)	Seat Size						
Tidinge Oize (inch)	100-01 (100 Series)	100-20 (600 Series)					
3	3	2					
4	4	3					
6	6	4					
8	8	6					
10	10	8					
12	12	10					
14	14						
16	16	12					
18		16					
20	20	16					
24	24	16					
30	30	24					
36	36	30					
42		36					
48		36					
	Angle Pattern Valves						
Flange Size (inch)	Seat	Size					
Trange dize (mon)	100-01 (100 Series)	100-20 (600 Series)					
4	4	3					
6	6	4					
8	8	6					

The 100-20 Hytrol is available only in ductile iron, 150 and 300 pressure class, and Bronze trim standard. Available extra cost main valve options include stainless steel trim, epoxy coating, Dura-Kleen stem. Delrin sleeved stem, and high temperature rubber parts. All four basic main valves have a 600 Series version available with all of the same benefits and size relationships. The following chart shows the relationship of Cla-Val main valve catalog numbers.

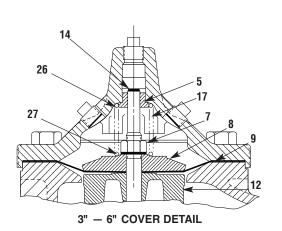
Cla-Val Main Valves

Catalog Number					
Catalog Name	Circa 1936	100-Series	600 Series		
Hytrol	100 (Angle =2100)	100-01	100-20		
Powertrol	100P & 100PA	100-02	100-21		
Powercheck	100PC & 100PCA	100-03	100-22		
Hycheck	181	100-04	100-23		

100-20

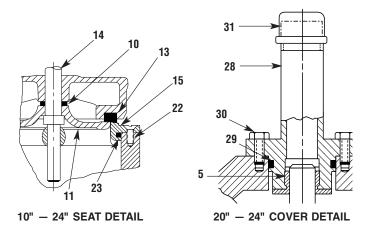


GLOBE INLET ANGLE INLET ANGLE INLET 11 16



PARTS LIST NO. **DESCRIPTION** 1 **Pipe Plug** 2 **Drive Screws (for nameplate)** 3 Hex Nut (8" and larger) 4 Stud (8" and larger) 5 **Cover Bearing** 6 Cover 7 Stem Nut Diaphragm Washer 8 9 Diaphragm 10 **Spacer Washers** 11 Disc Guide 12 Disc Retainer 13 Disc 14 Stem 15 Seat 16 **Body** 17 Spring 22 Flat Head Screws (10" and larger) 23 Seat O-Ring Hex Bolt (3 " Thru 6") 24 25 Nameplate (Mounted on inlet flange) 26 **Upper Spring Washer (Epoxy coated valves only)** 27 Lower Spring Washer (Epoxy coated valves only) 28 Cover Bearing Housing (20" & 24" & 30") 29 Cover Bearing Housing O-Ring (20" & 24" & 30")

WHEN ORDERING PARTS, BE SURE TO GIVE COMPLETE NAMEPLATE DATA, ITEM NUMBER AND DESCRIPTION.



30

31

Hex Bolt (20" & 24") Pipe Cap (20" & 24 & 30"")

SHEET 1 OF CVCL 1 ② 3 4 DIST CODE 007A CATALOG NO. DRAWING NO. REV 09-15-98 9-29-11 NEWPORT BEACH, CALIFORNIA X58C 48834 AΡ 10-18-94 DESIGN DRAWN JC 12-3-85 X58C RESTRICTION ASSEMBLIES JC 12-4-85 CHK'D APV'D CH 12-11-85 AK 峕 15043) **RESTRICTION -**TUBE CONNECTOR **PLUG** (ECO ORIFICE Ø ADDED PN 48834-05F (NED 43663) 75779) & 64673H (NED PN 68565B 48834-06D (NPT) PRESS FLUSH WITH END OF TUBE CONNECTOR REINSTATED A ADDED ¥₩ ₽ 11-18-93 DAI *79730J PRESS TO ₽ **SHOULDER** MANUALL NOTES: REVISE *FOR IDENTIFICATION, THESE STOCK NO'S ARE TO BE STAINED BLUE WITH 74234-03. NOT 2. **FOR IDENTIFICATION, THESE STOCK NO'S ARE TO BE STAINED RED 8 WITH 74234-05. SEE DWG 76740 FOR STAINLESS STEEL X58C. 3. RECORD SEE SHEETS 3 & 4 FOR UL APPROVED DRAWING. (ECO REVISION CAD 글 REVISION 8 CAD REDRAWN

A-AK SEE

DIST CODE 007A CVCL 1 (2) 3 4 CATALOG NO. DRAWING NO. REV NEWPORT BEACH, CALIFORNIA X58C 48834 AΡ **DESIGN** DRAWN JC 12-3-85 X58C RESTRICTION ASSEMBLIES CHK'D JC 12-4-85 APV'D CH 12-11-85 TUBE CONNECTOR RESTRICTION PLUG X58C SIZE STOCK NO. ORIFICE DIA MATFRIAL MATERIAL TUBE X NPT 37° FLARE .125 (1/8) **44734C 3/8 X 3/8-18 NPT ALUMINUM S. STEEL 45° FLARE .031 (1/32) 1/4 X 1/8-27 NPT *37814B **BRASS** S. STEEL 1/4 X 1/8-27 NPT *80500C **BRASS** .062 (1/16) S. STEEL 3/8 X 1/8-27 NPT *67739D **BRASS** .040 S. STEEL 3/8 X 3/8-18 NPT (1/16)*64672K BRASS .062 S. STEEL 3/8 X 3/8-18 NPT .094 (3/32)S. STEEL *99329-01D BRASS .125 **79730J 1/2 X 1/2-14 NPT (1/8)S. STEEL BRASS **48834-05F 3/8 X 3/8-18 NPT .125 (1/8) S. STEEL **BRASS** .031 1/4 X 1/8-27 NPT (1/32)*85484E **BRASS DELRIN** 1/4 X 1/8-27 NPT .040*85486K BRASS DELRIN .125 (1/8) **48834-03A 1/4 X 1/8-27 NPT **BRASS DELRIN** ŽΔ *48834-04J 1/4 X 1/8-27 NPT **BRASS** .093 **DELRIN** 3/8 X 1/8-27 NPT .031 (1/32) *88409-01G **BRASS DELRIN** ₽ .052 3/8 X 1/8-27 NPT *88409J BRASS DELRIN MANUALL 3/8 X 1/8-27 NPT .062 (1/16)*42346H BRASS DELRIN .125 (1/8)3/8 X 1/8-27 NPT **48834-01E BRASS DELRIN REVISE 3/8 X 1/4-18 NPT .062 (1/16)*42775H **BRASS** DELRIN 3/8 X 1/4-18 NPT .156 (5/32)**63604D **BRASS DELRIN** NOT 3/8 X 3/8-18 NPT .031 (1/32)*10253D BRASS DELRIN 8 3/8 X 3/8—18 NPT **BRASS** .062 (1/16)*46946A DELRIN 1 **64673H 3/8 X 3/8-18 NPT **BRASS** .125 (1/8) DELRIN RECORD .094 (3/32) *68565B 3/8 X 3/8-18 NPT BRASS DELRIN 3/8 X 3/8-18 NPT .188 (3/16)REVISION **43302K BRASS DELRIN **12900H .125 (1/8)1/2 X 1/2-14 NPT BRASS DELRIN (3/16)1/2 X 1/2-14 NPT .188 CAD **48834-02C BRASS **DELRIN** SHEET **BRASS** .250 (1/4)**48834-06D 1/2 X 1/2-14 NPT DELRIN SEE

SHEET 2 OF

"THIS DRAWING IS THE PROPERTY OF CLA-VAL CO. AND SAME AND COPIES MADE THEREOF, IF ANY, SHALL BE RETURNED TO IT UPON DEMAND. DELIVERY AND DISCLOSURE HEREOF ARE SOLELY UPON CONDITION THAT THE SAME SHALL NOT BE USED, COPIED OR REPRODUCED, NOR SHALL THE SUBJECT HEREOF BE DISCLOSED IN ANY MANNER TO ANYONE FOR ANY PURPOSE, EXCEPT AS HEREIN AUTHORIZED, WITHOUT PRIOR WRITTEN APPROVAL OF CLA-VAL CO. THIS DRAWING IS SUBMITTED CONFIDENTIALLY AND MAY NOT BE USED IN THE MANUFACTURE OF ANY MATERIAL OR PRODUCT OTHER THAN SUCH MATERIALS AND PRODUCTS FURNISHED TO CLA-VAL CO. WHETHER OR NOT THE EQUIPMENT OR FORMATION SHOWN HEREON IS PATENTED OR OTHERWISE PROTECTED, FULL TITLE AND COPYRIGHTS, IF ANY, IN AND TO THIS DRAWING AND/OR INFORMATION DELIVERED OR SUBMITTED ARE FULLY RESERVED CLA-VAL CO.



-MODEL-CDHS-18

3/8" Differential Control

DESCRIPTION

The Cla-Val CDHS-18 Differential Control Valve is a normally open, spring loaded, diaphragm type valve that operates hydraulically and is designed to close on a rising differential pressure. When used as a pilot control with Cla-Val Valves, it acts as a flow limiting control.

INSTALLATION

The Differential Control may be installed in any position. There is one inlet port and two outlet ports in the body for either straight or angle installation. The outlet port senses the high pressure or inlet to the differential producing device. One of the outlet ports can be used for a gauge connection. The port above the diaphragm (located in the control cover) is used to sense the low pressure or outlet side of the differential producing device. A flow arrow is marked on the body casting.

OPERATION

The Differential Control is normally held open by the compression spring and the sensing pressure above the diaphragm. When the rate of flow through the main valve increases, the sensing pressure above the diaphragm of the control decreases and the higher pressure at the outlet port closes the control; which, in turn, closes the main valve. When the rate of flow through the main valve decreases, the sensing pressure above the diaphragm increases. This opens the control and in turn opens the main valve. This action causes the main valve to modulate, limiting the flow rate to the setting of the control.

ADJUSTMENT

The Differential Control Valve can be adjusted to limit the rate of flow as specified on the data plate. Rate of flow adjustment is made by turning the adjustment screw to vary the spring pressure on the diaphragm. The greater the compression on the spring the higher the flow rate.

- 1. Turn the adjustment screw in (clockwise) to increase flow rate.
- 2. Turn the adjustment screw out (counterclockwise) to decrease flow rate.

The Differential Control Valve should be removed from the Hytrol Valve assembly. Make sure that pressure shutdown is accomplished prior to disconnecting assembly. During disassembly inspect all threads for damage or evidence of cross-threading.

NOTE: A bench vice equipped with soft brass jaws should be used to hold the valve body during disassembly and reassembly. DO NOT tighten vice jaws more than enough to hold unit firmly. Excessive pressure may spring or crack casting

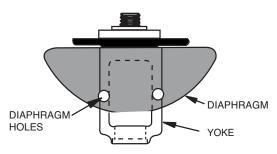
- Remove adjusting screw cap (16).
- Loosen lock nut on adjusting stem assembly (9) and turn adjusting screw counterclockwise to relieve tension on spring.
- 3 Remove bottom plug (8) and gasket (6).
- Remove disc retainer assembly (5) and inspect sealing surface for damage or wear. Replace if necessary.
- Remove 8 screws (12) and carefully lift off cover (2) spring guide (10)and spring (13) can now be removed.
- 6. Remove diaphragm assembly.
- Remove diaphragm nut (7) and diaphragm washer (4).
- Remove diaphragm (3), inspect for damage and replace if necessary.
- Inspect all parts for damage, corrosion, wear, foreign particles, and 9.
- 10. Repair minor nicks and scratches, these may be polished out using a fine grade of emery or crocus cloth.

Prior to reassembly replace all parts which are damaged or worn. When ordering replacement parts be sure to specify item, part number, and all nameplate data.

- 1. Place diaphragm (3) on top of yoke (11) place diaphragm washer (4) over diaphragm with rounded edges down or next to diaphragm. Screw on diaphragm nut (7) with the spring guide shoulder in up position. The nut is not tightened at this time.
- Align diaphragm flange holes with and folding diaphragm as shown. Tighten diaphragm nut, retaining alignment shown.
- Place yoke assembly in body (1) and screw the disc retainer assembly (5) in until it bottoms.
- Screw in plug (8).

NOTE: The yoke arms can be viewed through the 3/8" NPT high pressure sensing outlet. There should be even spacing between the yoke arms and the 3/8' NPT inlet boss seat assembly. There must be no drag or friction between these parts. If there is drag, repeat step 2.

- Align diaphragm flange holes with the body holes and position spring and spring guide (13) (10).
- Replace cover (2) and secure with 8 screws (12).
- Remove plug (8) and turn adjusting screw clockwise until the disc retainer assembly moves down.
- Replace gasket (6) and plug (8).
- Replace cap (16).



DIAPHRAGM HOLE ALIGNMENT

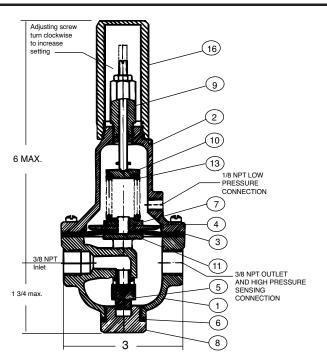
SERVICE SUGGESTIONS

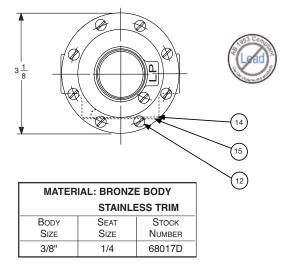
SYMPTOM	PROBABLE CAUSE	REMEDY
FAILS TO OPEN	CONTROLLING DIFFERENTIAL NOT CHANGING	CHECK WITH GAUGE OR MANOMETERS
	DIAPHRAGM ASSEMBLY STUCK CLOSED	DISASSEMBLE AND FREE
	No spring compression	SCREW IN ADJUSTING STEM
	FOREIGN OBJECT UNDER DISC RETAINER	DISASSEMBLE AND REMOVE
FAILS TO CLOSE	INSUFFICIENT CONTROLLING DIFFERENTIAL	INCREASE DIFFERENTIAL
	FOREIGN OBJECT UNDER DISC	DISASSEMBLE AND REMOVE
	DIAPHRAGM ASSEMBLY STUCK OPEN	DISASSEMBLE AND FREE
	DAMAGED DIAPHRAGM	DISASSEMBLE AND REPLACE
	SPRING COMPRESSED SOLID	BACK OFF ADJUSTING STEM



CDHS-18

3/8" Differential Control





Repair Pa	Part Number	
Standard	Buna"N"®	9170003K
High Temp.	Viton®	9170009G

	Ітем	DESCRIPTION	MATERIALS	PART NUMBER
	1	Body & Seat Assembly	BFR/SS	83397-02G
	2	Cover	BRZ	C6657F
*	3	Diaphragm	Buna N®	C6936JD
	4	Diaphragm Washer	BRS	C1803A
*	5	Disc Retainer Assembly	BRS/RB	C5256H
*	6	Gasket	FIB	40174F
	7	Diaphragm Nut	BRS	V5911C
	8	Plug, Body	BRZ	V5653A
	9	Adj. Stem Assembly	BZ/SS	C2002J
	10	Spring Guide	303	C1510B
	11	Yoke	BRZ	V6951H
*	12	Mach. Screw Fil. Hd. (8)	SS	67578-21B
	13	Spring	316SS	36773A
	14	Nameplate	BRS	C002201G
	15	Nameplate Screw	_	_
	16	Cap, Adj. Screw	PLS	12576-01D





Orifice Plate Assembly



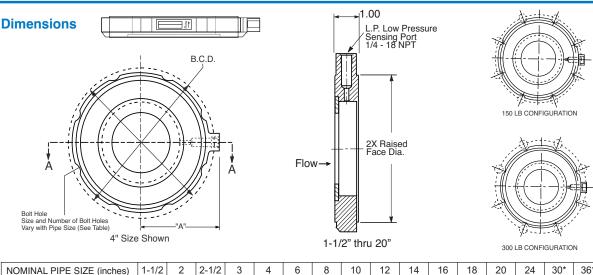
- Wafer Design
- Fits ANSI 125, 150, 250, 300
- Optional Materials Available
- · Easy to use size Selection Chart

The Cla-Val Model X52E Orifice Plate Assembly is typically used with Cla-Val flow control valves. The orifice plate is an essential component used to generate a specific, predictable pressure drop in the system. The X52E uses a wafer design holder which offers a compact lightweight assembly that is easy to install. The X52E has a Chamfered "Inlet" side so even after installation, correct orientation can be easily verified.

The orifice plate portion of the assembly is made of 302 stainless steel with other materials options also available. The plate is machined to a recommended "square edge". The plate holder portion of the assembly is Ductile Iron standard. Fusion-bonded epoxy coating is an option. The holder may be made of other materials.

Selecting an orifice plate bore size is made by using charts provided.

We recommend installation of this assembly with the sensing port to the side of the pipeline to prevent air pockets and obstructions in the sensing line. Installation adjacent to a butterfly valve is not recommended as the orifice plate assembly may interfere with the opening of this type of valve.



NOMIN	AL PIPE SIZE (inches)	1-1/2	2	2-1/2	3	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	24	30*	36*
Diamete	er of Flange	3.63	4.25	5.00	5.75	7.00	9.75	12.00	14.14	16.50	19.00	21.12	23.50	25.62			
Diamete	er of Raised Face	2.88	3.63	4.13	5.00	6.19	8.50	10.63	12.75	15.00	16.25	18.50	21.00	23.00	t j		nsult
"A" Dim	from CL to top of boss	2.31	2.62	3.00	3.38	4.00	5.38	6.50	7.62	8.75	10.00	11.06	12.50	13.75	She	Fac	tory
Diamete	er of Bolt Circle (B.C.D.)	3.88	4.75	5.50	6.00	7.50	9.50	11.75	14.25	17.00	18.75	21.25	22.75	25.00	Refer 52A-1		
45015	Number of Bolts	4	4	4	4	8	8	8	12	12	12	16	16	20	Re X52		
150 Lb.	Radius of Bolt Holes	.31	.38	.38	.38	.38	.44	.44	.50	.50	.56	.56	.62	.62	ш		
200 1 h	Diameter of Bolt Circle	4.50	5.00	5.50	6.63	7.88	10.63	13.00	15.25	17.75	20.25	22.50	24.75	27.00			
300 Lb.	Number of Bolts	4	8	8	8	8	12	12	16	16	20	20	24	24			

*Consult Factory

Sizing An Orifice Plate Bore: Example

- 1. In determining a bore size, the nominal flow rate (or range of flow) and the pipe size in which the orifice plate assembly will be installed must be known.
- 2. Sizing a bore for:

A constant flow rate:

Select the sizing chart that matches pipe size and locate the flow rate under the nominal column which is closest to required flow; select the corresponding bore size dimension.

Example:

A 6" pipe with a desired constant flow of 700 gpm. Using the 6" chart, the closest flow in the nominal column is 670 gpm which has a corresponding bore size of 3.80".

6" Valve / Pipe Size					
Bore		Flow - gpm			
Size	Min.	Max.	Nominal		
4.60	490	1960	1100		
4.40	435	1740	980		
4.20	380	1520	850		
4.00	330	1320	750		
3.80	300	1200	670		
3.60	265	1060	590		
3.40	230	920	520		
3.20	200	800	450		
3.00	175	700	395		
2.80	150	600	340		
2.60	130	520	295		
2.40	110	440	245		

A flow range:

Select the sizing chart that matches pipe size and locate required flow range between the minimum and maximum limits of an orifice bore. Frequently the flow range will fit between more than one bore size. To resolve this, decide the flow rate that system will be operated at most frequently. Locate the flow which is closest to this under the nominal flow column, and select the corresponding bore size dimension.

Example:

A 6" pipe with a flow range of 300-1000 gpm. Using the 6" chart, more than one bore size can accommodate this range. The most frequent flow rate will be 500 gpm. Using the nominal flow column, the closest flow is 520 gpm which has a corresponding bore size of 3.40"

6" Valve / Pipe Size						
Bore		Flow - gpm				
Size	Min.	Max.	Nominal			
4.60	490	1960	1100			
4.40	435	1740	980			
4.20	380	1520	850			
4.00	330	1320	750			
3.80	300	1200	670			
3.60	265	1060	590			
3.40	230	920	520			
3.20	200	800	450			
3.00	175	700	395			
2.80	150	600	340			
2.60	130	520	295			
2.40	110	440	245			

Orifice Plate Bore Charts

1 ½" Valve / Pipe Size						
Bore		Flow - gpm	l			
Size	Min.	Max.	Nominal			
1.20	33	113	73			
1.10	26	109	60			
1.00	21	83	45			
0.90	16	68	37			
0.80	12	52	28			
0.60	7	29	18			

2" Valve / Pipe Size					
Bore		Flow - gpm	ı		
Size	Min.	Max.	Nominal		
1.55	55	220	125		
1.50	50	200	115		
1.40	42	168	95		
1.20	29	116	65		
1.00	19	76	45		
.80	12	50	28		

Orifice Plate Bore Charts

2 ½" Valve / Pipe Size					
Bore		Flow - gpm			
Size	Min.	Max.	Nominal		
1.87	80	330	180		
1.60	55	220	120		
1.40	40	160	88		
1.20	28	115	62		
1.00	19	80	43		
.80	12	50	28		

4" Valve / Pipe Size						
Bore		Flow - gpm				
Size	Min.	Max.	Nominal			
3.00	205	820	450			
2.80	170	680	390			
2.60	140	560	310			
2.40	115	460	260			
2.20	96	384	215			
2.00	78	312	175			
1.80	63	252	140			
1.60	49	196	110			
1.40	38	152	84			
1.20	28	112	62			

8" Valve / Pipe Size					
Bore		Flow - gpm			
Size	Min.	Max.	Nominal		
6.00	830	3320	1850		
5.80	760	3040	1700		
5.60	680	2720	1550		
5.40	620	2480	1400		
5.20	570	2280	1275		
5.00	515	2060	1150		
4.80	470	1800	1050		
4.60	425	1700	950		
4.40	385	1540	860		
4.20	345	1380	780		
4.00	310	1240	700		

12" Valve / Pipe Size					
Bore		Flow - gpm			
Size	Min.	Max.	Nominal		
9.00	1850	7400	4200		
8.50	1575	6300	3500		
8.00	1350	5400	3000		
7.50	1150	4600	2600		
7.00	980	3920	2200		
6.50	840	3360	1875		
6.00	700	2800	1575		
5.50	580	2320	1300		
5.00	480	1920	1075		
4.50	385	1540	870		

3" Valve / Pipe Size					
Bore		Flow - gpm			
Size	Min.	Max.	Nominal		
2.29	120	480	270		
2.20	105	420	240		
2.00	84	336	190		
1.80	65	260	145		
1.60	50	200	115		
1.40	38	152	86		
1.20	28	112	62		
1.00	19	76	43		

6" Valve / Pipe Size				
Bore		Flow - gpm		
Size	Min.	Max.	Nominal	
4.60	490	1960	1100	
4.40	435	1740	980	
4.20	380	1520	850	
4.00	330 1320 750			
3.80	300	1200	670	
3.60	265	1060	590	
3.40	230	920	520	
3.20	200	800	450	
3.00	175	700	395	
2.80	150	600	340	
2.60	130	520	295	
2.40	110	440	245	

10" Valve / Pipe Size					
Bore		Flow - gpm			
Size	Min.	Max.	Nominal		
7.50	1300	5200	2900		
7.00	1075	1075 4300			
6.50	880	3520	1950		
6.00	730	2920	1650		
5.50	600	2400	1350		
5.00	490	1960	1100		
4.50	390	1560	870		
4.00	310 1240		690		
3.50	235	940	525		
3.00	175	700	385		



Orifice Plate Bore Charts (continued)

14" Valve / Pipe Size					
Bore	Flow - gpm				
Size	Min.	Max.	Nominal		
10.00	2350	9400	5200		
9.50	2025	8100	4500		
9.00	1750	7000	3900		
8.50	1500	6000	3400		
8.00	1300	5200	2900		
7.50	1150	4600	2500		
7.00	960	3840	2150		
6.50	820	3280	1850		
6.00	700	2800	1550		
5.50	585	2340	1300		
5.00	480 1920 1075				
4.50	385	1540	860		

18" Valve / Pipe Size				
Bore	Flow - gpm			
Size	Min.	Max.	Nominal	
13.00	5200	15500	9000	
12.00	4100	12300	7100	
11.50	3700	6400		
11.00	3300 9850 570			
10.50	2950 8800		5100	
10.00	2600	7850	4550	
9.50	2350	6200	3600	
9.00	2100	6200	3600	
8.50	1850 5500 3200			
8.00	1650 4850 2800		2800	
7.50	1400 4250 2450			
7.00	1250	3650	2100	

24" Valve / Pipe Size					
Bore	Flow - gpm				
Size	Min.	Max.	Nominal		
17.00	8500	25500	15000		
16.00	7500	21500	12500		
15.00	6100	18400	10500		
14.50	5700	17000	9800		
14.00	5200	15600	9000		
13.50	4800	14400	8300		
13.00	4400	13200	7600		
12.50	4000	12100	7000		
12.00	3700	11100	6400		
11.50	3400	10100	5800		
11.00	3100	9200	5300		
10.50	2800	2800 8300 4800			
10.00	2500	7500	4400		

16" Valve / Pipe Size				
Bore		Flow - gpm		
Size	Min.	Max.	Nominal	
11.50	3100	12400	7000	
11.00	2700	10800	6100	
10.50	2400 9600 5400			
10.00	2100	4700		
9.50	1850	7400	4200	
9.00	1650	6600	3650	
8.50	1450	5800	3250	
8.00	1250	5000	2850	
7.50	1100 4400 2450			
7.00	950 3800 21		2150	
6.50	810 3240 1800			
6.00	700	2800	1550	

20" Valve / Pipe Size					
Bore	Flow - gpm				
Size	Min.	Max.	Nominal		
14.00	6000	18000	10500		
13.50	5300	16000	9500		
13.00	4800	14500	8500		
12.50	4300	12900	7500		
12.00	3900	11700	6700		
11.50	3400	10500	6100		
11.00	3200	9500	5500		
10.50	2900	8600	5000		
10.00	2600	7700	4500		
9.50	2300	6100	3600		
9.00	2000 6100 3600		3600		
8.50	1800	5400	3200		

36" Valve / Pipe Size					
Bore		Flow - gpm			
Size	Min.	Max.	Nominal		
26.00	20000	60000	35000		
24.00	16000	48500	28000		
22.00	13000	39000	22500		
21.00	12000	35000	20500		
20.00	10500	31000	18000		
19.00	9500	28000	16000		
18.00	8500	24500	14500		
17.00	7500	22000	12500		
16.00	6500	19300	11000		
15.00	5600	16900	9800		
14.00	4900	14600	8500		
13.00	4200	12600	7300		



 $- \, \mathsf{MODEL} - X46$

Flow Clean Strainer





- Self Scrubbing Cleaning Action
- Straight Type or Angle Type

The Cla-Val Model X46 Strainer is designed to prevent passage of foreign particles larger than .015". It is especially effective against such contaminant as algae, mud, scale, wood pulp, moss, and root fibers. There is a model for every Cla-Val. valve.

The X46 Flow Clean strainer operates on a velocity principle utilizing the circular "air foil" section to make it self cleaning. Impingement of particles is on the "leading edge" only. The low pressure area on the downstream side of the screen prevents foreign particles from clogging the screen. There is also a scouring action, due to eddy currents, which keeps most of the screen area clean.

D

1-3/4

2-1/4

2-1/2

2-1/2

3

3-3/8

4

4-1/4

4-1/2

4-1/4

B (NPT)

1/8

1/4

3/8

1/2

1/2

3/4

3/4

1

1

A (NPT)

1/4

3/8

3/8

1/2

3/8

3/4

1

1/2

X46A Straight Type A (In Inches)

Ε

3/4

1

1

1-1/4

1-1/4

2

2

2-3/4

2-3/4

2-3/4

G

1/2

3/4 3/8

7/8 1/2

7/8 3/4

1-1/8

1

1-1/2 7/8

1-3/8 7/8

1-3/4 7/8

1-3/8 7/8

1/2

3/4

7/8

1/2

1

1/2

1

1/2

1-1/4

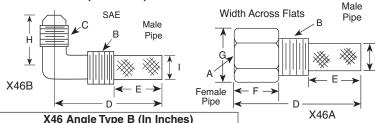
1/2

1/4

3/4

7/8

Dimensions (In Inches)



A46 Angle Type B (In Inches)						
B(NPT)	C(S	AE) D	Е	Н	I	
1/8	1/4	1-3/8	5/8	7/8	1/4	
1/4	1/4	1-3/4	3/4	1	3/8	
3/8	1/4	2	7/8	1	1/2	
3/8	3/8	1-7/8	7/8	1	1/2	
1/2	3/8	2-3/8	1	1-1/4	5/8	

When Ordering, Please Specify:

- Catalog Number X46
- Straight Type or Angle Type
- Size Inserted Into and Size Connection
- Materials

INSTALLATION

The strainer is designed for use in conjunction with a Cla-Val Main Valve, but can be installed in any piping system where there is a moving fluid stream to keep it clean. When it is used with the Cla-Val Valve, it is threaded into the upstream body port provided for it on the side of the valve. It projects through the side of the Main Valve into the flow stream. All liquid shunted to the pilot control system and to the cover chamber of the Main Valve passes through the X46 Flow Clean Strainer.

INSPECTION

Inspect internal and external threads for damage or evidence of cross-threading. Check inner and outer screens for clogging, embedded foreign particles, breaks, cracks, corrosion, fatigue, and other signs of damage.

DISASSEMBLY

Do not attempt to remove the screens from the strainer housing.

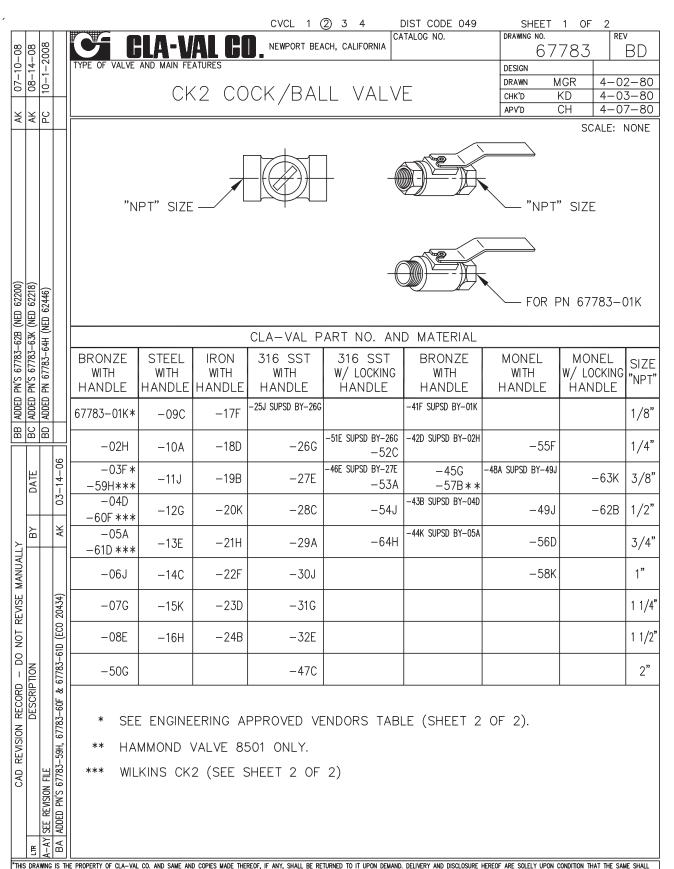
CLEANING

After inspection, cleaning of the X46 can begin. Water service usually will produce mineral or lime deposits on metal parts in contact with water. These deposits can be cleaned by dipping X46 in a 5-percent muriatic acid solution just long enough for deposit to dissolve. This will remove most of the common types of deposits. Caution: use extreme care when handling acid. If the deposit is not removed by acid, then a fine grit (400) wet or dry sandpaper can be used with water. Rinse parts in water before handling. An appropriate solvent can clean parts used in fueling service. Dry with compressed air or a clean, lint-free cloth. Protect from damage and dust until reassembled.

REPLACEMENT

If there is any sign of damage, or if there is the slightest doubt that the Model X46 Flow Clean Strainer may not afford completely satisfactory operation, replace it. Use Inspection steps as a guide. Neither inner screen, outer screen, nor housing is furnished as a replacement part. Replace Model X46 Flow Clean Strainer as a complete unit.

When ordering replacement Flow-Clean Strainers, it is important to determine pipe size of the tapped hole into which the strainer will be inserted (refer to column A or F), and the size of the external connection (refer to column B or G).



THIS DATAWNS IS THE PROPERTY OF COAP-VAL ON AND SAME AND COPIES MADE INEXEST, IF ANY, SHALL BE REIONAGE FOR DEBMAND, DELIVERT AND DISCUSSAR, REACH AND DISCUSSAR, PARES SOLELY OF VICANOMINE AND ANY MANER TO ANYONE FOR ANY PURPOSE, EXCEPT AS HEREIN AUTHORIZED, WITHOUT PRIOR WRITTEN APPROVAL OF CLA-VAL CO. THIS DRAWING IS SUBMITTED CONFIDENTIALLY AND MAY NOT BE USED IN THE MANUFACTURE OF ANY MATERIAL OR PRODUCT OTHER THAN SUCH MATERIALS AND PRODUCTS FURNISHED TO CLA-VAL CO. WHETHER OR NOT THE EQUIPMENT OR INFORMATION SHOWN HEREON IS PATENTED OR OTHERWISE PROTECTED, FULL TITLE AND COPYRIGHTS, IF ANY, IN AND TO THIS DRAWING AND/OR INFORMATION DELIVERED OR SUBMITTED ARE FULLY RESERVED CLA-VAL CO."



-MODEL- CV

Flow Control



DESCRIPTION

The CV Control is an adjustable restriction which acts as a needle valve when flow is in the direction of the stem. When flow is in the reverse direction, the port area opens fully to allow unrestricted flow. When installed in the control system of a Cla-Val automatic valve, it can be arranged to function as either an opening or closing speed control.

OPERATION

The CV Flow Control permits full flow from port A to B, and restricted flow in the reverse direction. Flow from port A to B lifts the disc from seat, permitting full flow. Flow in the reverse direction seats the disc, causing fluid to pass through the clearance between the stem and the disc. This clearance can be increased, thereby increasing the restricted flow, by screwing the stem out, or counter-clockwise. Turning the stem in, or clockwise reduces the clearance between the stem and the disc, thereby reducing the restricted flow.'

INSTALLATION

Install the CV Flow Control as shown in the valve schematic All connections must be tight to prevent leakage.

DISASSEMBLY

Follow the sequence of the item numbers assigned to the parts in the cross sectional illustration for recommended order of disassembly.

Use a scriber, or similar sharp-pointed tool to remove O-ring from the stem.

INSPECTION

Inspect all threads for damage or evidence of crossthreading. Check mating surface of seat and valve disc for excessive scoring or embedded foreign particles. Check spring for visible distortion, cracks and breaks. Inspect all parts for damage, corrosion and cleanliness.

CLEANING

After disassembly and inspection, cleaning of the parts can begin. Water service usually will produce mineral or lime deposits on metal parts in contact with water. These deposits can be cleaned by dipping the parts in a 5-percent muriatic acid solution just long enough for deposits to dissolve. This will remove most of the common types of deposits. Caution: use extreme care when handling acid. If the deposit is not removed by acid, then a fine grit (400) wet or dry sandpaper can be used with water. Rinse parts in water before handling. An appropriate solvent can clean parts used in fueling service. Dry with compressed air or a clean, lint-free cloth. Protect from damage and dust until reassembled.

REPAIR AND REPLACEMENT

Minor nicks and scratches may be polished out using a fine grade of emery or crocus cloth; replace parts if scratches cannot be removed.

Replace O-ring packing and gasket each time CV Flow Control is overhauled.

Replace all parts which are defective. Replace any parts which create the slightest doubt that they will not afford completely satisfactory operation. Use Inspection steps as a guide.

REASSEMBLY

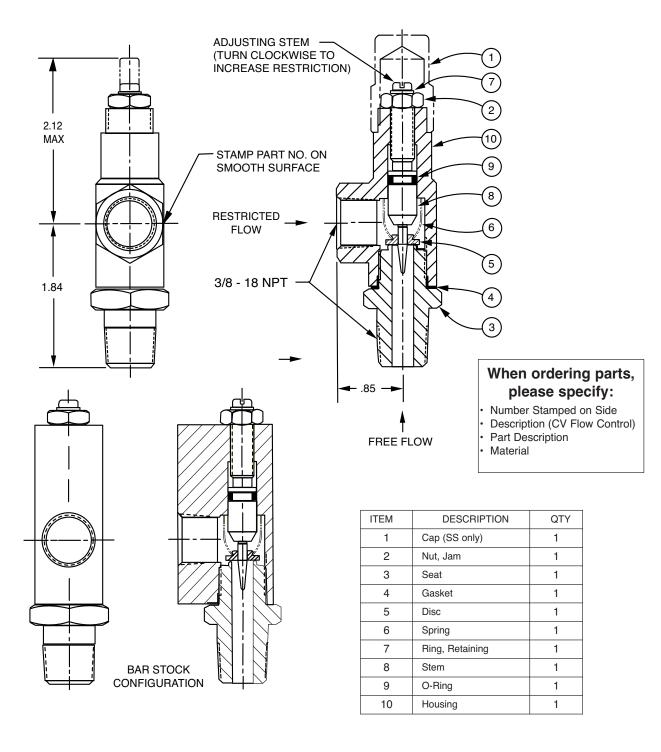
Reassembly is the reverse of disassembly; no special tools are required.

TEST PROCEDURE

No testing of the flow Control is required prior to reassembly to the pilot control system on Cla-Val Main Valve.



3/8" Flow Control





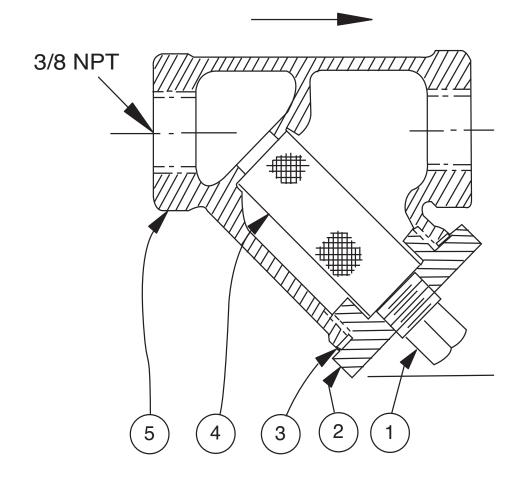
X43

Strainer

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	MATERIAL	
1	Pipe Plug	Steel	
2	Strainer Plug	Brass	
3	Gasket	Copper	
4	Screen	SST	
5	Body	Brass	
No parts available. Rreplacement assembly only.			

Standard 60 mesh pilot system strainer for fluid service.

Size	Stock Number
3/8 x 3/8	33450J





Cla-Val Product Identification

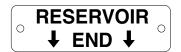
How to Order

Proper Identification

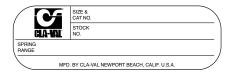
For ordering repair kits, replacement parts, or for inquiries concerning valve operation, it is important to properly identify Cla-Val products already in service by including all nameplate data with your inquiry. Pertinent product data includes valve function, size, material, pressure rating, end details, type of pilot controls used and control adjustment ranges.

Identification Plates

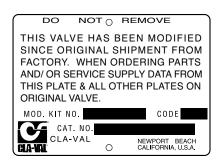
For product identification, cast-in body markings are supplemented by identification plates as illustrated on this page. The plates, depending on type and size of product, are mounted in the most practical position. It is extremely important that these identification plates are not painted over, removed, or in any other way rendered illegible.



This brass plate appears on altitude valves only and is found on top of the outlet flange.



This tag is affixed to the cover of the pilot control valve. The adjustment range appears in the spring range section.



This aluminum plate is included in pilot system modification kits and is to be wired to the new pilot control system after installation.



This brass plate appears on valves sized 2¹/₂" and larger and is located on the top of the inlet flange.



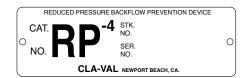
These two brass plates appear on ³/₈", ¹/₂", and ³/₄" size valves and are located on the valve cover.



These two brass plates appear on threaded valves 1" through 3" size or flanged valves 1" through 2". It is located on only one side of the valve body.



This brass plate is used to identify pilot control valves. The adjustment range is stamped into the plate.



This brass plate is used on our backflow prevention assemblies. It is located on the side of the Number Two check (2" through 10"). The serial number of the assembly is also stamped on the top of the inlet flange of the Number One check.



HOW TO ORDER

Because of the vast number of possible configurations and combinations available, many valves and controls are not shown in published product and price lists. For ordering information, price and availability on product that are not listed, please contact your local Cla-Val office or our factory office located at:

P. O. Box 1325 Newport Beach, California 92659-0325 (949) 722-4800 FAX (949) 548-5441

SPECIFY WHEN ORDERING

- Model Number
- · Globe or Angle Pattern
- Adjustment Range (As Applicable)
- · Valve Size
- Threaded or FlangedBody and Trim Materials
- Optional Features
- Pressure Class

UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED

- · Globe or angle pattern are the same price
- · Ductile iron body and bronze trim are standard
- X46 Flow Clean Strainer or X43 "Y" Strainer are included
- CK2 Isolation Valves are included in price on 4" and larger valve sizes (6" and larger on 600 Series)

LIMITED WARRANTY

Automatic valves and controls as manufactured by Cla-Val are warranted for three years from date of shipment against manufacturing defects in material and workmanship that develop in the service for which they are designed, provided the products are installed and used in accordance with all applicable instructions and limitations issued by Cla-Val. Electronic components manufactured by Cla-Val are warranted for one year from the date of shipment.

We will repair or replace defective material, free of charge, that is returned to our factory, transportation charges prepaid, if upon inspection, the material is found to have been defective at time of original shipment. This warranty is expressly conditioned on the purchaser's providing written notification to Cla-Val immediate upon discovery of the defect.

Components used by Cla-Val but manufactured by others, are warranted only to the extent of that manufacturer's guarantee.

This warranty shall not apply if the product has been altered or repaired by others, Cla-Val shall make no allowance or credit for such repairs or alterations unless authorized in writing by Cla-Val.

DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES AND LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY

The foregoing warranty is exclusive and in lieu of all other warranties and representations, whether expressed, implied, oral or written, including but not limited to any implied warranties or merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose. All such other warranties and representations are hereby cancelled.

Cla-Val shall not be liable for any incidental or consequential loss, damage or expense arising directly or indirectly from the use of the product. Cla-Val shall not be liable for any damages or charges for labor or expense in making repairs or adjustments to the product. Cla-Val shall not be liable for any damages or charges sustained in the adaptation or use of its engineering data and services. No representative of Cla-Val may change any of the foregoing or assume any additional liability or responsibility in connection with the product. The liability of Cla-Val is limited to material replacements F.O.B. Newport Beach, California.

TERMS OF SALE

ACCEPTANCE OF ORDERS

All orders are subject to acceptance by our main office at Newport Beach, California.

CREDIT TERMS

Credit terms are net thirty (30) days from date of invoice.

PURCHASE ORDER FORMS

Orders submitted on customer's own purchase order forms will be accepted only with the express understanding that no statements, clauses, or conditions contained in said order form will be binding on the Seller if they in any way modify the Seller's own terms and conditions of sales.

PRODUCT CHANGES

The right is reserved to make changes in pattern, design or materials when deemed necessary, without prior notice.

PRICES

All prices are F.O.B. Newport Beach, California unless expressly stated otherwise on our acknowledgement of the order. Prices are subject to change without notice. The prices at which any order is accepted are subject to adjustment to the Seller's price in effect at the time of shipment. Prices do not include sales, excise, municipal, state or any other Government taxes. Minimum order charge \$100.00.

RESPONSIBILITY

We will not be responsible for delays resulting from strikes, accidents, negligence of carriers, or other causes beyond our control. Also, we will not be liable for any unauthorized product alterations or charges accruing there from.

RISK

All goods are shipped at the risk of the purchaser after they have been delivered by us to the carrier. Claims for error, shortages, etc., must be made upon receipt of goods.

EXPORT SHIPMENTS

Export shipments are subject to an additional charge for export packing.

RETURNED GOODS

- Customers must obtain written approval from Cla-Val prior to returning any material.
- 2. Cla-Val reserves the right to refuse the return of any products.
- 3. Products more than six (6) months old cannot be returned for credit.
- 4. Specially produced, non-standard models cannot be returned for credit.
- Rubber goods such as diaphragms, discs, o-rings, etc., cannot be returned for credit, unless as part of an unopened vacuum sealed repair kit which is less than six months old
- Goods authorized for return are subject to a 35% (\$100 minimum) restocking charge and a service charge for inspection, reconditioning, replacement of rubber parts, retesting, repainting and repackaging as required.
- Authorized returned goods must be packaged and shipped prepaid to Cla-Val, 1701 Placentia Avenue, Costa Mesa, California 92627.



CLA-VAL

PO Box 1325 Newport Beach CA 92659-0325 Phone: 949-722-4800 • Fax: 949-548-5441

CLA-VAL CANADA 4687 Christie Drive

Beamsville, Ontario
Canada L0R 1B4
Phone: 905-563-4963
Fax: 905-563-4040
«COPYRIGHT CLA-VAL 2011 Printed in USA
Specifications subject to change without notice.

CLA-VAL EUROPE Chemin dés Mesanges 1

CH-1032 Romanel/ Lausanne, Switzerland Phone: 41-21-643-15-55 Fax: 41-21-643-15-50

www.cla-val.com

Represented By:



-MODEL- REPAIR KITS

Model 100-01 Hytrol Main Valve

	BUNA-N MATERIAL					
RUBBER KIT REPAIR KIT REBUILD KIT STUD 8						
	STOCK NO.	STOCK NO.	STOCK NO.	STOCK NO.		
3/8"	9169801K		21176614B	21176633J		
1/2"	9169802H	21176602F	21176615A	21176634H		
3/4"	9169802H	21176602F	21176615A	21176634H		
1" Non-Guided	9169803F	21176601G	21176616K	21176636F		
1"	9169804D	21176603E	21176617J	21176636F		
1 1/4"	9169804D	21176603E	21176617J	21176636F		
1 1/2"	9169804D	21176603E	21176617J	21176636F		
2"	9169805A	21176608K	21176618H	21176637E		
2 1/2"	9169811J	21176609J	21176619G	21176638D		
3"	9169812G	21176604D	21176620D	21176639C		
4"	9169813E	21176605C	21176621C	21176640K		
6"	9169815K	21176606B	21176622B	21176641J		
8"	9817901D	21176607A	21176623A	21176642H		
10"	9817902B	21176610F	21176624K	21176643G		
12"	9817903K	21176611E	21176625J	21176644F		
14"	9817904H	21176612D	21176626H	21176645E		
16"	9817905E	21176613C	21176627G	21176645E		

Model 100-20 Hytrol Main Valve

		•			
BUNA-N MATERIAL					
	RUBBER KIT	REPAIR KIT	REBUILD KIT	STUD & NUT KIT	
	STOCK NO.	STOCK NO.	STOCK NO.	STOCK NO.	
3"	9169805A	21176608K	21176618H	21176637E	
4"	9169812G	21176604D	21176620D	21176639C	
6"	9169813E	21176605C	21176621C	21176640K	
8"	9169815K	21176606B	21176622B	21176641J	
10"	9817901D	21176607A	21176623A	21176642H	
12"	9817902B	21176610F	21176624K	21176643G	
14"	9817903K	21176611E	21176625J	21176644F	
16"	9817903K	21176611E	21176625J	21176644F	

Consult factory for larger sizes

Rubber Kit Includes: Diaphragm, Disc, Spacer Washers

Repair Kit Includes: Diaphragm, Disc, Spacer Washers, Epoxy Coated Disc Retainer, Epoxy Coated Diaphragm Washer,

Protective Washer

Rebuild Kit Includes: Diaphragm, Disc, Spacer Washers, Epoxy Coated Disc Retainer, Epoxy Coated Diaphragm Washer,

Protective Washer, Stainless Steel Bolts & Washers (6" & Below),

Stainless Steel Studs, Nuts, & Washers (8" & Above), Stem, Stem Nut, Disc Guide

Stud & Nut Kit Includes: Stainless Steel Bolts & Washers (6" & Below), Stainless Steel Studs, Nuts, & Washers (8" & Above)

Repair Kits for 100-02/100-21 Powertrol and 100-03/100-22 Powercheck Main Valves

For: Powertrol and Powercheck Main Valves-150 Pressure Class Only

Includes: Diaphragm, Disc (or Disc Assembly) and O-rings and full set of spare Spacer Washers.

Valve	Kit Stock Number	Valve	Kit Stock Number	
Size	100-02	Size	100-02 & 100-03	100-21 & 100-22
3/8"	9169901H	2½"	9169910J	N/A
1/2" & 3/4"	9169902F	3"	9169911G	9169905J
1"	9169903D	4"	9169912E	9169911G
1¼" & 1½"	9169904B	6"	9169913C	9169912E
2"	9169905J	8"	99116G	9169913C
		10"	9169939H	99116G
		12"	9169937B	9169939H

Larger Sizes: Consult Factory.

Repair Kits for 100-04/100-23 Hy-Check Main Valves

For: Hy-Check Main Valves—150 Pressure Class Only

Includes: Diaphragm, Disc and O-Rings and full set of spare Spacer Washers.

Valve	Kit Stock Number		Valve	Kit Stock Number	
Size	100-04	100-23	Size	100-04	100-23
4"	20210901B	N/A	12"	20210905H	20210904J
6"	20210902A	20210901B	14"	20210906G	N/A
8"	20210903K	20210902A	16"	20210907F	20210905H
10"	20210904J	20210903K	20"	N/A	20210907F
			24"	N/A	20210907F

Larger Sizes: Consult Factory.

Repair Kits for Pilot Control Valves (In Standard Materials Only)

Includes: Diaphragm, Disc (or Disc Assembly), O-Rings, Gaskets or spare Screws as appropriate.

BUNA-N® (Standard Material)				VITON (For KB Controls)	
Pilot	Kit Stock	Pilot	Kit Stock	Pilot	Kit Stock
Control	Number	Control	Number	Control	Number
CDB	9170006C	CFM-9	12223E	CDB-KB	9170012A
CDB-30	9170023H	CRA (w/bucking spring)	9170001D	CRA-KB	N/A
CDB-31	9170024F	CRD (w/bucking spring)	9170002B	CRD-KB (w/bucking spring)	9170008J
CDB-7	9170017K	CRD (no bucking spring)	9170003K	CRL-KB	9170013J
CDH-2	18225D	CRD-18	20275401K	CDHS-2BKB	9170010E
CDHS-2	44607A	CRD-22	98923G	CDHS-2FKB	9170011C
CDHS-2B	9170004H	CRL (55F, 55L)	9170007A	CDHS-18KB (no bucking spring)	9170009G
CDHS-2F	9170005E	CRL60/55L-60	9170033G	102C-KB	1726202D
CDHS-3C-A2	24657K	CRL60/55L60 1"	9170042H		
CDHS-8A	2666901A	CRL-4A	43413E		
CDHS-18	9170003K	CRL-5 (55B)	65755B		
CDS-4	9170014G	CRL-5A (55G)	20666E		
CDS-5	14200A	CRL-18	20309801C		
CDS-6	20119301A	Universal CRL	9170041K		
CDS-6A	20349401C	CV	9170019F		
CFCM-M1	1222301C	X105L (O-ring)	00951E	- Buna-N∘	
CFM-2	12223E	102B-1	1502201F		
CFM-7	1263901K	102C-2	1726201F	CRD Disc Ret. (Solid)	C5256H
CFM-7A	1263901K	102C-3	1726201F	CRD Disc Ret. (Spring)	C5255K

Repair Assemblies (In Standard Materials Only)

Control	Description	Stock Number
CF1-C1	Pilot Assembly Only	89541H
CF1-CI	Complete Float Control less Ball and Rod	89016A
CFC2-C1	Disc, Distributor and Seals	2674701E
CSM 11-A2-2	Mechanical Parts Assembly	97544B
CSM 11-A2-2	Pilot Assembly Only	18053K
33A 1"	Complete Internal Assembly and Seal	2036030B
33A 2"	Complete Internal Assembly and Seal	2040830J

When ordering, please give complete nameplate data of the valve and/or control being repaired. MINIMUM ORDER CHARGE APPLIES