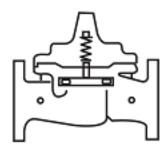
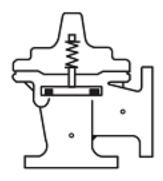


133-01/633-01

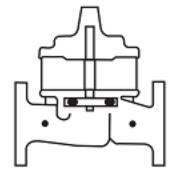
Place this manual with personnel responsible for maintenance of this valve



Installation



Operation



Maintenance



CVCL 1 (2) 3 4 DIST CODE 002 SHEET 1 OF CATALOG NO. DRAWING NO. REV NEWPORT BEACH, CALIFORNIA ′633–0´ 133-01 29852 В DESIGN DRAWN 4-29-98 ٧L 5 ELECTRONIC INTERFACE METERING VALVE CHK'D CH 4-30-98 APV'D BF 4-30-98 ¥ NOT FURNISHED BY CLA-VAL CO. OPTIONAL FEATURES E.I. 2A 2B CONTROLLER ۵ FEATURE OPTIONAL D2 ADDED മ DRAIN TO INDEPENDENT 11 - 29 - 994-29-98 **ATMOSPHERE OPERATING PRESSURE** DATE INLET OUTLET ¥ ₽ 7A REVISION RECORD - DO NOT REVISE MANUALL 7B ITEM NO. BASIC COMPONENTS QTY (NED 100-01 HYTROL (133-01) MAIN VALVE 1 100-20 HYTROL (633-01) MAIN VALVE 2 CS2 SOLENOID CONTROL 2 PRODUCTION. (NED 3 2 CK2 COCK (SOLENOID BYPASS) 4 131VC-3 ELECTRONIC CONTROLLER (SINGLE) 1 5 X117D POSITION TRANSMITTER 1 **FEATURE** DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE TRANSMITTER 6 7 CK2 COCK (ISOLATION VALVE) 3 FOR OPTIONAL FEATURE SUFFIX ADDED TO CATALOG NUMBER S X46A FLOW CLEAN STRAINER 3 X141 PRESSURE GAUGE \Box RELEASED Α 1 В CK2 COCK (ISOLATION VALVE) 3 CV FLOW CONTROL (OPENING) 1 ADDED С CV FLOW CONTROL (CLOSING) 1 1 X43 "Y" STRAINER D CHECK VALVES WITH COCK 1 INDEPENDENT OPERATING PRESSURE ATMOSPHERIC DRAIN

"THIS DRAWING IS THE PROPERTY OF CLA-VAL CO. AND SAME AND COPIES MADE THEREOF, IF ANY, SHALL BE RETURNED TO IT UPON DEMAND. DELIVERY AND DISCLOSURE HEREOF ARE SOLELY UPON CONDITION THAT THE SAME SHALL NOT BE USED, COPIED OR REPRODUCED, NOR SHALL THE SUBJECT HEREOF BE DISCLOSED IN ANY MANNER TO ANYONE FOR ANY PURPOSE, EXCEPT AS HEREIN AUTHORIZED, WITHOUT PRIOR WRITTEN APPROVAL OF CLA-VAL CO. THIS DRAWING IS SUBBINITED CONFIDENTIALLY AND MAY NOT BE USED IN THE MANUFACTURE OF ANY MATERIAL OR PRODUCT OTHER THAN SUCH MATERIALS AND PRODUCTS FURNSHED TO CLA-VAL CO. WHETHER OR OTHER WISE PROTECTED, FULL TITLE AND COPYRIGHTS, IF ANY, IN AND TO THIS DRAWING AND/OR INFORMATION DELIVERED OR SUBMITTED ARE FULLY RESERVED CLA-VAL CO.

				CVCL 1 ② 3 4			ET 2 OF	
			GLA-VAL VALVE AND MAIN FEATURES	REWPORT BEACH, CALIFORNIA	catalog no. 133-01/633-	_	29852	REV B
		- I TIPE OF		INTERFACE METER	RING VALVE	DESIGN DRAWN CHK'D APV'D	VL CH BF	4-29-98 4-30-98 4-30-98
+	$\frac{1}{1}$			<u>OPERATING</u>	<u>G DATA</u>	-		
		1.	SOLENOID CONTRO OR DE-ENERGIZED	DLS (2A) AND (2B) AI DLS THAT CHANGE PO D BY THE ELECTRONIC GRAPHS DESCRIBE THE	SITION WHEN THE DISTRIBUTION WHEN THE	COILS A ROLLER	RE ENER (4).	
			CONTROL (2B), SO RELIEVES MAIN VA STARTS TO OPEN	RONIC INTERFACE CON OLENOID CONTROL (2A ALVE (1) COVER PRES UNTIL THE ELECTRON DLENOID CONTROL (2B POSITION.	A) IS DE—ÈNERGIZE SURE AND THE MA IIC INTERFACE CON	ED. THIS AIN VALV ITROLLER	S /E (1) R (4)	
			CONTROL (2A), SO APPLIES PRESSUR CLOSING THE MAII	RONIC INTERFACE CON OLENOID CONTROL (2E RE TO THE MAIN VALV N VALVE (1) UNTIL TH DE-ENERGIZES SOLEN	B) IS DE-ENERGIZE E (1) COVER CHAN HE ELECTRONIC INT	ED. THIS MBER WH FERFACE		RTS
DATE			. MANUAL BYPASS	FEATURE:				
RY	5			CK2 COCK (3B) AND OID CONTROL (2B), OF				
EVISION RECORD — DO NOT REVISE MANUALLY DESCRIPTION		III.	MAIN VALVE (1) II CLOSING: MANUALLY OPEN BYPASSES SOLENG DIFFERENTIAL PRE DIFFERENTIAL PRE PRESSURE ACROS ELECTRONIC INTER	CK2 COCKS (3A) AN N AN INTERMEDIATE FOR CK2 COCK (3A) AND OID CONTROL (2A), CLESSURE TRANSMITTER: ESSURE TRANSMITTER: ESSURE TRANSMITTER ESSURE TR	CLOSE CK2 COCK OSING THE MAIN (6) SENSES THE E). THIS TRANSMITS) WHICH USES TH	(3B). T VALVE (1 DIFFEREN S A SIGN	1). TIAL IAL TO T	

POSITION TRANSMITTER (5) TRANSMITS A POSITIONAL SIGNAL FROM THE MAIN VALVE TO THE ELECTRONIC INTERFACE CONTROLLER (4).

IV. POSITION TRANSMITTER:

SHEET

SEE

					CVCL 1 ② 3 4	DIST CODE 002	SHEET 3 0	F 4
			C	CLA-VAL C		CATALOG NO. 133-01/633-01	DRAWING NO. 29852	REV B
_			TYPE OF VALVE	E AND MAIN FEATURES ELECTRONIC IN	TERFACE METERI	NG VALVE	DESIGN	4-29-98 4-30-98 4-30-98
					OPERATING DATA-	-CONTINUED		
				ELECTRONIC INTERFA ELECTRONIC INTERFA SOLENOID CONTROLS IN THE DESIRED POS	ACE CONTROLLER (4) 6, OPENING, CLOSING			
			VI. <u>9</u>	OPTIONAL FEATURE	OPERATING DATA:			
				<u>SUFFIX A (FLOW CLE</u> A SELF—CLEANING S BOSS WHICH PROTEC	TRAINER IS INSTALL			DDY
				SUFFIX B (ISOLATION CK2 COCKS (B) ARE PRESSURE. THESE	USED TO ISOLATE			
1	DAIE			SUFFIX C (CLOSING FLOW CONTROL (C) TURN THE ADJUSTIN SLOWER.	CONTROLS THE CLOS			
\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	מ			SUFFIX D (CHECK VA WHEN OUTLET PRESS (D2) OPENS AND (D PRESSURE INTO THE	SURE IS HIGHER THA 1) CLOSES. THIS D	IRECTS THE HIGHER	ROUTLET	VE
CAD REVISION RECORD — DO NOT REVISE MANUALLY DESCRIPTION	NO		1	SUFFIX F (INDEPEND PILOT SUPPLY PRESS SUPPLY PRESSURE II NOT SPECIFIED.) NO OR GREATER THAN F	SURE IS OBTAINED F S OBTAINED FROM T OTE: INDEPENDENT (ROM AN INDEPEND THE MAIN VALVE IN OPERATING PRESSU	ILET IF SUFFIX RE MUST BE E	(È) IS EQUAL TO
	DESCRIPTION	<u> </u>	F	SUFFIX H (ATMOSPHE PILOT SYSTEM DRAIN SYSTEM DRAIN LINE SUFFIX (H) IS NOT S	LINE IS DISCHARGE IS CONNECTED TO 1			=
	1	SEE SHEE!	F	SUFFIX P (PRESSURE PRESSURE GAUGES (DUTLET AND COVER	P) PROVIDE PRESSU	IRE READING IN TH	E INLET,	
Ē	51							

			CVCL 1 ② 3 4 DIST CODE 002 SHEET 4 OF 4
			CATALOG NO. 133-01/633-01 PRAWING NO. 29852 B
			TYPE OF VALVE AND MAIN FEATURES ELECTRONIC INTERFACE METERING VALVE DESIGN DRAWN VL 4-29-98 CHK'D CH 4-30-98
			APV'D BF 4-30-98
			OPERATING DATA—CONTINUED
			SUFFIX S (OPENING SPEED CONTROL) FLOW CONTROL (S) CONTROLS THE OPENING SPEED OF THE MAIN VALVE. TURN THE ADJUSTING STEM CLOCKWISE TO MAKE THE MAIN VALVE OPEN SLOWER.
			SUFFIX Y (Y-STRAINER) A Y-PATTERN STRAINER IS INSTALLED IN THE PILOT SUPPLY LINE TO PROTECT THE PILOT SYSTEM FROM FOREIGN PARTICLES. THE STRAINER SCREEN MUST BE CLEANED PERIODICALLY.
			VII. <u>CHECK LIST FOR PROPER OPERATION:</u> () SYSTEM VALVES OPEN UPSTREAM AND DOWNSTREAM. () AIR REMOVED FROM THE MAIN VALVE COVER AND PILOT SYSTEM AT ALL
-			HIGH POINTS. () CK2 COCKS (B) & (D3) OPEN DURING NORMAL OPERATION. (OPTIONAL FEATURE). () PERIODIC CLEANING OF STRAINER (Y) IS RECOMMENDED (OPTIONAL FEATURE).
O.A.TE	DAIE		 () CV FLOW CONTROLS (C) AND (S) OPEN AT LEAST 4 TURNS (OPTIONAL FEATURE). () CORRECT VOLTAGE TO SOLENOID CONTROLS (2A) AND (2B). () INDEPENDENT OPERATING PRESSURE CONNECTION PROPERLY CONNECTED.
 	n		(OPTIONAL FEATURE). () CK2 COCKS (3A), (3B) AND (7B) CLOSED DURING NORMAL OPERATION. () CK2 COCKS (7A) OPEN DURING NORMAL OPERATION.
CAD REVISION RECORD - DO NOT REVISE MANUALLY	SEE SHEET 1.		() CK2 COCKS (7A) OPEN DURING NORMAL OPERATION.
	i S		



133-01 Series Metering Valve

Thank you for selection the 133 Series Cla-Val Electronic Valve and Controller to assist automating your system.

This Instruction and Operation Manual addresses a myriad of different applications. For your convenience, the following two pages listing typical control parameters for metering valve applications have been included to assist in programming the controller. Also, a typical wiring diagram for these applications is also included.

For other applications and /or optional control iterations, please refer to the appropriate section of this manual.

Should you require assistance, please contact your local representative or contact us at 949-722-4800 and ask for the Technical Services Department.



VC-22D Electronic Valve Controller



Installation Operation Maintenance Manual



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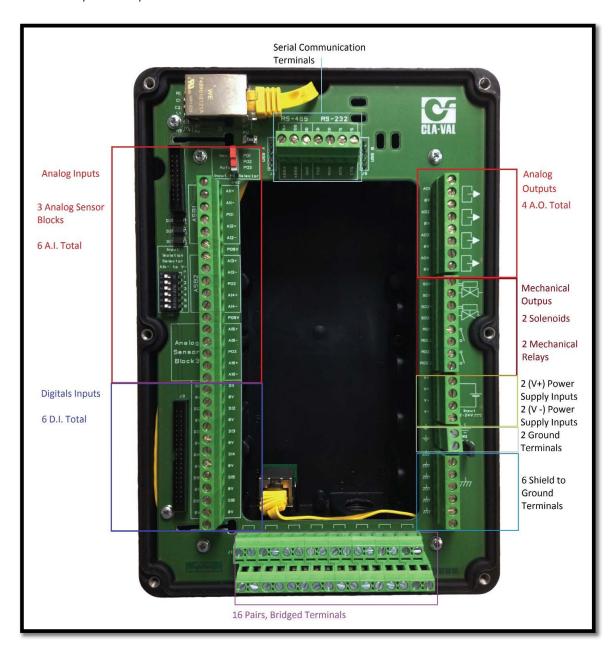
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1 Electrical & Physical Details

- 1.1 Physical Details
- 1.1.1 Input / Output Board



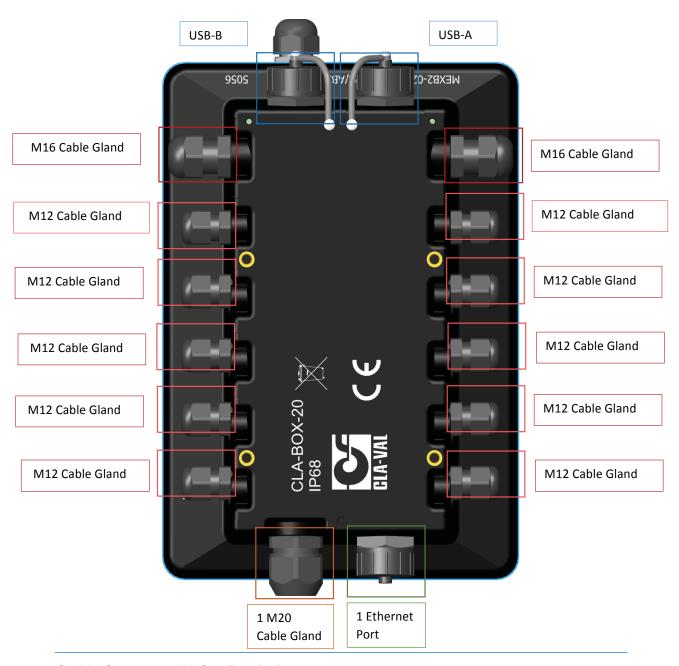
VC-22D Specifications

Component	Specification Details		
	Enclosure		
Enclosure Material	Flame retardant UL rated PC/ABS plastic		
Enclosure Connections	M16/M20 Cable ; IP-68 Cable Glands		
Enclosure Connections	IP-68 USB Type A & Type B Connection, IP-68 Ethernet Port		
Environmental	IP-68, 2 meters for 48 hours		
Enclosure Dimensions	8.75" (223 mm) H x 6" (153 mm) W x 3.5" (89 mm) D		
Enclosure Weight	3 lbs. (1.37 kg)		
Mounting Bracket	Anodized Aluminum - Standard		
	Power Requirement		
Power	300 mA @ 24VDC (Steady State)		
Fuse Type	3A Fuse recommended		
	Display		
Display Type	4.3" Color TFT-LCD, 480 x 272 pixels		
Display Update Rate	100ms		
Programming Method	Mechanical Push Button; VNC		
Password	5 digit		
	Mass Data Storage		
Type	2GB SD Card		
Language	English		
Humidity	90% RH, non-condensing		
Power Input	12-24VDC - Full Function (standard) or optional power supply		
Memory Protection	10-year lithium battery		
·	Input Logging		
Configurable	Yes		
Logging Speed	1 minute		
Output	CSV format suitable for exporting to MS Excel		
·	Inputs		
Analog	(6) Inputs (4-20mA / 0-5 V / 0-10 V)		
Resolution	10 bit		
Digital	(6) digital inputs (Dry contact)		
Units	Configurable		
Decimal Point	0/0.0/0.00/0.000		
Signal Filter	Configurable 1 to 60 seconds		
Totalizer	Configurable input and units		
Totalizer Reset	Yes		
I/O Connection	Screw Terminals		
	Outputs		
Analog	(4) Outputs (4-20mA)		
Resolution	10 bit		
Solenoid	(2) Solid State Relay (DC), Zero Switching Voltage • For AC Solenoids, use PC-22D Power Converter		
Relay	(2) Mechanical Relay, Rated Voltage 250VAC, Rated Current 6A		
	Control Parameters		
Control Input	4-20mA full scale / 0-5 V / 0-10V / digital (dry contact		
Proportional Band	0-100% (50% default) adjustable in 1% increments • Independently for opening and closing		
Dead Band	Adjustable 0 to full scale of set-point signal		
Cycle Time	0 to 60 seconds in 1 sec. increments		
Integral Band	Adjustable 0 to 60 seconds		
Derivative Band	Adjustable 0 to 60 seconds Adjustable 0 to 60 seconds		
Loop Zoning	Adjustable up to (4) zones		
PID Loops 4 Configurable			
Temperature Range			
Working Temperature	-10 to 70° C • 14°F to 158°F		
Storage Temperature	-30 to 85° C • -22°F to 185°F		

1.1.2 Cable Glands / Sizes / Locations

1.1.2.1 Multi-Conductor Cable Size / Wire Gauge

- NOTE: To preserve IP68 the following must be utilized
- M12 Multi-Conductor Cable Size Range: 0.12" 0.26" (3mm-6.0mm)
- M16 Multi-Conductor Cable Size Range: 0.20" 0.39" (5mm-10mm)
- M20 Multi-Conductor Cable Size Range: 0.24" 0.47" (5mm-13mm)



1.1.2.2 Ethernet

Ethernet Port





The Ethernet port (left) accepts standard Ethernet cables (right).

1.1.2.3 USB-A and USB-B





USB-A slot:

The USB-A slot (left) accepts standard USB Flash Drives (right).

USB-B slot:





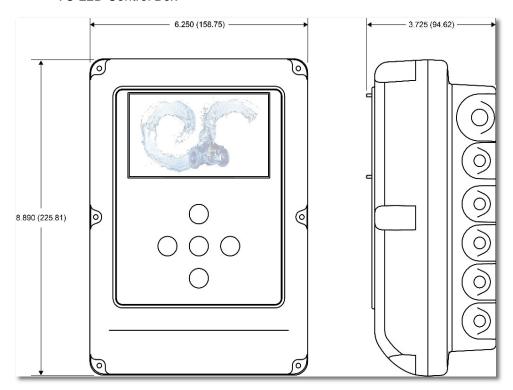
The USB-B slot (left) accepts standard USB-B connector cables (right).

1.2 Physical Mounting

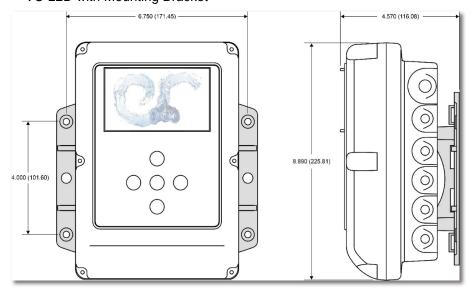
1.2.1 Overall Dimensions

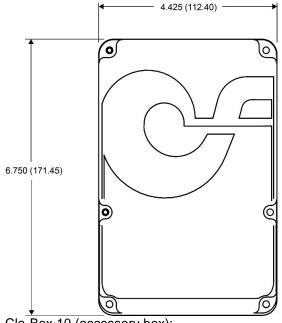
For all drawings below, units are in Inches (mm).

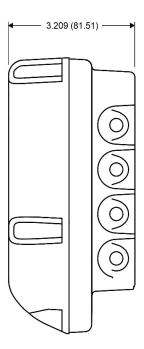
VC-22D Control Box



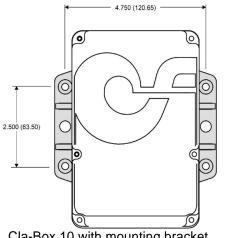
• VC-22D with Mounting Bracket

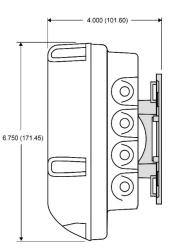






Cla-Box 10 (accessory box):

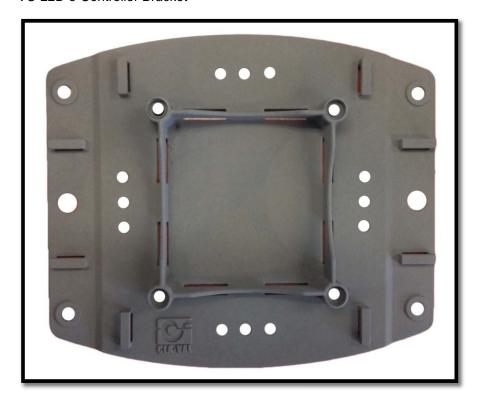




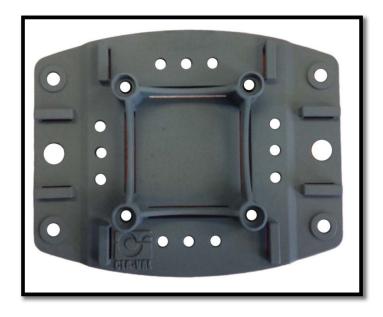
Cla-Box 10 with mounting bracket

1.2.2 Universal Bracket

VC-22D e-Controller Bracket

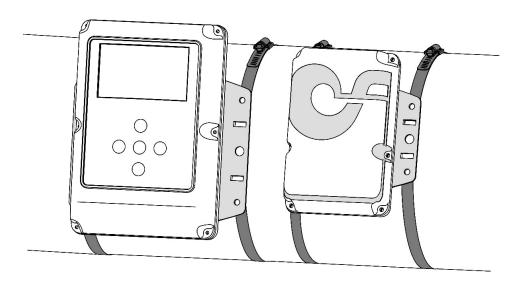


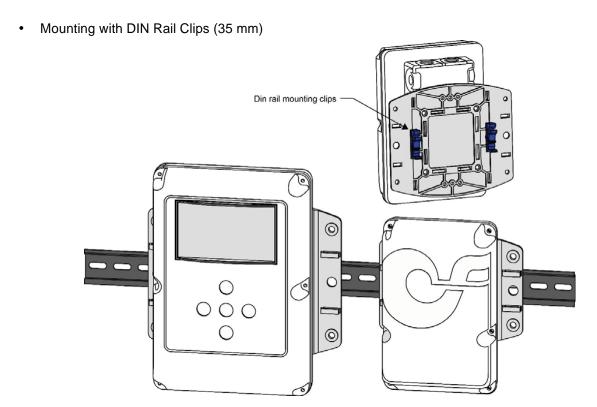
Cla-Box 10



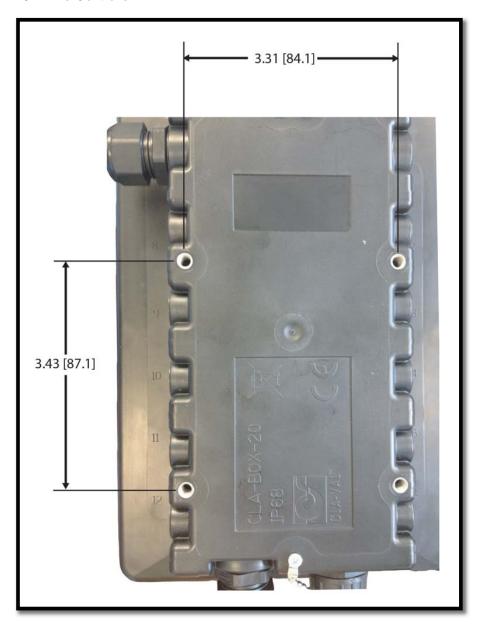
1.2.3 Mounting Options

• Mounting on a horizontal pipe.

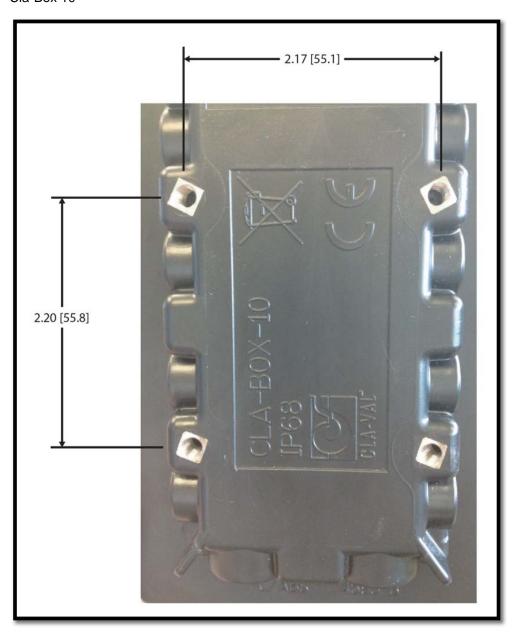




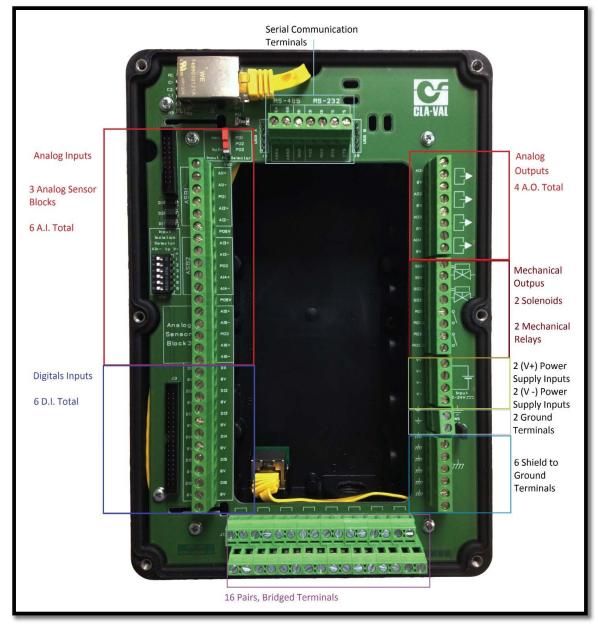
1.2.4 Bolt pattern VC-22D e-Controller



Cla-Box 10



1.3 Hardware Inputs/Outputs (I/O)



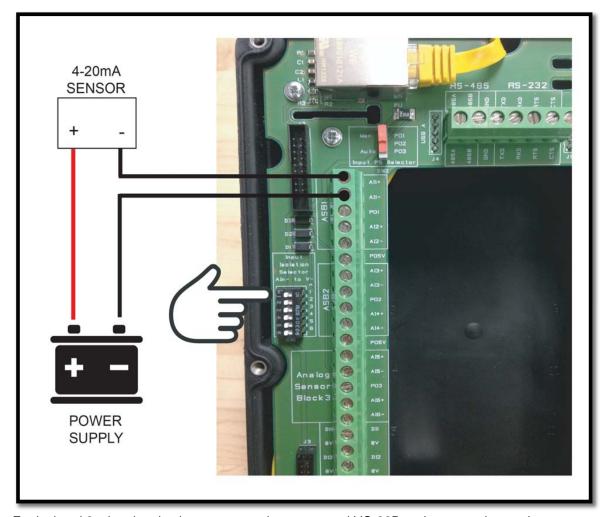
Analog Inputs (AI): 6

Digital Inputs (DI): 6

Analog Outputs (AO): 4

Mechanical Outputs: Solenoid Outputs: 2, Contact Closures (mechanical relays): 2

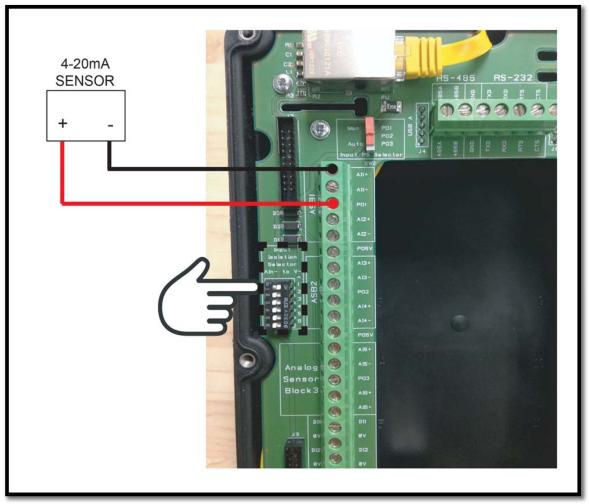
- 1.4 Wiring 4-20mA Sensors
- 1.4.1 2-wire 4-20mA Sensor (Loop Power)
- 1.4.1.1 2-wire (externally powered)



For isolated 2-wire signals, the power supply, sensor and VC-22D makes a continuous loop, allowing the current to be measured by the VC-22D. For isolated signals, ensure that the "Isolation Selector Switch" is set to the <u>LEFT</u> or "<u>OFF</u>".

Examples: Mag Meter

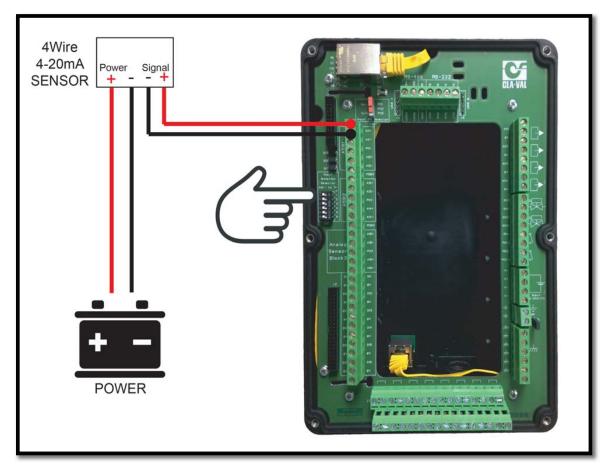
1.4.1.2 2-wire (internally powered)



For non-isolated signals, the VC-22D provides the power for the sensor and makes a continuous loop, allowing the current to energize the sensor and then be measured by the VC-22D. For non-isolated signals, ensure that the "Isolation Selector Switch" is set to the **RIGHT** or "**ON**".

Examples: X144 e-FlowMeter, pressure transducer.

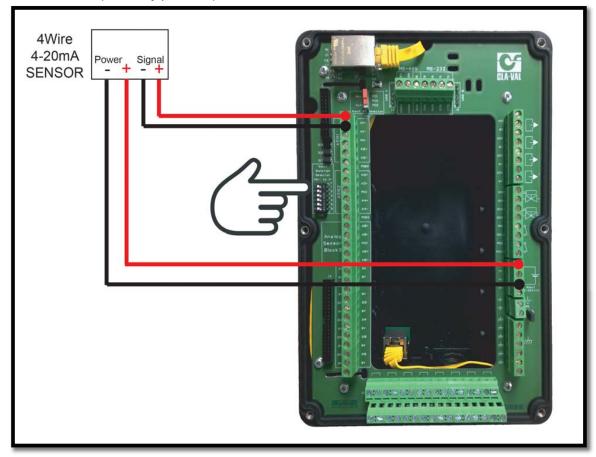
1.4.2 4-wire 4-20mA Sensor



1.4.2.1 4-wire (externally powered)

For 4-wire signals, the Sensor is externally powered usually using 2 wires. The two signal wires coming from the sensor are then measured by the VC-22D in the Analog Input section of the terminal board. For 4-wire signals, ensure that the "Isolation Selector Switch" is set to the <u>LEFT</u> or "<u>OFF</u>"..

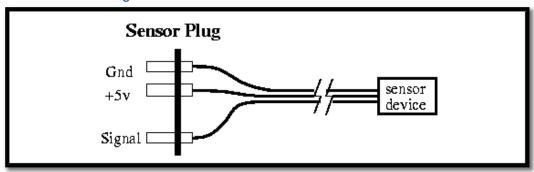
1.4.3 1.4.3.1 4-wire (internally powered)



For 4-wire internally powered signals, the sensor is powered directly from the main VC-22D power supply terminals. The two signal wires coming from the sensor are then measured by the VC-22D in the Analog Input section of the terminal board. For isolated signals, ensure that the "Isolation Selector Switch" is set to the <u>LEFT</u> or "<u>OFF</u>".

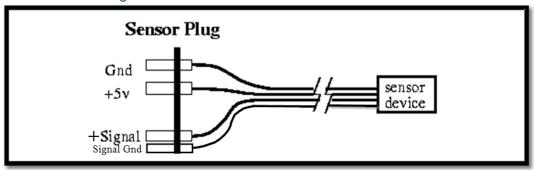
1.5 Voltage Sensor

1.5.1 3-wire Voltage Sensor



Most Voltage sensors have 3 wires. Two for the power supply, and one for the signal out. 1. (+) power supply voltage. 2. (-) ground. 3. (+) signal voltage.

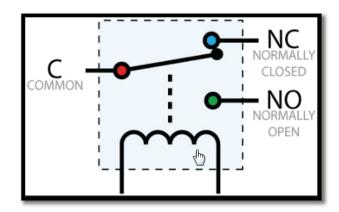
1.5.2 4-wire Voltage Sensor



Some voltage sensors have 4 wires, in case there is a need for isolation on the signal lines. In that case, they will be configured as shown above. 1. (+) power supply voltage. 2. (-) ground. 3. (+) signal voltage. 4. (-) signal ground.

1.6 Digital Inputs



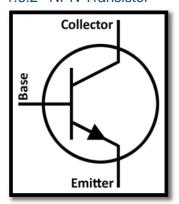


1.6.1 Mechanical Relay

A mechanical relay can be used as a digital input because the state is either open (1) or closed (0). Depending on how the input is configured, action can be taken when this mechanical switch closes or opens.

Typical application: position/limit/proximity/level switch.

1.6.2 NPN Transistor



An NPN transistor can be used as a digital input because the state is either open (V+) or closed (V-). Depending on how the input is configured, action can be taken when this NPN transistor switches state.

Typical applications: digital pulse output from flow meter or register counter.

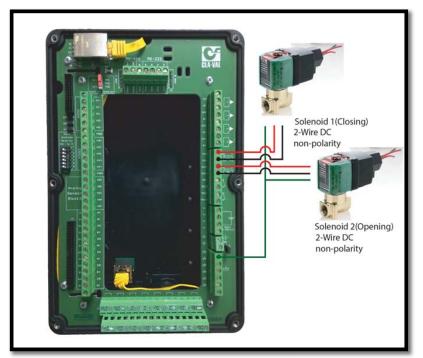
1.7 Outputs Solenoids

1.7.1 DC Solenoids

ASCO Red Hat - Next Generation, Electronically Enhanced Solenoid Valves



Electrical (Standard): 12-24 VDC; 100-240 VAC / 50-60 Hz



Pressure Rating: 410 PSI

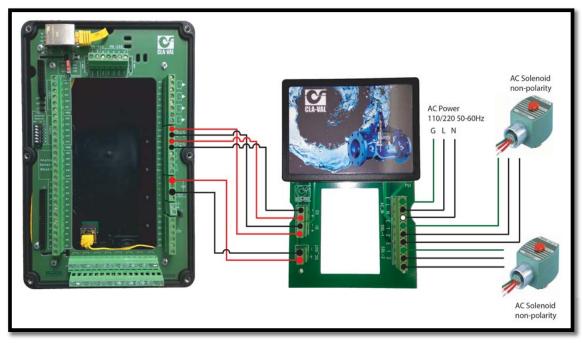
The ASCO solenoids do not have polarity so connect each of the red wires to the terminals (both wires to SO1 or to SO2; do not mix SO1 and SO2).

1.7.2 AC Solenoids

ASCO Red Hat



Electrical (Standard): 120VAC 50/60Hz

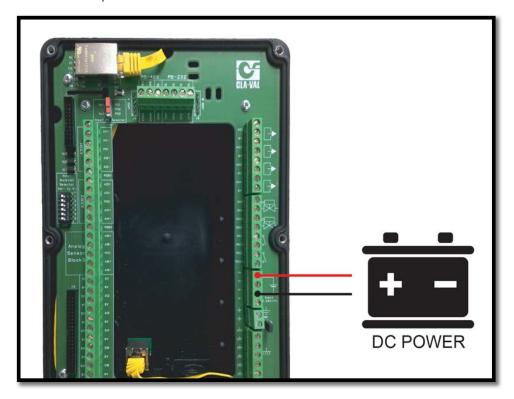


Pressure Rating: 350 PSI

The VC-22D outputs DC signals to switch the solenoids. If the application calls for AC solenoids, then be sure to use the AC/DC Power Supply Assy to connect AC solenoids. ASCO solenoids do not have polarity so connect each of the red wires to the terminals (both wires to SO1 or to SO2; do not mix SO1 and SO2).

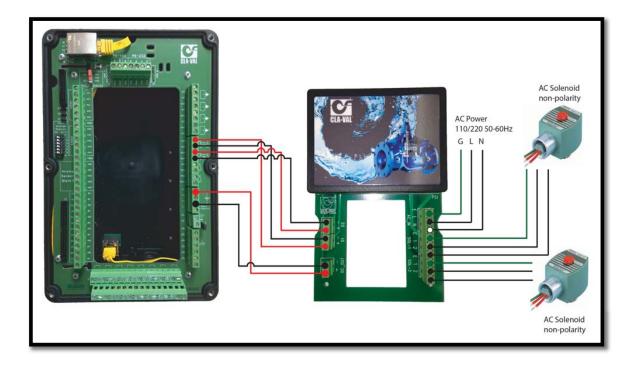
1.8 Power Supply Options

1.8.1 DC Input Power



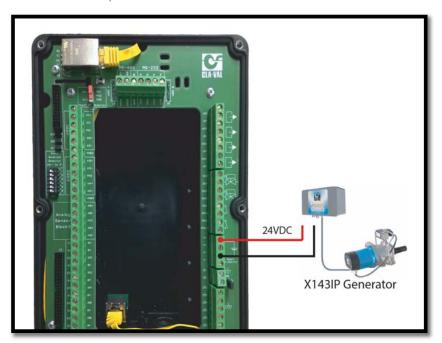
The VC-22D will accept 12-24 VDC, and requires up to 36 watts of power at peak functionality.

1.8.2 AC/DC Converter

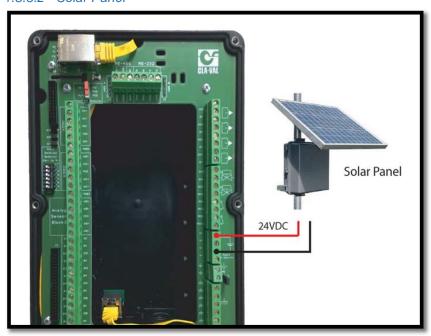


1.8.3 Alternative Power supplies

1.8.3.1 X143IP (e-Power IP



1.8.3.2 Solar Panel



1.9 Wiring Troubleshooting

Check the wiring connections first. 90% of electronics problems arise from mistakes in the wiring. Use the continuity function of the meter to check and make sure that A connect to B.

If mistakes are made during the wiring, for example Al2 was wired in place of Al1, their
positions can be rearranged using the Input configuration menus instead of re-wiring all
of the inputs.

2 Navigation

2.1 Basic Button Functionality

2.1.1 Button Descriptions

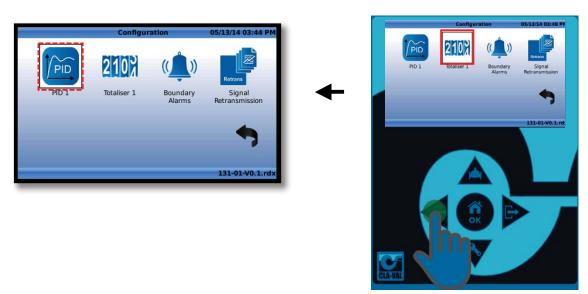
- Home/Ok
- Left/Input
- Right/Output
- Up/Valve Configuration
- Down/Settings

Other Icons in this manual

- Short Click (less than 1 second)
- Long Click (more than 1 second)

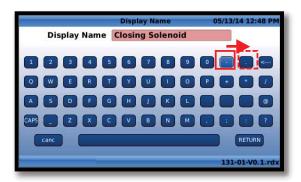
2.1.2 Short Click - less than 2 seconds

- is "Ok" or "Select" when used as a (short click)
- when used as a , the cursor moves to the left

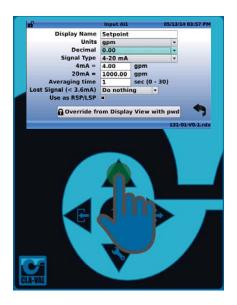


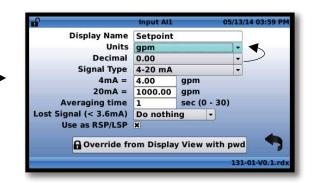
- when used as a , the cursor moves to the right.



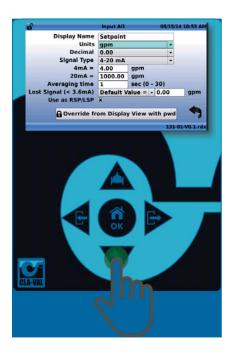


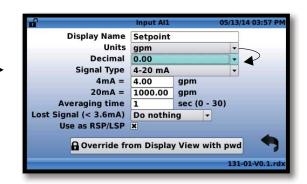
• when used as a , the cursor moves up.



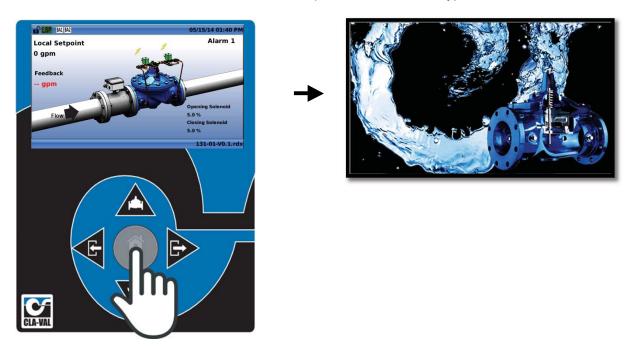


- when used as a , the cursor moves down.





2.1.3 Extended Click – more than 5 seconds (Home/Ok button only)



• Extended click will put the VC-22D into sleep mode.

2.2 Button Destinations

2.2.1 Home/Ok - Long Click - Return to Home Screen



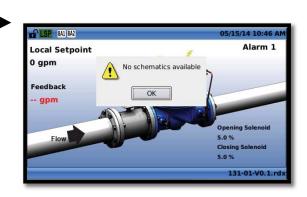


2.2.2 Up/Valve Configuration

2.2.2.1 Short Click - View Valve Information (from Home Screen)

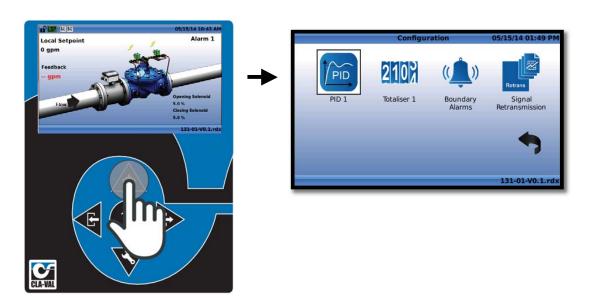
• From the home screen, on the button navigates to the "Valve Information" screen.





2.2.2.2 Long Click - Enter Valve Configuration Menu (from Home Screen)

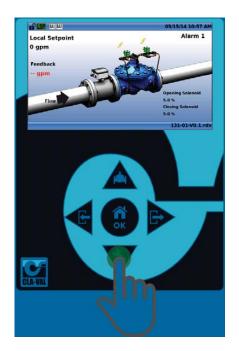
• From the home screen, a (long click) on the navigates to the "Valve Information" screen.

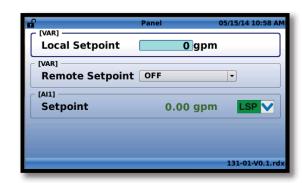


2.2.3 Down/Settings

2.2.3.1 Short Click – View Display panel (from Home Screen)

• From the home screen, a on the navigates to the "Display Panel" screen.





2.2.3.2 Long Click – Enter Settings Menu (from Home Screen)

From the home screen, a on the



navigates to the Settings Menu.

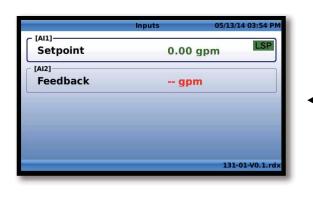




2.2.4 Left/Input

2.2.4.1 Short Click – View Input Information (from Home Screen)

• From the home screen, a on the navigates to the "Inputs" screen.

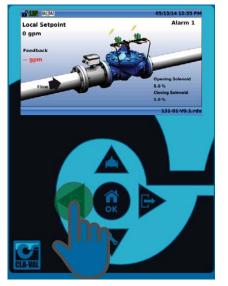




2.2.4.2 Long Click – Enter Input Configuration Menu (from Home Screen)

• From the home screen, a on the navigates to the "Configure Inputs" screen.





2.2.5 Right/Output

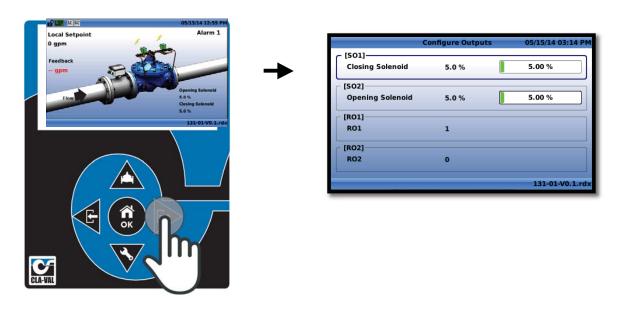
2.2.5.1 Short Click – View Output Information (from Home Screen)

navigates to the "Outputs" screen. From the home screen, a



2.2.5.2 Long Click – Enter Output Configuration Menu (from Home Screen)

From the home screen, a navigates to the "Configure Outputs" screen.

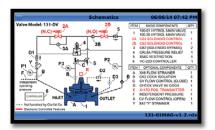


BA1

BA2

2.3 Menu Locations

2.3.1 Information Screens



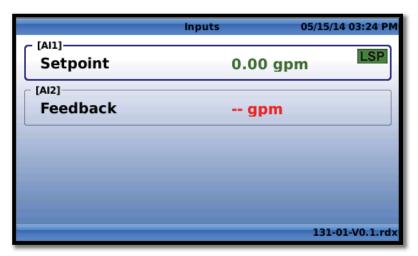








2.3.1.1 Inputs



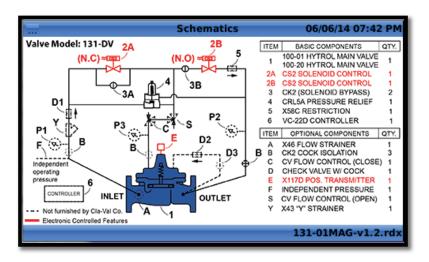
The **Inputs** menu displays all of the activated inputs in current use by the selected ValveApp.

2.3.1.2 Outputs



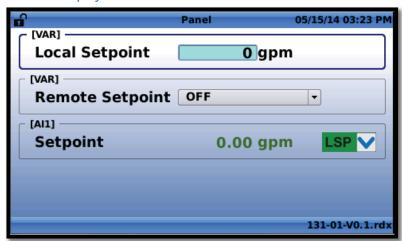
The **Outputs** menu displays all of the activated inputs in current use by the selected ValveApp.

2.3.1.3 Schematics



The <u>Schematics</u> menu displays all of the schematics and support material for a given ValveApp.

2.3.1.4 Display Panel



The **<u>Display Panel</u>** displays all of the activated inputs and variables in current use by the selected ValveApp.

2.3.2 Configuration Menus



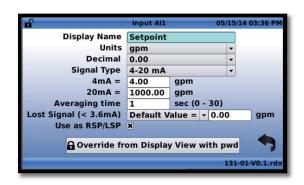








2.3.2.1 Input Configuration Menu







Input Field Descriptions

Display Name: Use this field to choose a unique name for each input.

Units: Choose from the available units of:

- (gpm) Gallon per minute [flow];
- (mgd) Mega Gallons per day [flow];
- (cfm) Cubic Feet per minute [flow];
- (cfs) Cubic feet per second [flow];
- (I/min) Liter per minute [flow];
- (I/s) Liter per second [flow];
- (m3/h) Cubic meters per hour [flow];
- (MI/d) Mega liters per day [flow];
- (Imp gpm) Imperial Gallons per minute [flow];
- (bar) Bar [pressure];
- (kPa) Kilopascals [pressure];
- (Mhd) Mega Hectares per day [flow];
- (psi) Pounds per square inch [pressure];
- (m) Meters of water [pressure];
- (in) Inches of water [pressure];
- (ft) Feet of water [pressure];
- (%) Percentage [unit-less];
- (h) Hours [time];
- (min) Minutes [time];
- (s) Seconds [time];
- (gal) Gallons [volume];
- (mg) Mega gallons [volume];
- (cf) Cubic feet [volume];
- (I) Liters [volume];
- (m3) Cubic meters [volume];
- (MI) Mega liters [volume];
- (mA) Milliamps [electrical flow];
- (Volt) Volts [electrical potential];

Decimal: select from available decimal places:

- 0
- 0.0
- 0.00

Signal Type: select from available signal types (to be updated to include more signal types in the future):

4-20 mA

4mA = : Set the value of the input at 4 mA; usually this will correspond to a value of 0.

Input Field Descriptions (continued)

20mA = : Set the value of the input at 20 mA; this should correspond to the maximum measured value.

Averaging Time: Select a filter length between 1 and 30 seconds. This will average the input over the selected time in order to "smooth" out any transience in the input signal.

Lost Signal (<3.6mA): This menu designates which action the controller will take in the event that a signal falls below 3.6mA, usually when there is a power outage or when the 4-20mA loop has been broken.

- Default Value: this option of the pull down menu allows the user to input a value to be inserted when the 4-20mA input signal has been lost.
- Keep Value: this option of the pull down menu allows the user to specify that the last input value received by the controller will be the value that is used once the signal is lost.
- Do nothing: this option of the pull down menu will specify that no action is taken by the controller when an input signal is lost.

Use as RSP/LSP: When this box is checked, the input is treated as an RSP/LSP – Remote Set Point / Local Set Point. This allows the input to be seen in the Display Panel (short click down -

+) and allows Actions to be taken when the Remote Set Point is changed or overridden.

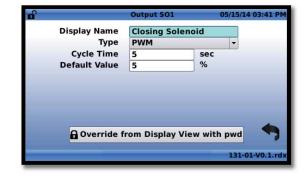
Override from Display View with pwd: This toggle button allows the input to be overridden from the information screen without a password.

2.3.2.2 Output Configuration Menu

Output SO







Input Field Descriptions

Display Name: Use this field to choose a unique name for each output.

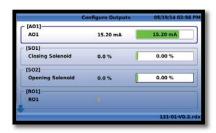
Type: -- PWM – Pulse Width Modulation: this is the industry trade name for the management of pulses sent to the opening/closing solenoids.

-- Digital 1/0 – Specifies that the output is either open or closed for the time specified in the boxes below.

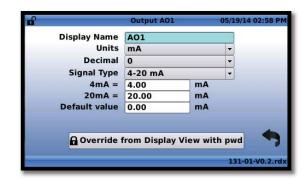
Cycle Time: The amount of time for one complete cycle of action for the opening/closing solenoid.

Default Value: The default active time of the solenoid during the cycle.

Override from Display View with pwd: This toggle button allows the output to be overridden from the information screen without a password.







Output AO:

Input Field Descriptions

Display Name: Use this field to choose a unique name for each input.

Units: Choose from the available units of:

- (gpm) Gallon per minute [flow];
- (mgd) Mega Gallons per day [flow];
- (cfm) Cubic Feet per minute [flow];
- (cfs) Cubic feet per second [flow];
- (I/min) Liter per minute [flow];
- (I/s) Liter per second [flow];
- (m3/h) Cubic meters per hour [flow];
- (MI/d) Mega liters per day [flow];
- (Imp gpm) Imperial Gallons per minute [flow];
- (bar) Bar [pressure];
- (kPa) Kilopascals [pressure];
- (Mhd) Mega Hectares per day [flow];
- (psi) Pounds per square inch [pressure];
- (m) Meters of water [pressure];
- (in) Inches of water [pressure];
- (ft) Feet of water [pressure];
- (%) Percentage [unit-less];
- (h) Hours [time];
- (min) Minutes [time];
- (s) Seconds [time];
- (gal) Gallons [volume];
- (mg) Mega gallons [volume];
- (cf) Cubic feet [volume];
- (I) Liters [volume];
- (m3) Cubic meters [volume];
- (MI) Mega liters [volume];

Input Field Descriptions (continued)

- (mA) Milliamps [electrical flow];
- (Volt) Volts [electrical potential];

Decimal: select from available decimal places:

- 0
- 0.0
- 0.00

Signal Type: select from available signal types (to be updated to include more signal types in the future):

4-20 mA

4mA = : Set the value of the input at 4 mA; usually this will correspond to a value of 0.

20mA = : Set the value of the input at 20 mA; this should correspond to the maximum measured value.

Default Value: When the 4-20mA loop is broken, this is the value that is used.

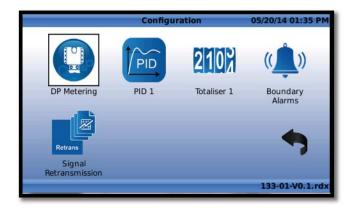
Override from Display View with pwd: This toggle button allows the input to be overridden from the information screen without a password.

2.3.2.3 Valve Configuration Menu

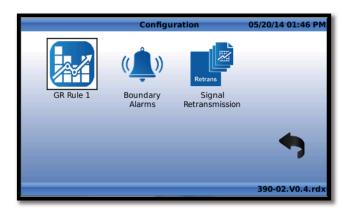
131 Application



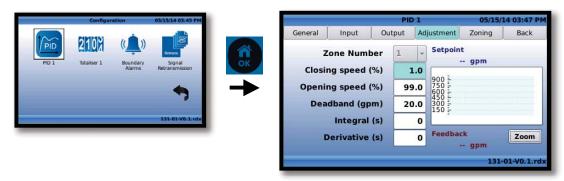
133 Application



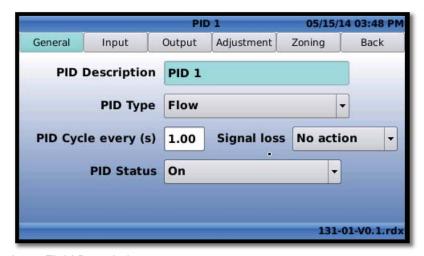
390 Application



2.3.2.3.1 PID Menu



2.3.2.3.1.1 General Tab



Input Field Description

PID Description: Use this field to choose a unique name for each PID loop.

PID Type: Designate what type of control is being used.

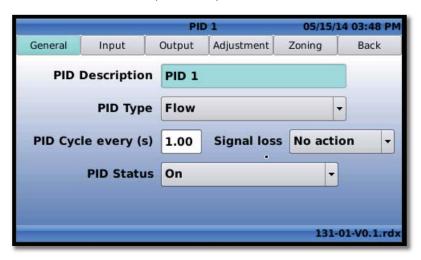
- Flow control using flow SetPoint and Feedback
- Pressure control using pressure SetPoint and Feedback
- Level control using level SetPoint and Feedback
- % control using percentage open (of the valve) SetPoint and Feedback
- Analog control using flow SetPoint and Feedback

PID Cycle every (s): This field designates how often the calculation will be done to determine the appropriate action to be taken with the output solenoids.

Signal loss: This field designates what action the controller will take when there is a loss of signal on the Remote Set Point (RSP). The options are:

- No Action
- Open 100% (Open Valve 100%)
 Close 100% (Close Valve 100%)

2.3.2.3.1.1 General Tab (continued)



Input Field Description

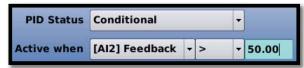
PID Status: The user may configure a PID loop, but not activate it until the appropriate time. The choices are:

- On
- Off
- Conditional
 - When the "Conditional" option is chose, an additional field appears and prompts the user to specify when the PID should be active. The following field is shown:

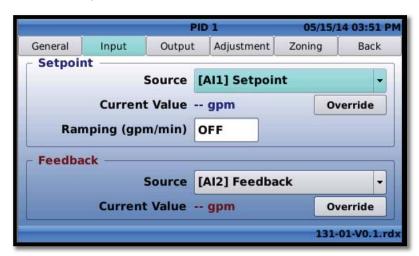


0

- The PID loop can be configure to be active Always, or when one of the inputs meets a certain condition. In this case, use the pull down menu that is defaulted to "Always" to select the appropriate input, then use the pull down menu to the right to select an operator, such as the Greater than sign (>), then specify a value.
- Example: the following PID loop has been set to be conditional active, only when the Feedback [AI2] is greater than 50.00 gpm.



2.3.2.3.1.2 Input Tab



Input Field Description

Setpoint Section

Source: designates which input is to be used as the SetPoint for the PID loop.

Current Value: shows the *live* current value of that input.

Override: allows the user to input an override value from this menu rather than having to go back to the input information or input configuration screens – this can be helpful when commissioning a system for the first time.

Ramping (gpm/min): when the set point changes rapidly (either by Remote Set Point changes or Local Set Point (override) changes).

Feedback Section

Source: designates which input is to be used as the feedback for the PID loop.

Current Value: shows the *live* current value of that input.

Override: allows the user to input an override value from this menu rather than having to go back to the input information or input configuration screens – this can be helpful when commissioning a system for the first time.

2.3.2.3.1.3 Output Tab



Input Field Description

Output: designates what type of output solenoids are used. Pick in the dropdown menu from the following:

- NC/NC NC = Normally Closed (Closing Sol / Opening Sol)
- NO/NO NO = Normally Open (Closing Sol / Opening Sol)
- NO/NC Normally Open (Closing Sol) / Normally Closed (Opening Sol)
- NC/NO Normally Closed (Closing Sol) / Normally Open (Opening Sol)
- Linear 4-20mA will vary the Analog Output (4-20mA) according to the PID loop

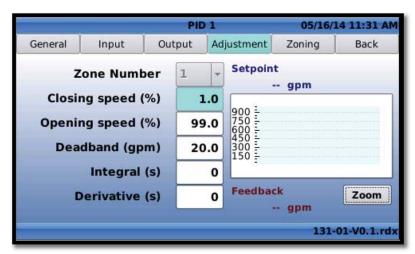
Valve Closing: designates which of the solenoid outputs [SO1] or [SO2] will be used to close the valve.

Cycle Time (s): designates the total cycle of action for the "Valve Closing" solenoid.

Valve Opening: designates which of the solenoid outputs [SO1] or [SO2] will be used to open the valve.

Cycle Time (s): designates the total cycle of action for the "Valve Closing" solenoid.

2.3.2.3.1.4 Adjustment Tab



Input Field Description

Zone Number: Designates which PID loop is being adjusted; at any time, up to 4 PID loops may be used.

Closing Speed (%): designates how quickly the valve will be able to close. 1% is the slowest possible, 99% is the fastest possible. NOTE: actual time to close will depend on the hydraulic conditions.

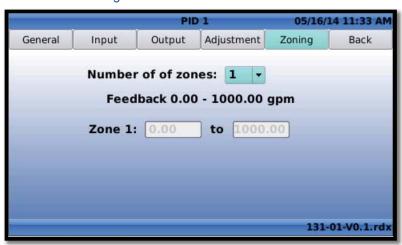
Opening Speed (%): designates how quickly the valve will be able to open. 1% is the slowest possible, 99% is the fastest possible. NOTE: actual time to open will depend on the hydraulic conditions.

Deadband (gpm): designates where the controller will take no action because it is close to the SetPoint. Example: if the setpoint is 100 GPM and the deadband is set at 10 GPM, then the controller will take no action on the feedback value from 110 GPM to 90 GPM.

Integral (s): This value is used for fine tuning of very sensitive systems. It is not recommended that this be used without contacting Cla-Val Technical Support.

Derivative (s): This value is used for fine tuning of very sensitive systems. It is not recommended that this be used without contacting Cla-Val Technical Support.

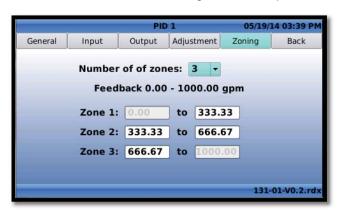
2.3.2.3.1.5 Zoning Tab



Input Field Description

Number of zones: designates how many PID zones are to be created.

**NOTE: When multiple PID loops are created, the active region for each are designated by an equal division of the total feedback range: see example below.



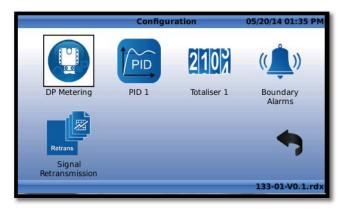
The active region for zones 1, 2 and 3 are each one third of the total feedback range. These values can be specified by changing the values in each zone, according to the needs of the user.

Zone 1: designates the top of the range for zone 1. (bottom range is bounded by the low level of the feedback scale).

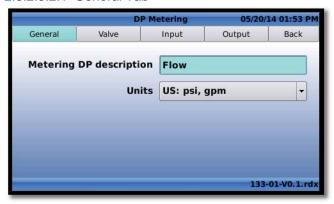
Zone 2: designates the bottom and top range for zone 2.

Zone 3: designates the bottom range for zone 3 (top of the range is bounded by the high level of the feedback scale).

2.3.2.3.2 DP Metering Menu



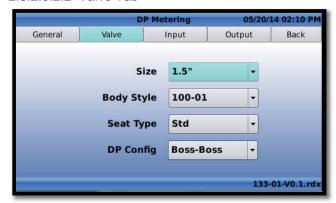
2.3.2.3.2.1 General Tab



Metering DP description: designate the name of the Metering function – Default: "Flow".

Units: designate what units set you would like to use - Default: "US: psi, gpm".

2.3.2.3.2.2 Valve Tab



Size: designate the size valve that is being used. Options are:

- 1.5"
- 2"
- 3"
- 4"
- 6"
- 8"
- 10"
- 12"
- 14"
- 16"
- 18"
- 20"
- 24"30"
- 36"

Body Style: designate the body style of the valve. Options are:

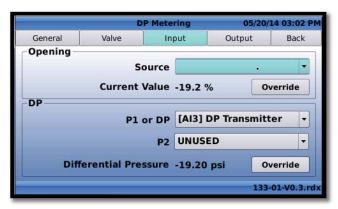
- 100-01 Full Port
- 100-20 Reduced Port

Seat Type: designate the type of seat of the valve. Options are:

- Std Standard Seat
- KO Anti-Cavitation Trim
- KOL Anti-Cavitation Lite Trim
- LFS Low Flow Trim

DP Config: designate the location of the pressure transducers. Options are:

- Boss-Boss Pressure transducers located on the valve.
- Pipe-Pipe Pressure transducers located on the pipe.



2.3.2.3.2.3 Input Tab

Valve Opening

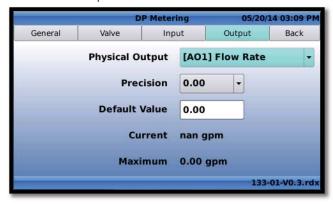
Source: designate the appropriate AI for the position transmitter – Default: "[AI2] Pos. Trans"

DP

P1 or DP: designate if the DP signal comes from P1-P2 or from a DP transmitter. Select appropriate AI for either the P1 or the DP transducer – Default: "[AI3] DP".

P2: if using P1-P2 for DP signal, designate AI for P2 – Default: "UNUSED".

2.3.2.3.2.4 Output Tab



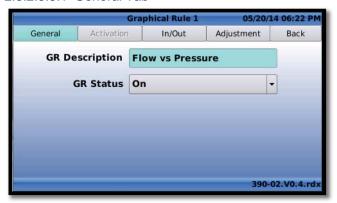
Physical Output: designate which output should be used for the calculated flow signal – Default: "[AO1] Flow Rate".

Precision: designate how many decimal places should be used for the calculated flow rate – Default: "0.00".

Default Value: designate the default value – Default: "0.00".

2.3.2.3.3 Custom Control Curves Menu

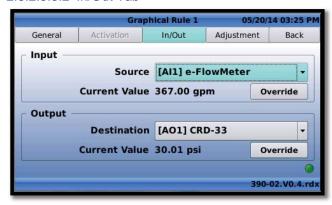
2.3.2.3.3.1 General Tab



GR Description: designate a name for the custom control curve – Default: "Flow vs Pressure".

GR Status: designate whether the control curve is On or Off – Default: "On"

2.3.2.3.3.2 In/Out Tab



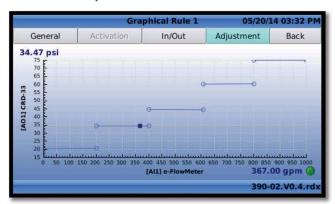
Input

Source: designate the input flow signal location – Default: "[Al1] e-FlowMeter".

Output

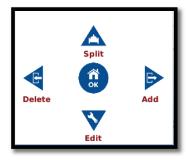
Destination: designate the analog output location for the motorized control – Default: "[AO1] CRD-33".

2.3.2.3.3.3 Adjustment Tab



This screen describes the relationship between the input on the X-axis (in this case, Flow) and the output on the Y-axis (in this case, Pressure). This screen describes that as the flow increases, the CRD-33 will step the pressure up according to the graph. This example shows a stepped approach, but a single line could also be used if a smooth relationship between flow and pressure is required.

Using the keys, navigate between each of the points on the screen. While on a point, click to arrive at the following menu:

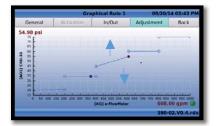


Using the functionality of these tools, many shapes and custom curves can be created to tailor each specific application to the customer's unique needs. See below for a detailed explanation of how to use each of the tools to make changes to the standard curve.

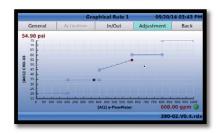
• Use the then button to split a point, shown below: After the point is split, it can be moved up or down using the and buttons.



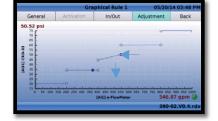




• Use the button to edit a point, see below. After it is in "edit" mode, it can be moved from left to right using the keys, and up and down using the and keys. See below for details:

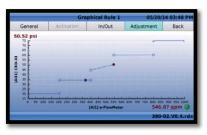




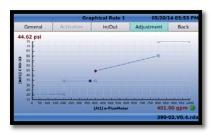


• Use the then button to add a poin

• Use the button to delete a point.





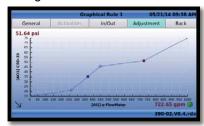


The point that was selected in the screen on the left is now gone, having been replaced by a solid line between the points to the left and right.

When there have been two points that have been split, they can be merged together by

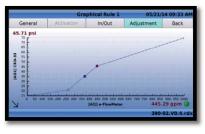
navigating to one of the two split points, then clicking then bu



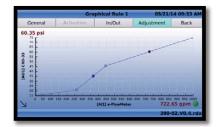


The two split points were merged together again.

• Use the button to add a point





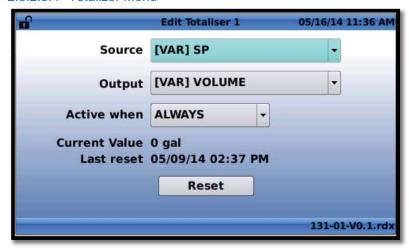


A point was added between the right most point and the next left point. Use the



function to change the position of this point.

2.3.2.3.4 Totalizer Menu



Input Field Description

Source: designates which input should be used as the source for the totalizer count.

Output: designates where the total should be sent after it is calculated.

Active when: designates when the totalizer should be active.

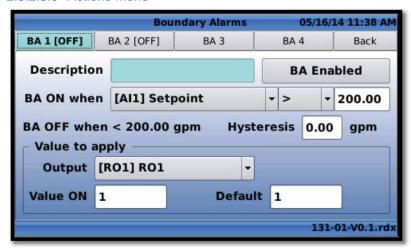
- Always: the totalizer will always be on.
- [Al1]: Conditional based on input; example below:



This totalizer is set to be active when the [AI1] Setpoint is greater than 10.00

Reset: This toggle button resets the totalizer to zero.

2.3.2.3.5 Actions Menu



Input Field Description

Description: Use this field to choose a unique name for each input.

A Enabled: designates that this action is enabled or disabled.

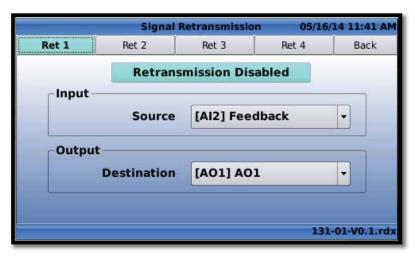
A ON when: conditional field that designates when this action is "ON", according to the value and operator used.

Output: designates which of the outputs to take action on.

Value ON: designates the value to apply to the selected output.

Default: designates the default value of that action – which will be applied while the action is in the "OFF" state.

2.3.2.3.6 Retransmission Menu

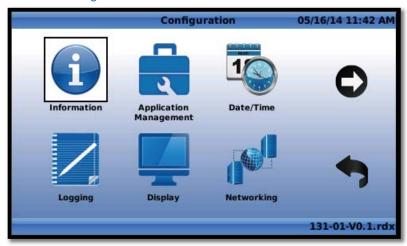


Input Field Description

Source: designates which of the analog inputs are to be copied.

Destination: designates which of the analog outputs are to be used to retransmit the selected input.

2.3.2.4 Settings Menu

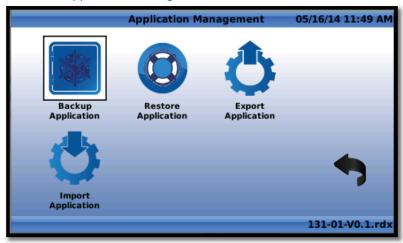


2.3.2.4.1 Information Page



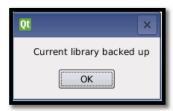
Device information page provides unique identifying information for each VC-22D, as well as displays the current software revisions for the internal operating systems.

2.3.2.4.2 Application management Menu

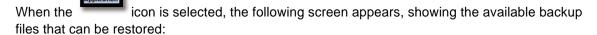


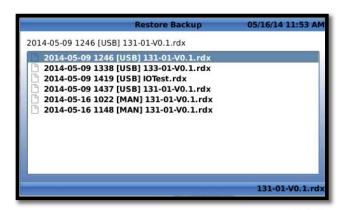
2.3.2.4.2.1 Backup Application

When the is selected, the following dialog box appears, which verifies that the .rdx file has been saved to the internal SD memory card:



2.3.2.4.2.2 Restore Application





Select the appropriate file to restore, then click . The following dialog box will appear to confirm your choice:



Select "Yes" to restore to the chosen backup file. Select "No" to cancel the backup.

From the Restore Backup Screen, click the



button to return to the previous menu.



(long click) on the button to return to the main menu and cancel out of the menu.

2.3.2.4.2.3 Export Application

In order to use the functionality of the Export Application Function, ensure that a USB Flash drive is inserted into the USB-A Slot in the VC-22D

When the is selected, the following screen appears to show the directory of the USB drive inserted into the VC-22D.



• Click the button to export to the USB drive main directory. The following dialog box will appear to confirm the selection:



- Select "Yes" to export to the chosen .rdx file. Select "No" to cancel the export.
- From the Export to USB Screen, click the button to return to the previous menu.

(long click) on the button to return to the main menu and cancel out of the menu.

Export Application

If the selected without a USB drive inserted into the USB-A slot, the



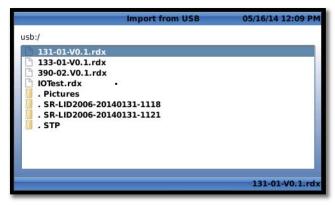
following dialog box will appear:

2.3.2.4.2.4 Import Application

In order to use the functionality of the Export Application Function, ensure that a USB Flash drive is inserted into the USB-A Slot in the VC-22D

When the is selected, the following screen appears to show the directory of the USB drive inserted into the VC-22D.

Click the button to export to the USB drive main directory. The following dialog



box will appear to confirm the selection:



- Select "Yes" to import the chosen .rdx file. Select "No" to cancel the import.
- From the Import from USB screen, click the button to return to the previous menu.

(long click) on the button to return to the main menu and cancel out of the menu.



If the is selected without a USB drive inserted into the USB-A slot, the



following dialog box will appear:

2.3.2.4.3 Date/Time Menu





- select to set the date.



- select to set the time.



- select to set the time zone.



- select to set the NTP Server address (if applicable).



- select to set the language and date/time format.





Select to enter the log configuration menu.



The most important parameter in this nenu is log interval. This field determines now often a record is taken. The fastest og interval is 1 minute. By default all configured I/O is logged.

Select to export log files to USB drive.

Choose the log files to export:

Log files for the last 24 hours
Log files for the last 7 days
Log files for the last 30 days
All log files

All log files

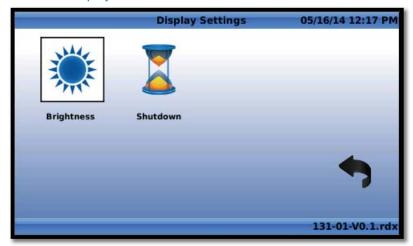
131-Flow-Mag.v1.0.rdx

Choose from one of the following options

&

select to export. Confirm a USB drive is installed before exporting.

2.3.2.4.5 Display Menu

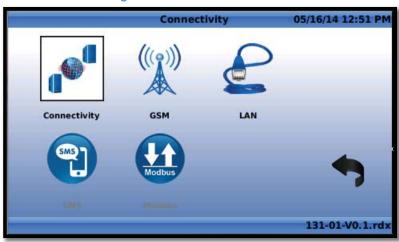




- select to set the screen brightness %. 100% is maximum, 1% is minimum.

- select to set the shutdown time. 0 is the default value and will keep the system on all the time.

2.3.2.4.6 Networking menu



- allows the user to input address information for a LAN (Land Area Network) connection.

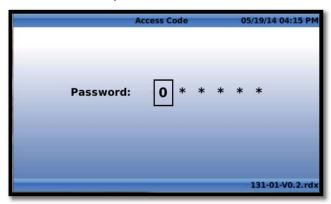
In order to access the extra Settings Menus, select the button, which will navigate to page 2 of the Settings menu.





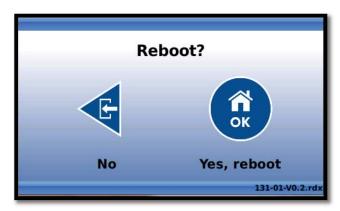


2.3.2.4.7 Security Menu



Allows the user to enter a unique password.

Default password is **000000**.



2.3.2.4.8 Reboot Button

Allows the user to reboot the VC-22D.

- Click to cancel the reboot
- Once the system reboots, it will take approximately 45-120 seconds to restart.

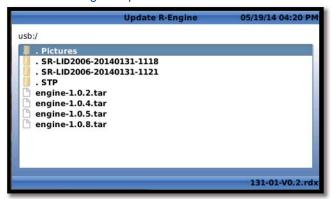


to confirm the reboot.

2.3.2.4.9 Advanced Menu

2.3.2.4.9.1 Engine Update

menu.



• If a USB Flash drive is inserted into the USB-A slot, then the VC-22D will show the contents of that drive. Navigate to the selected ".tar" file and click

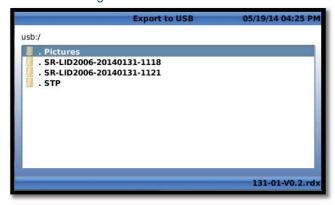
NOTE: there must be a USB Flash Drive attached to the VC-22D with a ".tar" file in order for the system to accomplish "Engine Update".

• From the Import from USB screen, click the button to return to the previous menu.

(long click) on the button to return to the main menu and cancel out of the

^{**}Warning: there is no confirmation screen associated with this feature, so only click on the selected ".tar" file when ready to perform the engine update.

2.3.2.4.9.2 Diag - USB



This feature allows the user to export a log file to an inserted USB Flash Drive. From this menu, click and the file will be written to the current directory. The following dialog box will appear to confirm the export; Select "Yes" or "No".



2.3.2.4.9.3 Factory Reset



When the reconstruction is chose, the following dialog box will appear to confirm or cancel the factory reset: **WARNING - Choosing "YES" will erase all configured Inputs, Outputs and PID settings and return the VC-22D to factory conditions.***



From the Import from USB screen, click the



button to return to the previous menu.

button to return to the main menu and cancel out of the

After the factory reset has taken place, the following screen will appear to prompt the next choice:



button to load from the internal library. When the proper file has been selected, the following screen will appear to confirm the choice.



button to load from an attached USB Flash Drive. When the proper file

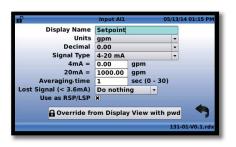


has been selected, the following screen will appear to confirm the choice.

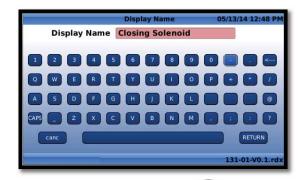
The VC-22D will restart and the application will be loaded upon startup of the system.

2.4 In-Menu Navigation

2.4.1 Keyboard functionality







- Letter Selection use arrow keys to navigate to letters and then press to selected each letter.
- Deleting text navigate to button and press to delete letters.
- Capital Letter (CAPS) Selection select and press. The CAPS button will become red. Now all of the text in the window will come in ALL CAPITAL LETTERS.



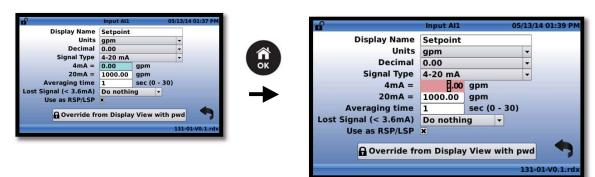


Accept text – navigate to the RETURN button and press to accept the text

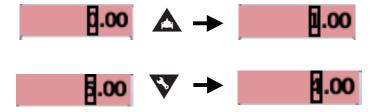
Alternately, long hold (more than 2 seconds) on will also accept the text.

Cancel text changes – navigate to cancel text changes.

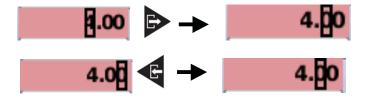
2.4.2 Numeral selection



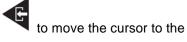
- Press to enter the numeral selection field.
- Use and to increase and decrease the selected numeral.



• Use and to move the cursor to the left and right, respectively.



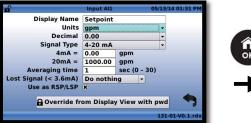
To add digits to the left of the current maximum use the



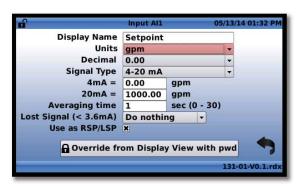


To accept changes, select to return to exit field.

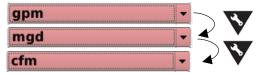
2.4.3 Drop-down menu

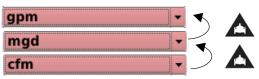






to navigate up and down the options in the drop down menu.

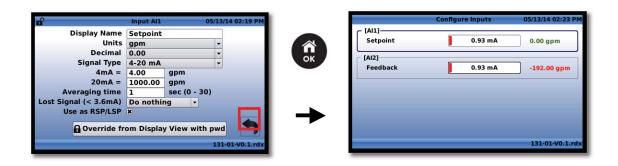




- Short click to accept the selection.
- will escape to Home Screen and cancel any selections.

etc...

2.4.4 "Back" Arrow



Navigate to

Navigate to return to the previous screen.

3 Applications

The following list shows the current available ValveApps that are included in each VC-22D.

Application Title	File Name (Max 38 Characters)	Thumbnail – Image
Flow Control - Flow Feedback	131-Flow-Mag.v1.0.rdx	عالم المالية
Flow Control - e-FlowMeter (X144) Feedback	131-Flow- X144.v1.0.rdx	
Flow Control - DP Metering and Position Feedback	133-Flow- DP+Pos.v1.2.rdx	
Flow Control - P1-P2 Metering and Position Feedback	131-Flow-P1- P2+Pos.v1.0.rdx	
Altitude Control – Modulating Level and Position Feedback	131-TankHeight- X117D.v1.0.rdx	
Altitude Control – Modulating Level and e-FlowMeter (X144) Feedback	131-TankHeight- X144.v1.0.rdx	
Position Control – Position Feedback	131-Pos- X117D.v1.0.rdx	

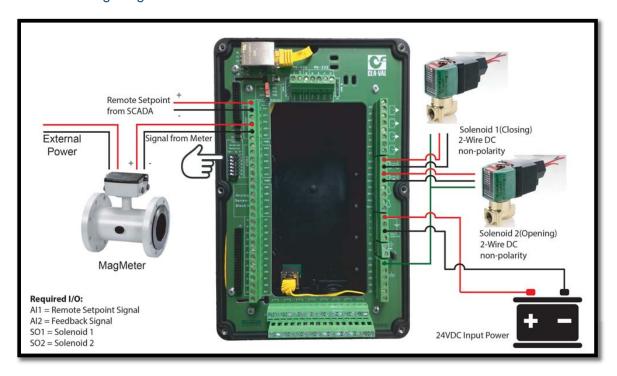
Applications (continued)

Downstream Control – Downstream Feedback	131- DownstreamPressure- P2v.1.0.rdx	:
Upstream Control – Upstream Feedback	131- UpstreamPressure- P1.v1.0.rdx	
Downstream Pressure Management Control – e-FlowMeter (X144) Set Point	390- PressureManagment- CRD33v.1.0.rdx	
Downstream Pressure Control + Set Point	390- DownstreamPressure- CRD33.v1.0.rdx	

3.1 131-01 Example: Control with Flow Feedback

This section will walk through the entire process of setting up and tuning a typical 131-01: Control with Flow Feedback Application.

3.1.1 Wiring Diagram



Inputs:

- SetPoint (4-20mA): from SCADA panel. Position: Al1+, Al1-
- Feedback (4-20mA); from Mag Meter. Position Al2+, Al2-

Outputs:

- SO1 (solenoid output): closing solenoid. Position SO1+, SO1-
- SO2 (solenoid output): opening solenoid. Position SO2+, SO2-
- Retransmission of feedback: (optional, not shown on wiring diagram). Position AO1, 0V

Power Input:

• 12-24 VDC. Position V+, V-

3.1.2 Home Menu Explanation



Images

• The home screen image will show the basic configuration of the application. The 131 application is a 100-01 Hytrol, with 2 solenoids to control closing and opening of the main valve. There is also a Mag Meter pictured which will provide the feedback signal.

Text

- Labels always black describes the type of input being displayed directly below it.
- Color coded values below are dynamic and display the actual value being measured.
 - o **Black** text shows that the value is within normal limits
 - o **Green** text shows that the value is being used as a Local Set Point (LSP)
 - o Blue text shows that the value has been manually overridden.
 - o Red text shows that the value is outside of normal limits.
 - Orange text shows that the value is being overridden on by an Action.

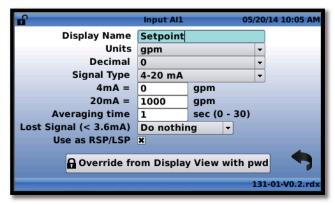
<u>Icons</u>

- shows that that the password protection has been disabled (upper left).
- shows that the Local Set Point (LSP) is currently active (upper left).
- shows that Remote SetPoint (RSP) is currently active (upper left).
- III Shows that an Action #1 is "Enabled" but "OFF" (upper left).
- 2 shows that an Action #2 is "Enabled" and "ON" (upper left).
- shows which solenoid is receiving active, according the configured PID loop (above Valve).
- 05/19/14 05:05 PM shows the current date and time (upper right).

• 131-01-v0.2.rdx - shows the current loaded ValveApp ".rdx" file (lower right).

3.1.3 Input Configuration

3.1.3.1 Input AI1 - Setpoint



Display Name: designate a name for the input – Default: "SetPoint".

Units: designate the flow units - Default: "gpm".

Decimal: designate the desired resolution on the units - Default: "0".

Signal Type: designate the desired signal type – Default: "4-20mA".

4mA: designate the desired 4mA scale - Default: "0".

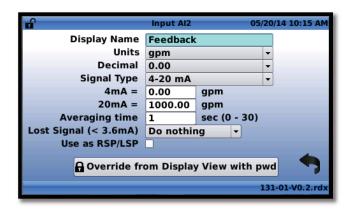
20mA: designate the desired 20mA scale - Default: "1000".

Averaging time: designate the desired filter time – Default: "1".

Lost Signal: designate action to be taken by VC-22D when the input signal is lost – Default "Do nothing".

Use as RSP/LSP: designate whether the input is to be used as RSP/LSP - Default "checked".

3.1.3.2 Input Al2 - Feedback



Display Name: designate a name for the input – Default: "Feedback".

Units: designate the flow units - Default: "gpm".

Decimal: designate the desired resolution on the units - Default: "0".

Signal Type: designate the desired signal type – Default: "4-20mA".

4mA: designate the desired 4mA scale - Default: "0".

20mA: designate the desired 20mA scale - Default: "1000".

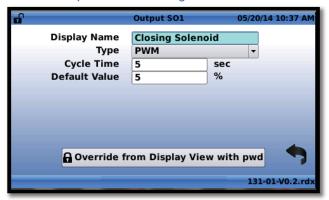
Averaging time: designate the desired filter time - Default: "1".

Lost Signal: designate action to be taken by VC-22D when the input signal is lost – Default "Do nothing".

Use as RSP/LSP: designate whether the input is to be used as RSP/LSP – Default "unchecked".

3.1.4 Output Configuration

3.1.4.1 Output SO1 - Closing Solenoid



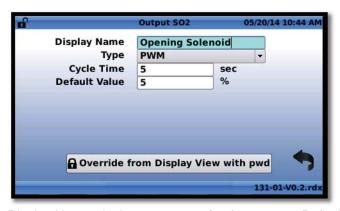
Display Name: designate a name for the output – Default: "Closing Solenoid".

Type: designate a type of output – Default: "PWM".

Cycle Time: designate a cycle time for the output action – Default: "5".

Default Value: designate an active time within the Cycle Time – Default: "5".

3.1.4.2 Output SO2 – Opening Solenoid



Display Name: designate a name for the output – Default: "Opening Solenoid".

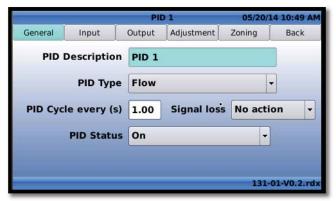
Type: designate a type of output – Default: "PWM".

Cycle Time: designate a cycle time for the output action – Default: "5".

Default Value: designate an active time within the Cycle Time – Default: "5".

3.1.5 PID Configuration

3.1.5.1 General Tab



PID Description: designate name of PID control loop – Default: "PID 1".

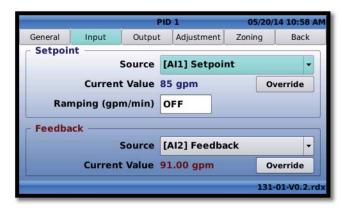
PID Type: designate type of PID control loop – Default: "Flow".

PID Cycle: designate time for one calculation cycle – Default: "1.00"

Signal loss: designate appropriate action when the SetPoint signal is lost - Default: "No action".

PID Status: designate whether the PID control loop should be active - Default: "On".

3.1.5.2 Input Tab



Setpoint

Source: designate the appropriate source for the SetPoint - Default: "[Al1] Setpoint".

Ramping: designate the appropriate ramping between setpoint changes - Default: "Off".

Source

Source: designate the appropriate source for the Feedback – Default: "[Al2] Feedback".

3.1.5.3 Output Tab



Output Type: designate the appropriate arrangement for the solenoids – Default: "NC/NC".

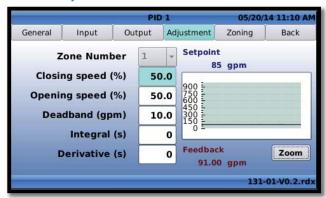
Valve Closing: designate which solenoid should be used to close the valve – Default: "[SO1] Closing Solenoid".

Cycle Time: designate the cycle time for closing solenoid action - Default: "5".

Valve Opening: designate which solenoid should be used to open the valve – Default: "[SO1] Opening Solenoid".

Cycle Time: designate the cycle time for opening solenoid action – Default: "5".

3.1.5.4 Adjustment Tab



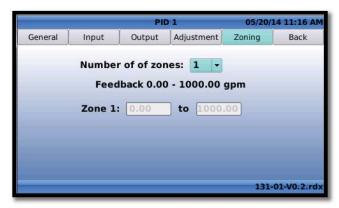
Closing Speed: If the valve is reacting too fast and causing overshoot, reduce this number. If the valve is reacting to changes to slowly, increase this number – Default: "50.0".

Opening Speed: If the valve is reacting too fast and causing overshoot, reduce this number. If the valve is reacting to changes to slowly, increase this number – Default: "50.0".

Deadband: designate where the valve is to be at rest by setting the deadband – Default: "10.0".

Integral and Derivative: don't use these unless you contact Cla-Val Technical Support – Default: "0".

3.1.5.5 Zoning Tab



Number of zones: designate number of zones for PID control loop – Default: "1".

3.1.6 Extra Feature Configuration

3.1.6.1 Retransmission



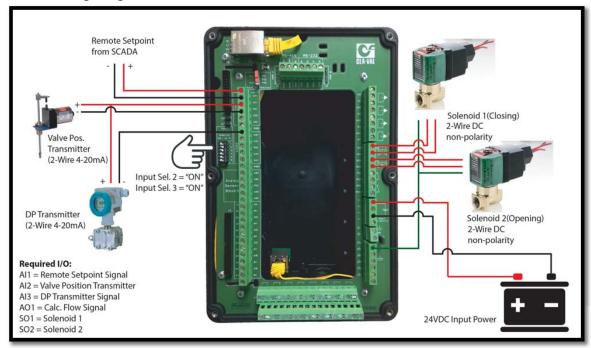
Retransmission Toggle: designate if the Retransmission should be enabled – Default: "Disabled"

Input: designate input signal to retransmit – Default: "[Al2] Feedback".

Output: designate the output to use for retransmission – Default: "[AO1]"

3.2 133-01 Example: Metering Valve with DP and Position Feedback

3.2.1 Wiring Diagram



Inputs:

- SetPoint (4-20mA): from SCADA panel. Position: Al1+, Al1-
- Feedback (4-20mA); from Valve Position Transmitter. Position: PO1, Al2+.
- Feedback (4-20mA); from Differential Pressure Transmitter. Position: PO1 (or PO2), Al3+

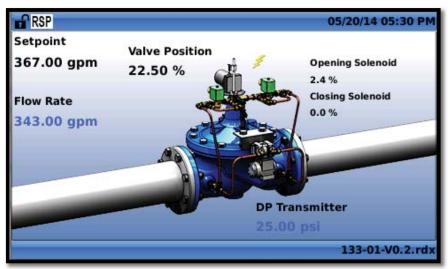
Outputs:

- SO1 (solenoid output): closing solenoid. Position SO1+, SO1-
- SO2 (solenoid output): opening solenoid. Position SO2+, SO2-
- Output of Calculated Flow Signal: (optional, not shown on wiring diagram). Position AO1,
 0V

Power Input:

• 12-24 VDC. Position V+, V-

3.2.2 Home Menu Explanation



<u>Images</u>

• The home screen image will show the basic configuration of the application. The 133 application is a 100-01 Hytrol, a position transmitter, a differential pressure transducer, and 2 solenoids to control closing and opening of the main valve.

Text

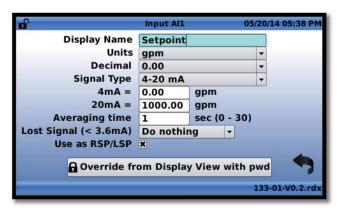
- Labels always black describes the type of input being displayed directly below it.
- Color coded values below are dynamic and display the actual value being measured.
 - o Black text shows that the value is within normal limits
 - o Green text shows that the value is being used as a Local Set Point (LSP)
 - Blue text shows that the value has been manually overridden.
 - Red text shows that the value is outside of normal limits.
 - o Orange text shows that the value is being overridden on by an Action.

Icons

- shows that that the password protection has been disabled (upper left).
- LSP shows that the Local Set Point (LSP) is currently active (upper left).
- RSP shows that Remote SetPoint (RSP) is currently active (upper left).
- III shows that an Action is "Enabled" but "OFF" (upper left).
- shows that an Action is "Enabled" and "ON" (upper left).
- shows which solenoid is receiving active, according the configured PID loop (above Valve).
- 05/19/14 05:05 PM shows the current date and time (upper right).
- 133-01-v0.1-rdx shows the current loaded ValveApp ".rdx" file (lower right).

3.2.3 Input Configuration

3.2.3.1 Input AI1 - Setpoint



Display Name: designate a name for the input - Default: "SetPoint".

Units: designate the flow units - Default: "gpm".

Decimal: designate the desired resolution on the units - Default: "0".

Signal Type: designate the desired signal type – Default: "4-20mA".

4mA: designate the desired 4mA scale - Default: "0".

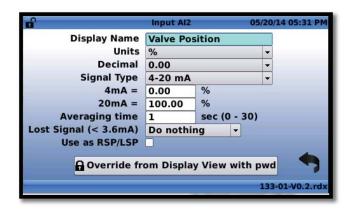
20mA: designate the desired 20mA scale - Default: "1000".

Averaging time: designate the desired filter time – Default: "1".

Lost Signal: designate action to be taken by VC-22D when the input signal is lost – Default "Do nothing".

Use as RSP/LSP: designate whether the input is to be used as RSP/LSP – Default "checked".

3.2.3.2 Input Al2 - Valve Position



Display Name: designate a name for the input – Default: "Valve Position".

Units: designate the flow units - Default: "%".

Decimal: designate the desired resolution on the units – Default: "0".

Signal Type: designate the desired signal type - Default: "4-20mA".

4mA: designate the desired 4mA scale - Default: "0".

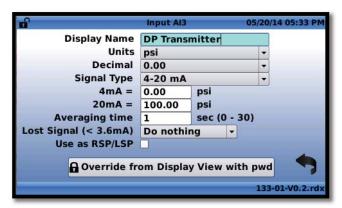
20mA: designate the desired 20mA scale - Default: "100".

Averaging time: designate the desired filter time – Default: "1".

Lost Signal: designate action to be taken by VC-22D when the input signal is lost – Default "Do nothing".

Use as RSP/LSP: designate whether the input is to be used as RSP/LSP – Default "unchecked".

3.2.3.3 Input AI3 – DP Transmitter



Display Name: designate a name for the input – Default: "DP Transmitter".

Units: designate the flow units - Default: "psi".

Decimal: designate the desired resolution on the units - Default: "0".

Signal Type: designate the desired signal type – Default: "4-20mA".

4mA: designate the desired 4mA scale - Default: "0".

20mA: designate the desired 20mA scale - Default: "100".

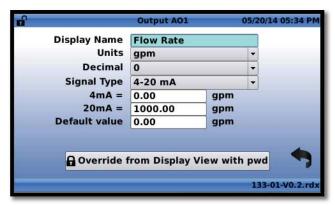
Averaging time: designate the desired filter time - Default: "1".

Lost Signal: designate action to be taken by VC-22D when the input signal is lost – Default "Do nothing".

Use as RSP/LSP: designate whether the input is to be used as RSP/LSP – Default "unchecked".

3.2.4 Output Configuration

3.2.4.1 Output AO1 – Flow Rate



Display Name: designate a name for the output – Default: "Flow Rate".

Units: designate the flow units - Default: "gpm".

Decimal: designate the desired resolution on the units – Default: "0.00".

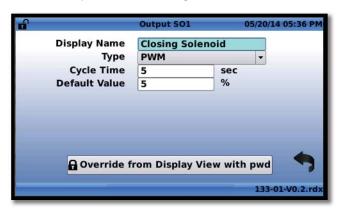
Signal Type: designate the desired signal type – Default: "4-20mA".

4mA: designate the desired 4mA scale - Default: "0".

20mA: designate the desired 20mA scale - Default: "1000".

Default value: designate the desired default value – Default: "0.00".

3.2.4.2 Output SO1 – Closing Solenoid



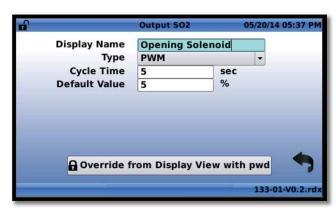
Display Name: designate a name for the output – Default: "Closing Solenoid".

Type: designate a type of output – Default: "PWM".

Cycle Time: designate a cycle time for the output action – Default: "5".

Default Value: designate an active time within the Cycle Time - Default: "5".

3.2.4.3 Output SO2 - Opening Solenoid



Display Name: designate a name for the output – Default: "Opening Solenoid".

Type: designate a type of output – Default: "PWM".

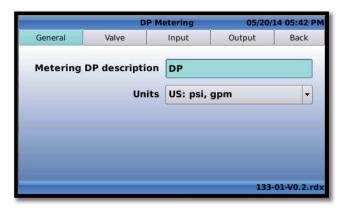
Cycle Time: designate a cycle time for the output action – Default: "5".

Default Value: designate an active time within the Cycle Time – Default: "5".



3.2.5 DP Metering

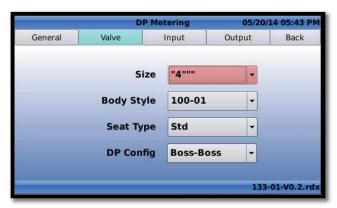
3.2.5.1 General Tab



Metering DP Description: designate a name for the function – Default: "DP".

Units: designate a units set - Default: "US: psi, gpm"

3.2.5.2 Valve Tab

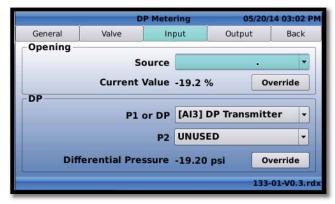


Size: designate the size of the valve - Default: "4"".

Body Style: designate the body style of the valve - Default: "100-01"

Seat Type: designate the type of seat of the valve - Default: "Std"

DP Config: designate the location of the DP pressure transducer bosses (or P1-P2 pressure transducers) – Default: "Boss-Boss".



3.2.5.3 Input Tab

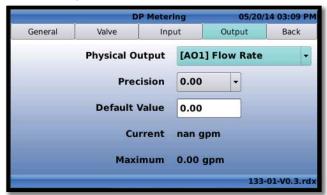
Valve Opening

Source: designate the appropriate AI for the position transmitter – Default: "[AI2] Pos. Trans" *DP*

P1 or DP: designate if the DP signal comes from P1-P2 or from a DP transmitter. Select appropriate AI for either the P1 or the DP transducer – Default: "[AI3] DP".

P2: if using P1-P2 for DP signal, designate AI for P2 – Default: "UNUSED".

3.2.5.4 Output Tab



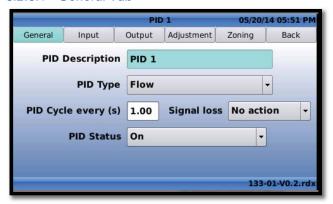
Physical Output: designate which output should be used for the calculated flow signal – Default: "[AO1] Flow Rate".

Precision: designate how many decimal places should be used for the calculated flow rate – Default: "0.00".

Default Value: designate the default value - Default: "0.00".

3.2.6 PID Configuration PID Configuration

3.2.6.1 General Tab



PID Description: designate name of PID control loop - Default: "PID 1".

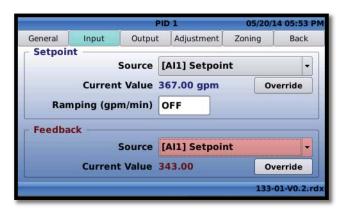
PID Type: designate type of PID control loop – Default: "Flow".

PID Cycle: designate time for one calculation cycle - Default: "1.00"

Signal loss: designate appropriate action when the SetPoint signal is lost - Default: "No action".

PID Status: designate whether the PID control loop should be active - Default: "On".

3.2.6.2 Input Tab



Setpoint

Source: designate the appropriate source for the SetPoint – Default: "[Al1] Setpoint".

Ramping: designate the appropriate ramping between setpoint changes - Default: "Off".

Source

Source: designate the appropriate source for the Feedback – Default: "[AO1] Flow".

3.2.6.3 Output Tab



Output Type: designate the appropriate arrangement for the solenoids – Default: "NC/NC".

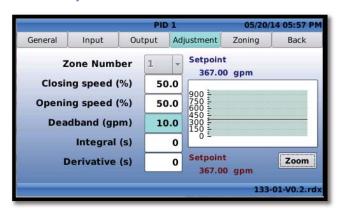
Valve Closing: designate which solenoid should be used to close the valve – Default: "[SO1] Closing Solenoid".

Cycle Time: designate the cycle time for closing solenoid action – Default: "5".

Valve Opening: designate which solenoid should be used to open the valve – Default: "[SO1] Opening Solenoid".

Cycle Time: designate the cycle time for opening solenoid action – Default: "5".

3.2.6.4 Adjustment Tab



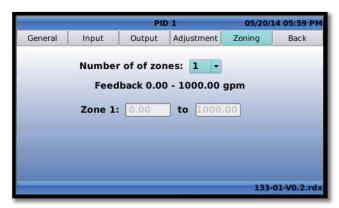
Closing Speed: If the valve is reacting too fast and causing overshoot, reduce this number. If the valve is reacting to changes to slowly, increase this number – Default: "50.0".

Opening Speed: If the valve is reacting too fast and causing overshoot, reduce this number. If the valve is reacting to changes to slowly, increase this number – Default: "50.0".

Deadband: designate where the valve is to be at rest by setting the deadband – Default: "10.0".

Integral and Derivative: don't use these unless you contact Cla-Val Technical Support – Default: "0".

3.2.6.5 Zoning Tab

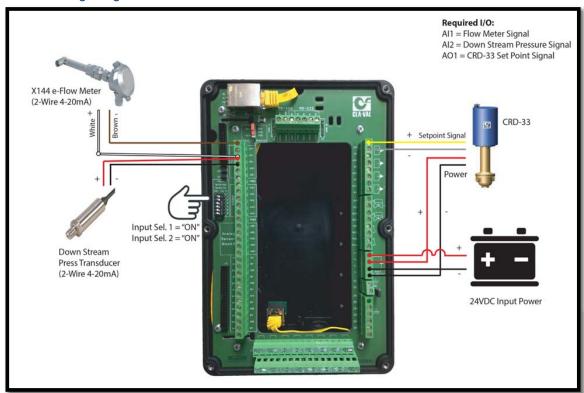


Number of zones: designate number of zones for PID control loop – Default: "1".

3.3 390-01 Example: Pressure Management with CRD-33 and X144 Feedback

This section will walk through the entire process of setting up and tuning a typical 390-01.

3.3.1 Wiring Diagram



Inputs:

- SetPoint (4-20mA): from X144 e-FlowMeter. Position: PO1 (white wire), Al1+ (brown wire)
- Feedback (4-20mA); from Down Stream Pressure Transducer. Position PO1, Al2+

Outputs:

AO1 (4-20mA): CRD-33 Command Signal. Position AO1 (yellow wire), 0V (grey wire)

Power Input:

- To VC-22D: 12-24 VDC. Position V+, V-
- To CRD-33: 12-24 VDC. Position V+ (red wire), V- (black wire)

3.3.2 Home Menu Explanation



Images

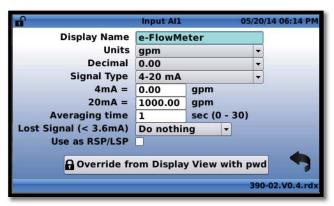
- The home screen image will show the basic configuration of the application. The 390 application is a 100-01 Hytrol, with a CRD-33 motorized pilot to control downstream pressure and an X144 e-FlowMeter to monitor flow.
- Text
- · Labels always black describes the type of input being displayed directly below it.
- Color coded values below are dynamic and display the actual value being measured.
 - o **Black** text shows that the value is within normal limits
 - o Green text shows that the value is being used as a Local Set Point (LSP)
 - o Blue text shows that the value has been manually overridden.
 - Red text shows that the value is outside of normal limits.
 - Orange text shows that the value is being overridden on by an Action.

Icons

- **III** shows that that the password protection has been disabled (upper left).
- LSP shows that the Local Set Point (LSP) is currently active (upper left).
- RSP shows that Remote SetPoint (RSP) is currently active (upper left).
- Bull Shows that an Action is "Enabled" but "OFF" (upper left).
- Bull shows that an Action is "Enabled" and "ON" (upper left).
- shows which solenoid is receiving active, according the configured PID loop (above Valve).
- 05/19/14 05:05 PM shows the current date and time (upper right).
- 390-02.V0.4.rdx shows the current loaded ValveApp ".rdx" file (lower right).

3.3.3 Input Configuration

3.3.3.1 Input AI1 – e-FlowMeter



Display Name: designate a name for the input – Default: "e-FlowMeter".

Units: designate the flow units - Default: "gpm".

Decimal: designate the desired resolution on the units – Default: "0".

Signal Type: designate the desired signal type – Default: "4-20mA".

4mA: designate the desired 4mA scale - Default: "0".

20mA: designate the desired 20mA scale - Default: "1000".

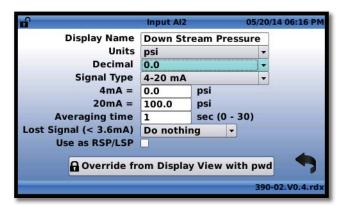
Averaging time: designate the desired filter time - Default: "1".

Lost Signal: designate action to be taken by VC-22D when the input signal is lost – Default "Do nothing".

Use as RSP/LSP: designate whether the input is to be used as RSP/LSP - Default "checked".

Override: designate whether to password protect the override feature - Default "unlocked".

3.3.3.2 Input Al2 – Down Stream Pressure



Display Name: designate a name for the input – Default: "Down Stream Pressure".

Units: designate the flow units - Default: "psi".

Decimal: designate the desired resolution on the units – Default: "0.0".

Signal Type: designate the desired signal type – Default: "4-20mA".

4mA: designate the desired 4mA scale - Default: "0".

20mA: designate the desired 20mA scale - Default: "100.0".

Averaging time: designate the desired filter time - Default: "1".

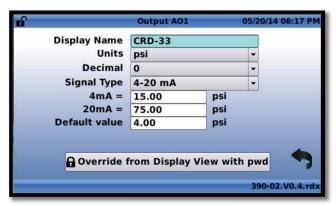
Lost Signal: designate action to be taken by VC-22D when the input signal is lost – Default "Do nothing".

Use as RSP/LSP: designate whether the input is to be used as RSP/LSP – Default "unchecked".

Override: designate whether to password protect the override feature - Default "unlocked".

3.3.4 Output Configuration

3.3.4.1 Output AO1 - CRD-33



Display Name: designate a name for the output - Default: "CRD-33".

Units: designate the flow units - Default: "psi".

Decimal: designate the desired resolution on the units - Default: "0".

Signal Type: designate the desired signal type – Default: "4-20mA".

4mA: designate the desired 4mA scale - Default: "15".

20mA: designate the desired 20mA scale - Default: "75".

Default value: designate the desired default value - Default: "4.00".

Override: designate whether to password protect the override feature - Default "unlocked".



3.3.5 Control Curve Configuration

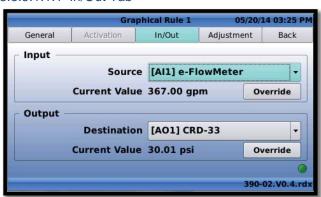
3.3.5.1 General Tab



GR Description: designate a name for the custom control curve – Default: "Flow vs Pressure".

GR Status: designate whether the control curve is On or Off – Default: "On"

3.3.5.1.1.1 In/Out Tab



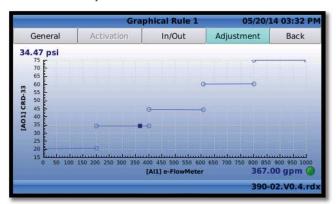
Input

Source: designate the input flow signal location – Default: "[Al1] e-FlowMeter".

Output

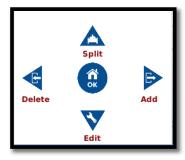
Destination: designate the analog output location for the motorized control – Default: "[AO1] CRD-33".

3.3.5.1.1.2 Adjustment Tab



This screen describes the relationship between the input on the X-axis (in this case, Flow) and the output on the Y-axis (in this case, Pressure). This screen describes that as the flow increases, the CRD-33 will step the pressure up according to the graph. This example shows a stepped approach, but a single line could also be used if a smooth relationship between flow and pressure is required.

Using the and keys, navigate between each of the points on the screen. While on a point, click to arrive at the following menu:

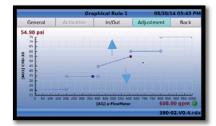


Using the functionality of these tools, many shapes and custom curves can be created to tailor each specific application to the customer's unique needs. See below for a detailed explanation of how to use each of the tools to make changes to the standard curve.

• Use the button to split a point, shown below: After the point is split, it can be moved up or down using the and buttons.



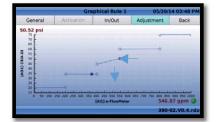




• Use the button to edit a point, see below. After it is in "edit" mode, it can be moved from left to right using the and keys, and up and down using the and keys. See below for details:

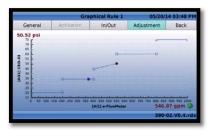




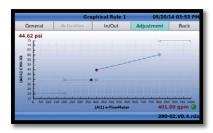


Use the button to add a point

• Use the button to delete a point.







The point that was selected in the screen on the left is now gone, having been replaced by a solid line between the points to the left and right.



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N-VC-22D (04/2016)



VC-22D

Electronic Valve Controller



Installation Operation Maintenance Manual



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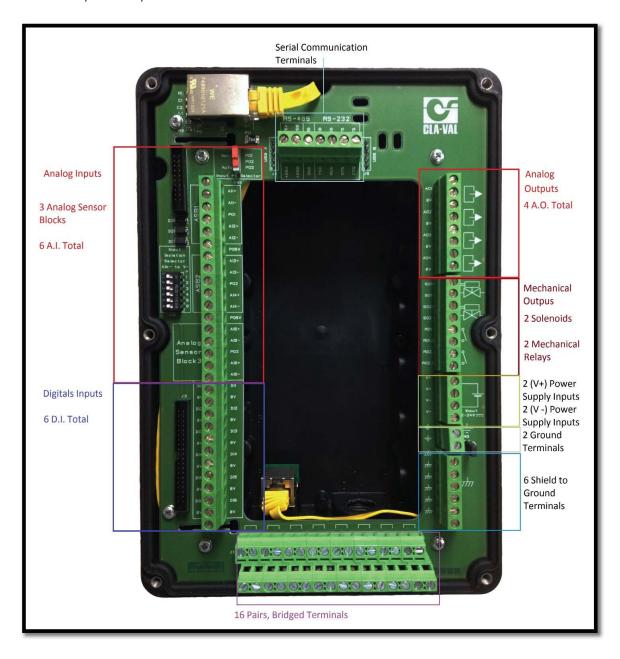
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1 Electrical & Physical Details

1.1 Physical Details

1.1.1 Input / Output Board



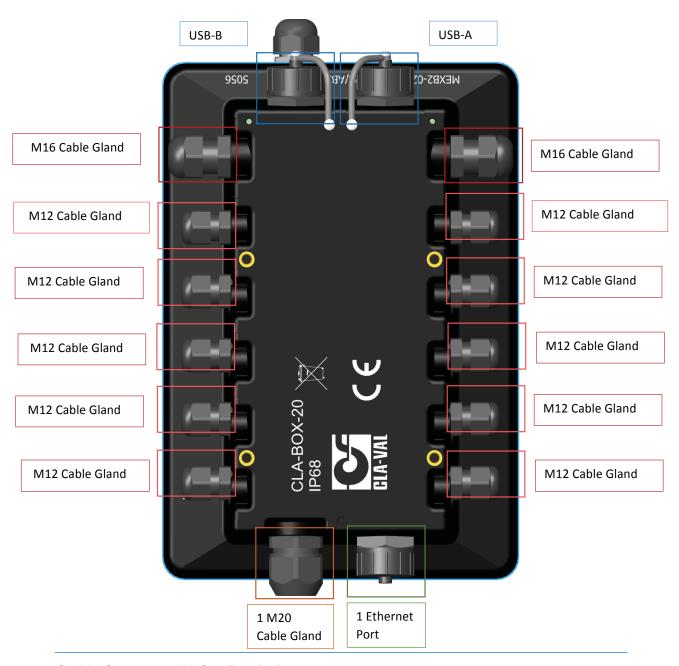
VC-22D Specifications

Component	Specification Details						
	Enclosure						
Enclosure Material	Flame retardant UL rated PC/ABS plastic						
Enclosure Connections	M16/M20 Cable ; IP-68 Cable Glands						
Enclosure Connections	IP-68 USB Type A & Type B Connection, IP-68 Ethernet Port						
Environmental	IP-68, 2 meters for 48 hours						
Enclosure Dimensions	8.75" (223 mm) H x 6" (153 mm) W x 3.5" (89 mm) D						
Enclosure Weight	3 lbs. (1.37 kg)						
Mounting Bracket	Anodized Aluminum - Standard						
	Power Requirement						
Power	300 mA @ 24VDC (Steady State)						
Fuse Type	3A Fuse recommended						
	Display						
Display Type	4.3" Color TFT-LCD, 480 x 272 pixels						
Display Update Rate	100ms						
Programming Method	Mechanical Push Button; VNC						
Password	5 digit						
	Mass Data Storage						
Type	2GB SD Card						
Language	English						
Humidity	90% RH, non-condensing						
Power Input	12-24VDC - Full Function (standard) or optional power supply						
Memory Protection	10-year lithium battery						
·	Input Logging						
Configurable	Yes						
Logging Speed	1 minute						
Output	CSV format suitable for exporting to MS Excel						
·	Inputs						
Analog	(6) Inputs (4-20mA / 0-5 V / 0-10 V)						
Resolution	10 bit						
Digital	(6) digital inputs (Dry contact)						
Units	Configurable						
Decimal Point	0/0.0/0.00/0.000						
Signal Filter	Configurable 1 to 60 seconds						
Totalizer	Configurable input and units						
Totalizer Reset	Yes						
I/O Connection	Screw Terminals						
	Outputs						
Analog	(4) Outputs (4-20mA)						
Resolution	10 bit						
Solenoid	(2) Solid State Relay (DC), Zero Switching Voltage • For AC Solenoids, use PC-22D Power Converter						
Relay	(2) Mechanical Relay, Rated Voltage 250VAC, Rated Current 6A						
	Control Parameters						
Control Input	4-20mA full scale / 0-5 V / 0-10V / digital (dry contact						
Proportional Band	0-100% (50% default) adjustable in 1% increments • Independently for opening and closing						
Dead Band	Adjustable 0 to full scale of set-point signal						
Cycle Time	0 to 60 seconds in 1 sec. increments						
Integral Band	Adjustable 0 to 60 seconds						
Derivative Band	Adjustable 0 to 60 seconds Adjustable 0 to 60 seconds						
Loop Zoning	Adjustable up to (4) zones						
PID Loops	4 Configurable						
Temperature Range							
Working Temperature	-10 to 70° C • 14°F to 158°F						
Storage Temperature	-30 to 85° C • -22°F to 185°F						

1.1.2 Cable Glands / Sizes / Locations

1.1.2.1 Multi-Conductor Cable Size / Wire Gauge

- NOTE: To preserve IP68 the following must be utilized
- M12 Multi-Conductor Cable Size Range: 0.12" 0.26" (3mm-6.0mm)
- M16 Multi-Conductor Cable Size Range: 0.20" 0.39" (5mm-10mm)
- M20 Multi-Conductor Cable Size Range: 0.24" 0.47" (5mm-13mm)



1.1.2.2 Ethernet

Ethernet Port





The Ethernet port (left) accepts standard Ethernet cables (right).

1.1.2.3 USB-A and USB-B





USB-A slot:

The USB-A slot (left) accepts standard USB Flash Drives (right).

USB-B slot:





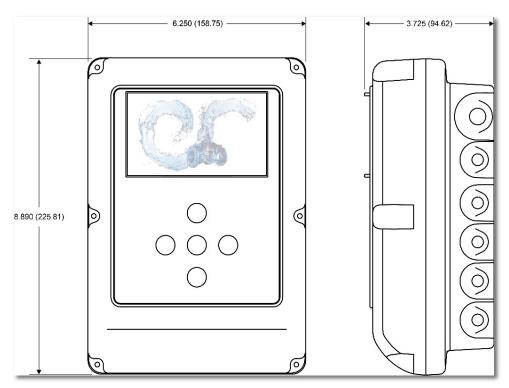
The USB-B slot (left) accepts standard USB-B connector cables (right).

1.2 Physical Mounting

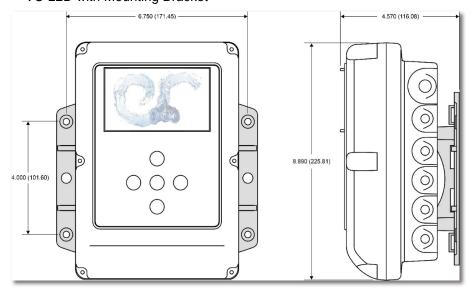
1.2.1 Overall Dimensions

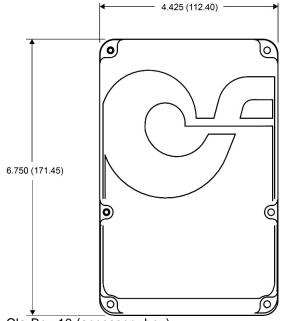
For all drawings below, units are in Inches (mm).

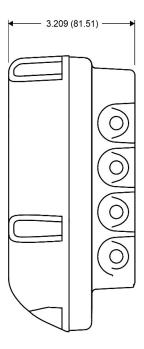
VC-22D Control Box



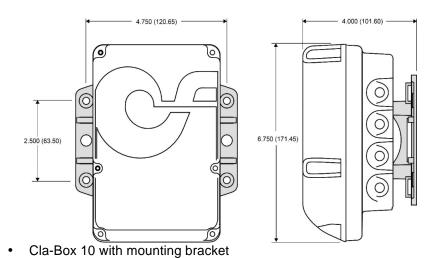
• VC-22D with Mounting Bracket





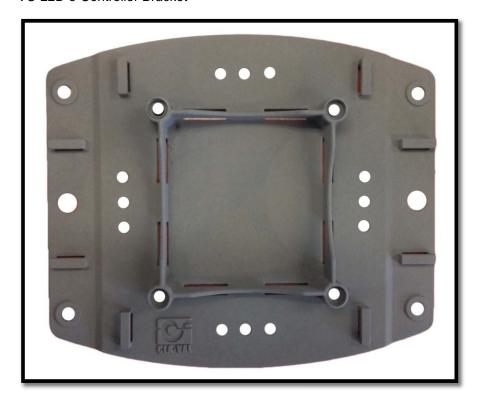


Cla-Box 10 (accessory box):

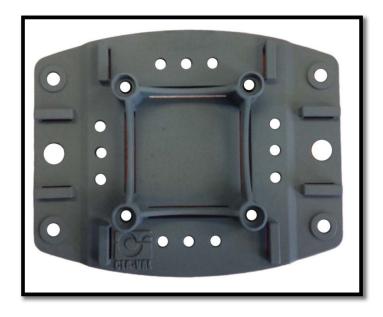


1.2.2 Universal Bracket

VC-22D e-Controller Bracket

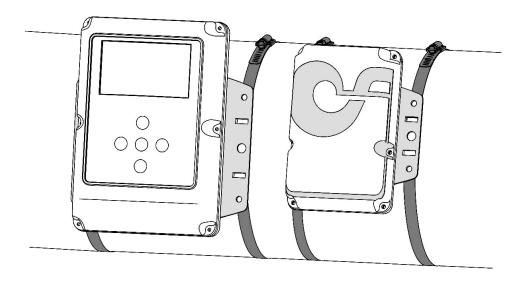


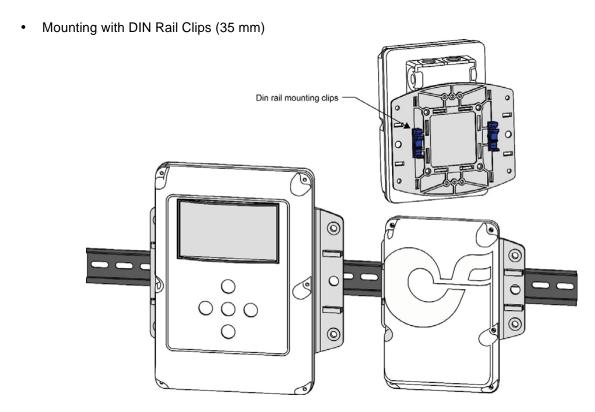
Cla-Box 10



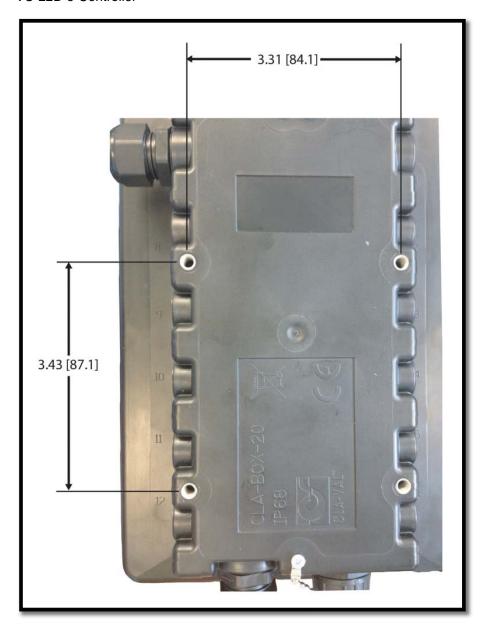
1.2.3 Mounting Options

• Mounting on a horizontal pipe.

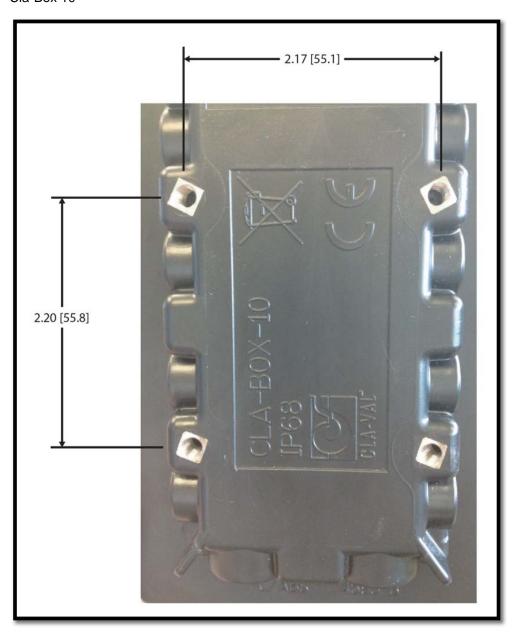




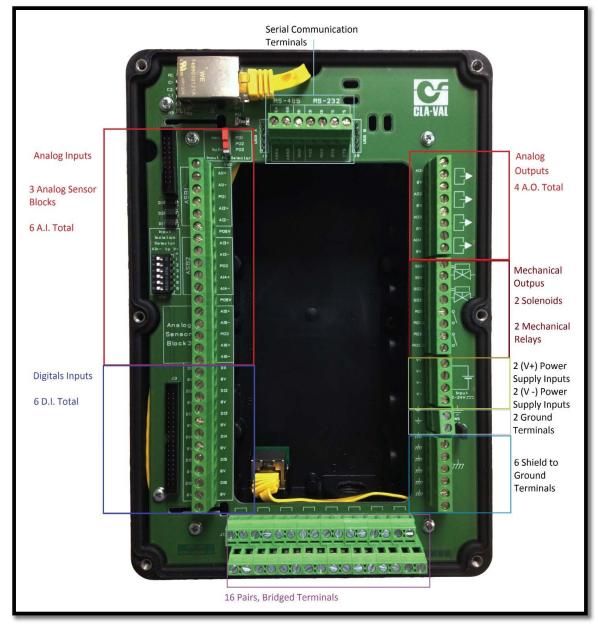
1.2.4 Bolt pattern VC-22D e-Controller



Cla-Box 10



1.3 Hardware Inputs/Outputs (I/O)



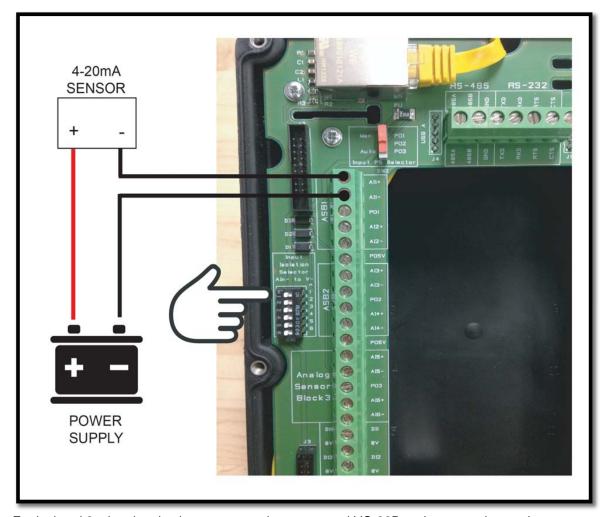
Analog Inputs (AI): 6

Digital Inputs (DI): 6

Analog Outputs (AO): 4

Mechanical Outputs: Solenoid Outputs: 2, Contact Closures (mechanical relays): 2

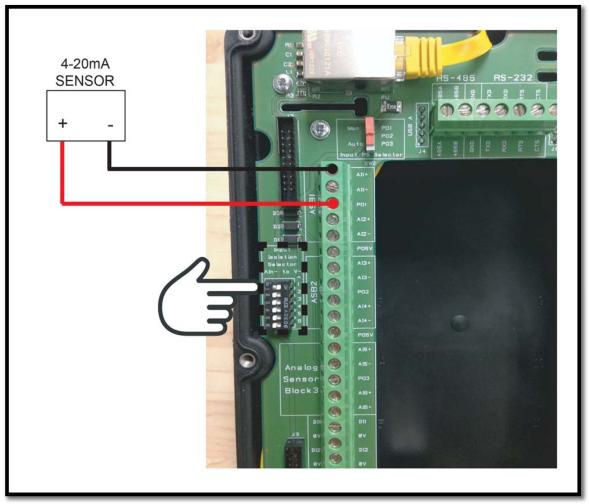
- 1.4 Wiring 4-20mA Sensors
- 1.4.1 2-wire 4-20mA Sensor (Loop Power)
- 1.4.1.1 2-wire (externally powered)



For isolated 2-wire signals, the power supply, sensor and VC-22D makes a continuous loop, allowing the current to be measured by the VC-22D. For isolated signals, ensure that the "Isolation Selector Switch" is set to the <u>LEFT</u> or "<u>OFF</u>".

Examples: Mag Meter

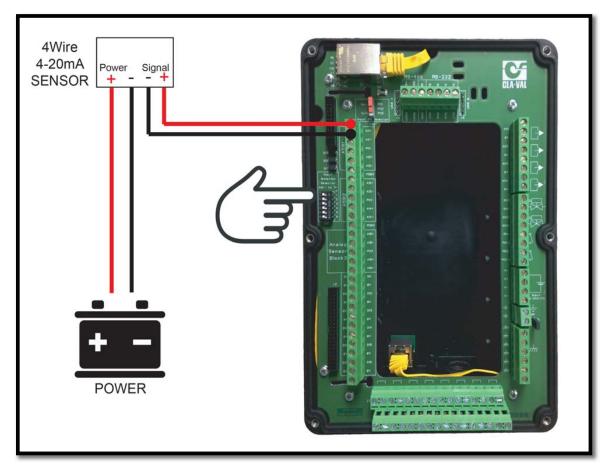
1.4.1.2 2-wire (internally powered)



For non-isolated signals, the VC-22D provides the power for the sensor and makes a continuous loop, allowing the current to energize the sensor and then be measured by the VC-22D. For non-isolated signals, ensure that the "Isolation Selector Switch" is set to the **RIGHT** or "**ON**".

Examples: X144 e-FlowMeter, pressure transducer.

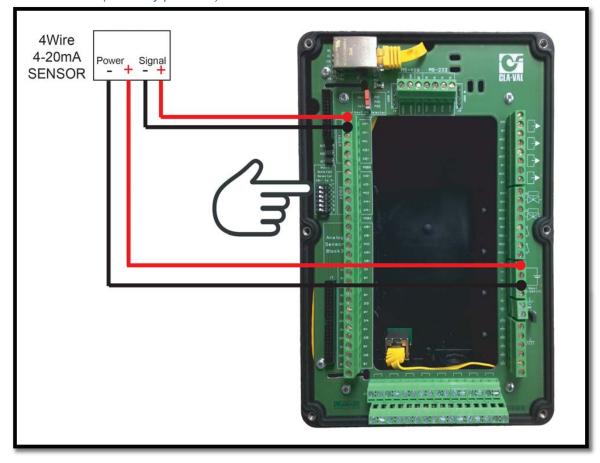
1.4.2 4-wire 4-20mA Sensor



1.4.2.1 4-wire (externally powered)

For 4-wire signals, the Sensor is externally powered usually using 2 wires. The two signal wires coming from the sensor are then measured by the VC-22D in the Analog Input section of the terminal board. For 4-wire signals, ensure that the "Isolation Selector Switch" is set to the <u>LEFT</u> or "<u>OFF</u>"..

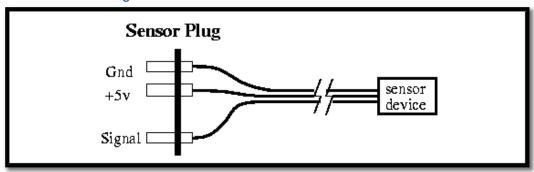
1.4.3 1.4.3.1 4-wire (internally powered)



For 4-wire internally powered signals, the sensor is powered directly from the main VC-22D power supply terminals. The two signal wires coming from the sensor are then measured by the VC-22D in the Analog Input section of the terminal board. For isolated signals, ensure that the "Isolation Selector Switch" is set to the <u>LEFT</u> or "<u>OFF</u>".

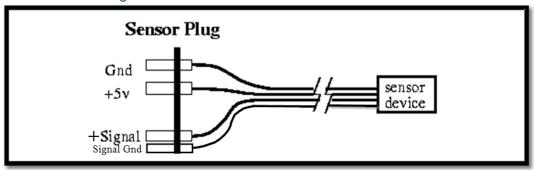
1.5 Voltage Sensor

1.5.1 3-wire Voltage Sensor



Most Voltage sensors have 3 wires. Two for the power supply, and one for the signal out. 1. (+) power supply voltage. 2. (-) ground. 3. (+) signal voltage.

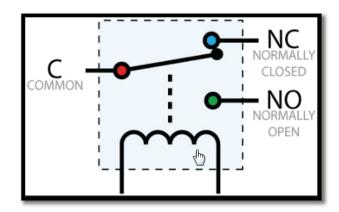
1.5.2 4-wire Voltage Sensor



Some voltage sensors have 4 wires, in case there is a need for isolation on the signal lines. In that case, they will be configured as shown above. 1. (+) power supply voltage. 2. (-) ground. 3. (+) signal voltage. 4. (-) signal ground.

1.6 Digital Inputs



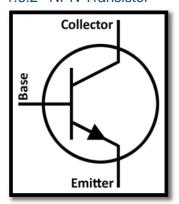


1.6.1 Mechanical Relay

A mechanical relay can be used as a digital input because the state is either open (1) or closed (0). Depending on how the input is configured, action can be taken when this mechanical switch closes or opens.

Typical application: position/limit/proximity/level switch.

1.6.2 NPN Transistor



An NPN transistor can be used as a digital input because the state is either open (V+) or closed (V-). Depending on how the input is configured, action can be taken when this NPN transistor switches state.

Typical applications: digital pulse output from flow meter or register counter.

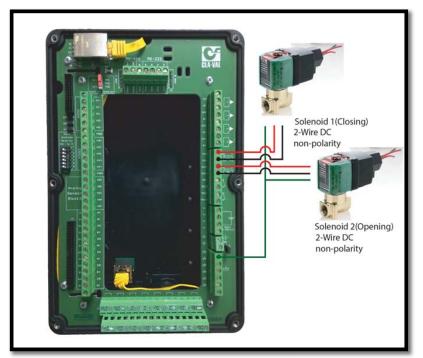
1.7 Outputs Solenoids

1.7.1 DC Solenoids

ASCO Red Hat - Next Generation, Electronically Enhanced Solenoid Valves



Electrical (Standard): 12-24 VDC; 100-240 VAC / 50-60 Hz



Pressure Rating: 410 PSI

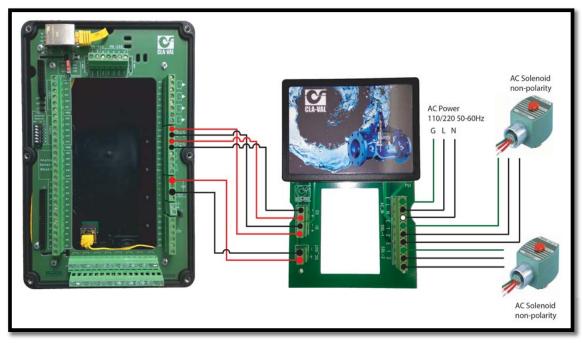
The ASCO solenoids do not have polarity so connect each of the red wires to the terminals (both wires to SO1 or to SO2; do not mix SO1 and SO2).

1.7.2 AC Solenoids

ASCO Red Hat



Electrical (Standard): 120VAC 50/60Hz

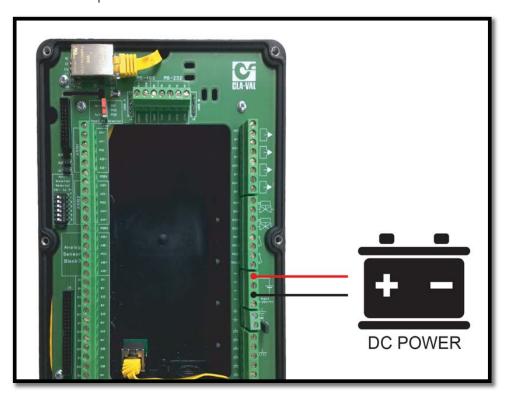


Pressure Rating: 350 PSI

The VC-22D outputs DC signals to switch the solenoids. If the application calls for AC solenoids, then be sure to use the AC/DC Power Supply Assy to connect AC solenoids. ASCO solenoids do not have polarity so connect each of the red wires to the terminals (both wires to SO1 or to SO2; do not mix SO1 and SO2).

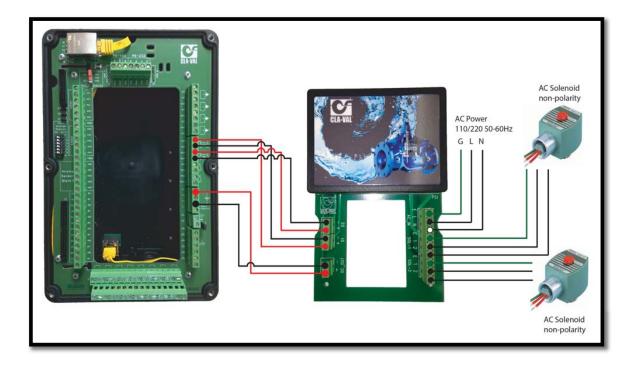
1.8 Power Supply Options

1.8.1 DC Input Power



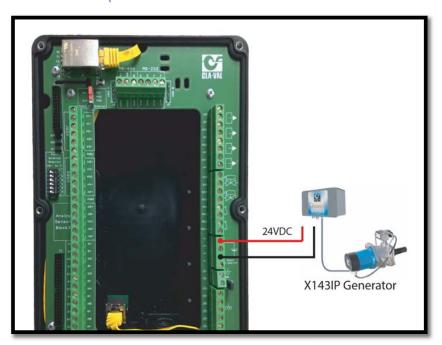
The VC-22D will accept 12-24 VDC, and requires up to 36 watts of power at peak functionality.

1.8.2 AC/DC Converter

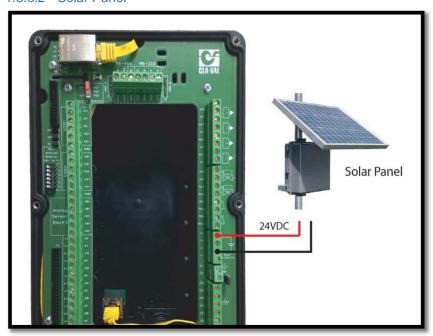


1.8.3 Alternative Power supplies

1.8.3.1 X143IP (e-Power IP



1.8.3.2 Solar Panel



1.9 Wiring Troubleshooting

Check the wiring connections first. 90% of electronics problems arise from mistakes in the wiring. Use the continuity function of the meter to check and make sure that A connect to B.

If mistakes are made during the wiring, for example Al2 was wired in place of Al1, their
positions can be rearranged using the Input configuration menus instead of re-wiring all
of the inputs.

2 Navigation

2.1 Basic Button Functionality

2.1.1 Button Descriptions

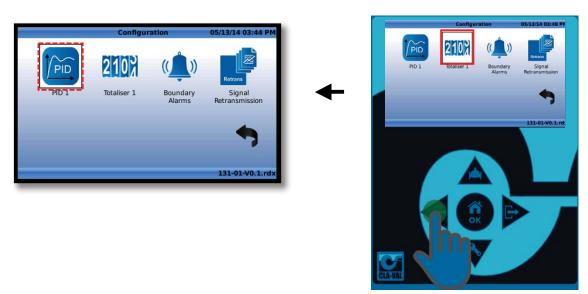
- Home/Ok
- Left/Input
- Right/Output
- Up/Valve Configuration
- Down/Settings

Other Icons in this manual

- Short Click (less than 1 second)
- Long Click (more than 1 second)

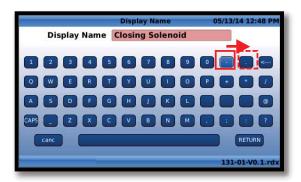
2.1.2 Short Click - less than 2 seconds

- is "Ok" or "Select" when used as a (short click)
- when used as a , the cursor moves to the left

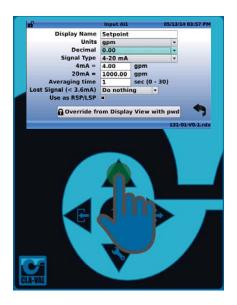


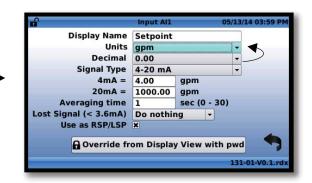
• when used as a , the cursor moves to the right.



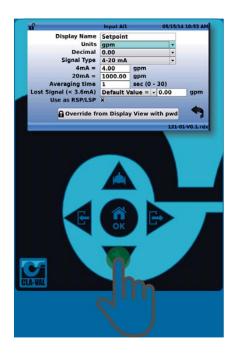


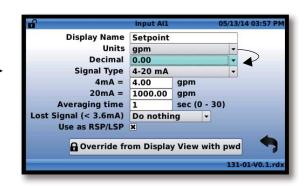
• when used as a , the cursor moves up.



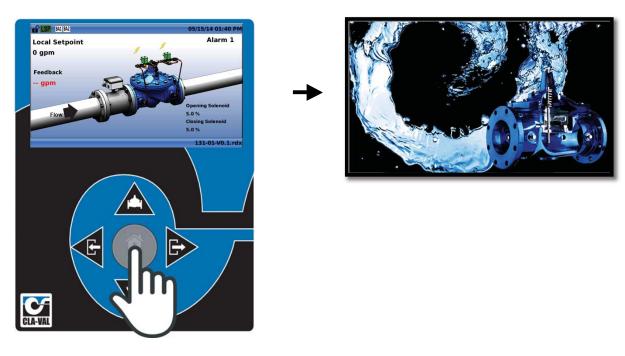


• — when used as a —, the cursor moves down.





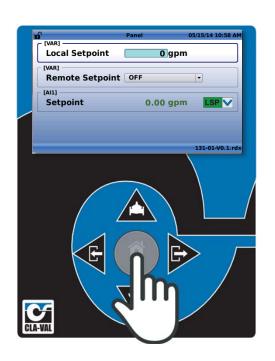
2.1.3 Extended Click – more than 5 seconds (Home/Ok button only)



• Extended click will put the VC-22D into sleep mode.

2.2 Button Destinations

2.2.1 Home/Ok - Long Click - Return to Home Screen



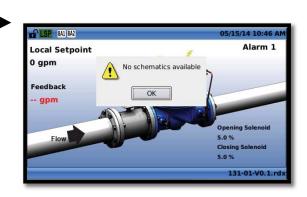


2.2.2 Up/Valve Configuration

2.2.2.1 Short Click - View Valve Information (from Home Screen)

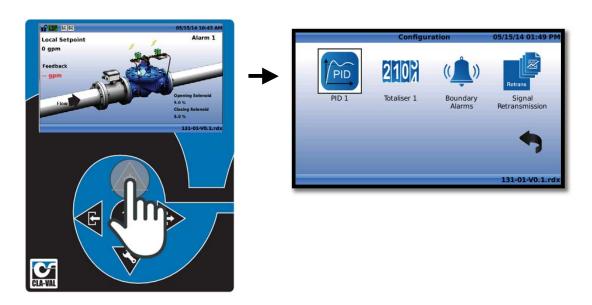
• From the home screen, on the button navigates to the "Valve Information" screen.





2.2.2.2 Long Click - Enter Valve Configuration Menu (from Home Screen)

• From the home screen, a (long click) on the navigates to the "Valve Information" screen.

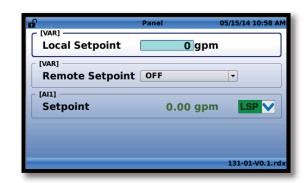


2.2.3 Down/Settings

2.2.3.1 Short Click – View Display panel (from Home Screen)

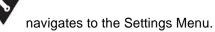
• From the home screen, a on the navigates to the "Display Panel" screen.





2.2.3.2 Long Click – Enter Settings Menu (from Home Screen)

From the home screen, a on the



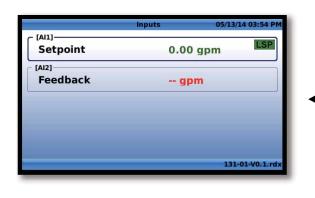




2.2.4 Left/Input

2.2.4.1 Short Click – View Input Information (from Home Screen)

• From the home screen, a on the navigates to the "Inputs" screen.





2.2.4.2 Long Click – Enter Input Configuration Menu (from Home Screen)

• From the home screen, a on the navigates to the "Configure Inputs" screen.

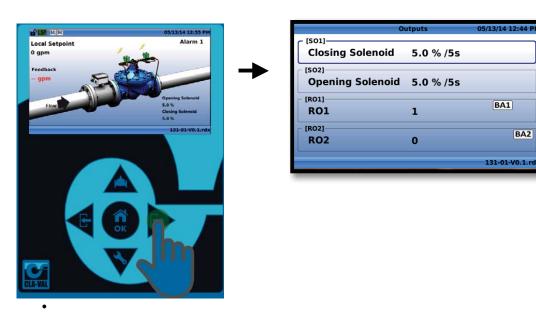




2.2.5 Right/Output

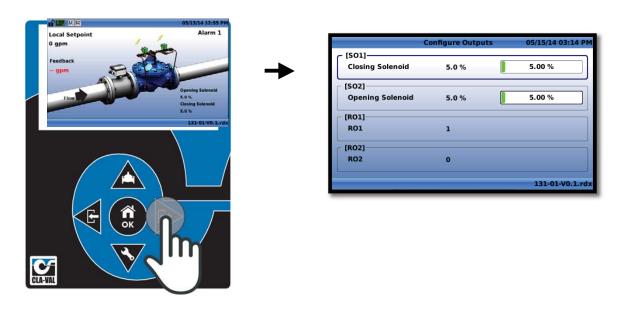
2.2.5.1 Short Click – View Output Information (from Home Screen)

navigates to the "Outputs" screen. From the home screen, a



2.2.5.2 Long Click – Enter Output Configuration Menu (from Home Screen)

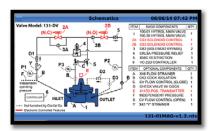
From the home screen, a navigates to the "Configure Outputs" screen.



BA2

2.3 Menu Locations

2.3.1 Information Screens



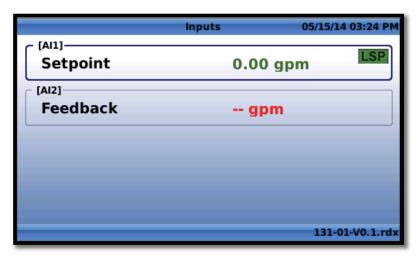








2.3.1.1 Inputs



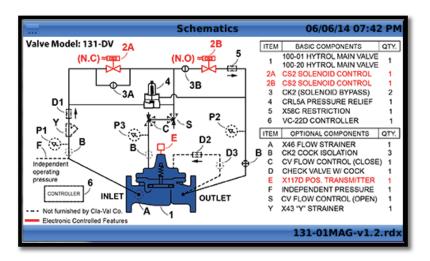
The **Inputs** menu displays all of the activated inputs in current use by the selected ValveApp.

2.3.1.2 Outputs



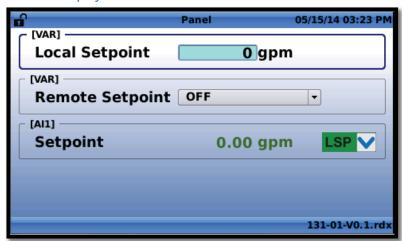
The **Outputs** menu displays all of the activated inputs in current use by the selected ValveApp.

2.3.1.3 Schematics



The <u>Schematics</u> menu displays all of the schematics and support material for a given ValveApp.

2.3.1.4 Display Panel



The **<u>Display Panel</u>** displays all of the activated inputs and variables in current use by the selected ValveApp.

2.3.2 Configuration Menus



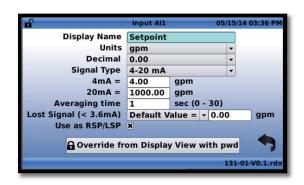








2.3.2.1 Input Configuration Menu







Input Field Descriptions

Display Name: Use this field to choose a unique name for each input.

Units: Choose from the available units of:

- (gpm) Gallon per minute [flow];
- (mgd) Mega Gallons per day [flow];
- (cfm) Cubic Feet per minute [flow];
- (cfs) Cubic feet per second [flow];
- (I/min) Liter per minute [flow];
- (I/s) Liter per second [flow];
- (m3/h) Cubic meters per hour [flow];
- (MI/d) Mega liters per day [flow];
- (Imp gpm) Imperial Gallons per minute [flow];
- (bar) Bar [pressure];
- (kPa) Kilopascals [pressure];
- (Mhd) Mega Hectares per day [flow];
- (psi) Pounds per square inch [pressure];
- (m) Meters of water [pressure];
- (in) Inches of water [pressure];
- (ft) Feet of water [pressure];
- (%) Percentage [unit-less];
- (h) Hours [time];
- (min) Minutes [time];
- (s) Seconds [time];
- (gal) Gallons [volume];
- (mg) Mega gallons [volume];
- (cf) Cubic feet [volume];
- (I) Liters [volume];
- (m3) Cubic meters [volume];
- (MI) Mega liters [volume];
- (mA) Milliamps [electrical flow];
- (Volt) Volts [electrical potential];

Decimal: select from available decimal places:

- 0
- 0.0
- 0.00

Signal Type: select from available signal types (to be updated to include more signal types in the future):

4-20 mA

4mA = : Set the value of the input at 4 mA; usually this will correspond to a value of 0.

Input Field Descriptions (continued)

20mA = : Set the value of the input at 20 mA; this should correspond to the maximum measured value.

Averaging Time: Select a filter length between 1 and 30 seconds. This will average the input over the selected time in order to "smooth" out any transience in the input signal.

Lost Signal (<3.6mA): This menu designates which action the controller will take in the event that a signal falls below 3.6mA, usually when there is a power outage or when the 4-20mA loop has been broken.

- Default Value: this option of the pull down menu allows the user to input a value to be inserted when the 4-20mA input signal has been lost.
- Keep Value: this option of the pull down menu allows the user to specify that the last input value received by the controller will be the value that is used once the signal is lost.
- Do nothing: this option of the pull down menu will specify that no action is taken by the controller when an input signal is lost.

Use as RSP/LSP: When this box is checked, the input is treated as an RSP/LSP – Remote Set Point / Local Set Point. This allows the input to be seen in the Display Panel (short click down -

+) and allows Actions to be taken when the Remote Set Point is changed or overridden.

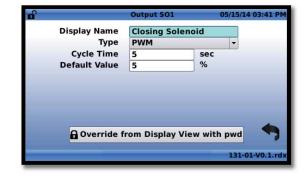
Override from Display View with pwd: This toggle button allows the input to be overridden from the information screen without a password.

2.3.2.2 Output Configuration Menu

Output SO







Input Field Descriptions

Display Name: Use this field to choose a unique name for each output.

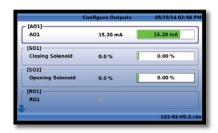
Type: -- PWM – Pulse Width Modulation: this is the industry trade name for the management of pulses sent to the opening/closing solenoids.

-- Digital 1/0 – Specifies that the output is either open or closed for the time specified in the boxes below.

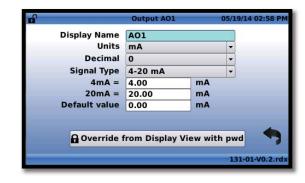
Cycle Time: The amount of time for one complete cycle of action for the opening/closing solenoid.

Default Value: The default active time of the solenoid during the cycle.

Override from Display View with pwd: This toggle button allows the output to be overridden from the information screen without a password.







Output AO:

Input Field Descriptions

Display Name: Use this field to choose a unique name for each input.

Units: Choose from the available units of:

- (gpm) Gallon per minute [flow];
- (mgd) Mega Gallons per day [flow];
- (cfm) Cubic Feet per minute [flow];
- (cfs) Cubic feet per second [flow];
- (I/min) Liter per minute [flow];
- (I/s) Liter per second [flow];
- (m3/h) Cubic meters per hour [flow];
- (MI/d) Mega liters per day [flow];
- (Imp gpm) Imperial Gallons per minute [flow];
- (bar) Bar [pressure];
- (kPa) Kilopascals [pressure];
- (Mhd) Mega Hectares per day [flow];
- (psi) Pounds per square inch [pressure];
- (m) Meters of water [pressure];
- (in) Inches of water [pressure];
- (ft) Feet of water [pressure];
- (%) Percentage [unit-less];
- (h) Hours [time];
- (min) Minutes [time];
- (s) Seconds [time];
- (gal) Gallons [volume];
- (mg) Mega gallons [volume];
- (cf) Cubic feet [volume];
- (I) Liters [volume];
- (m3) Cubic meters [volume];
- (MI) Mega liters [volume];

Input Field Descriptions (continued)

- (mA) Milliamps [electrical flow];
- (Volt) Volts [electrical potential];

Decimal: select from available decimal places:

- 0
- 0.0
- 0.00

Signal Type: select from available signal types (to be updated to include more signal types in the future):

4-20 mA

4mA = : Set the value of the input at 4 mA; usually this will correspond to a value of 0.

20mA = : Set the value of the input at 20 mA; this should correspond to the maximum measured value.

Default Value: When the 4-20mA loop is broken, this is the value that is used.

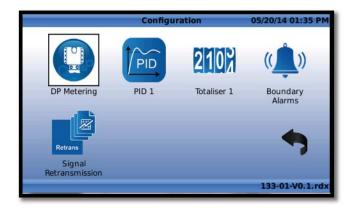
Override from Display View with pwd: This toggle button allows the input to be overridden from the information screen without a password.

2.3.2.3 Valve Configuration Menu

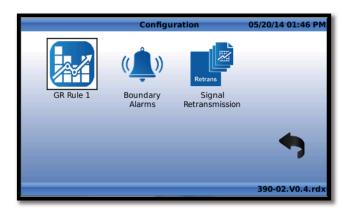
131 Application



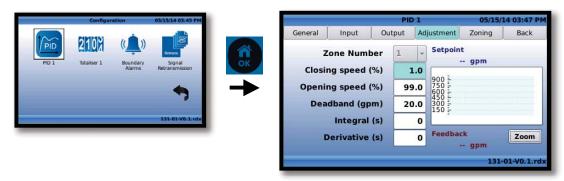
133 Application



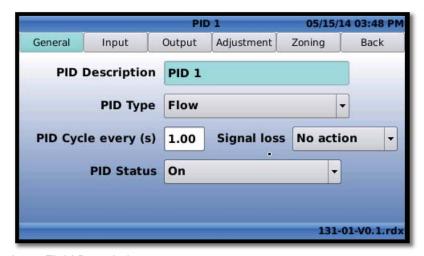
390 Application



2.3.2.3.1 PID Menu



2.3.2.3.1.1 General Tab



Input Field Description

PID Description: Use this field to choose a unique name for each PID loop.

PID Type: Designate what type of control is being used.

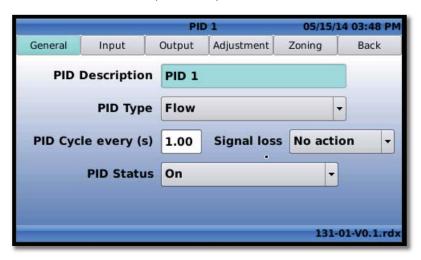
- Flow control using flow SetPoint and Feedback
- Pressure control using pressure SetPoint and Feedback
- Level control using level SetPoint and Feedback
- % control using percentage open (of the valve) SetPoint and Feedback
- Analog control using flow SetPoint and Feedback

PID Cycle every (s): This field designates how often the calculation will be done to determine the appropriate action to be taken with the output solenoids.

Signal loss: This field designates what action the controller will take when there is a loss of signal on the Remote Set Point (RSP). The options are:

- No Action
- Open 100% (Open Valve 100%)
 Close 100% (Close Valve 100%)

2.3.2.3.1.1 General Tab (continued)



Input Field Description

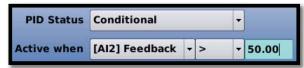
PID Status: The user may configure a PID loop, but not activate it until the appropriate time. The choices are:

- On
- Off
- Conditional
 - When the "Conditional" option is chose, an additional field appears and prompts the user to specify when the PID should be active. The following field is shown:

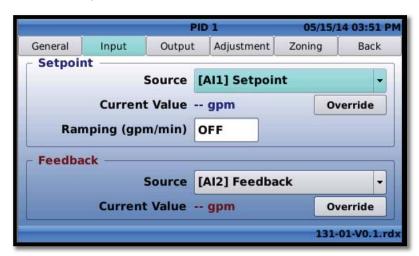


0

- The PID loop can be configure to be active Always, or when one of the inputs meets a certain condition. In this case, use the pull down menu that is defaulted to "Always" to select the appropriate input, then use the pull down menu to the right to select an operator, such as the Greater than sign (>), then specify a value.
- Example: the following PID loop has been set to be conditional active, only when the Feedback [AI2] is greater than 50.00 gpm.



2.3.2.3.1.2 Input Tab



Input Field Description

Setpoint Section

Source: designates which input is to be used as the SetPoint for the PID loop.

Current Value: shows the *live* current value of that input.

Override: allows the user to input an override value from this menu rather than having to go back to the input information or input configuration screens – this can be helpful when commissioning a system for the first time.

Ramping (gpm/min): when the set point changes rapidly (either by Remote Set Point changes or Local Set Point (override) changes).

Feedback Section

Source: designates which input is to be used as the feedback for the PID loop.

Current Value: shows the *live* current value of that input.

Override: allows the user to input an override value from this menu rather than having to go back to the input information or input configuration screens – this can be helpful when commissioning a system for the first time.

2.3.2.3.1.3 Output Tab



Input Field Description

Output: designates what type of output solenoids are used. Pick in the dropdown menu from the following:

- NC/NC NC = Normally Closed (Closing Sol / Opening Sol)
- NO/NO NO = Normally Open (Closing Sol / Opening Sol)
- NO/NC Normally Open (Closing Sol) / Normally Closed (Opening Sol)
- NC/NO Normally Closed (Closing Sol) / Normally Open (Opening Sol)
- Linear 4-20mA will vary the Analog Output (4-20mA) according to the PID loop

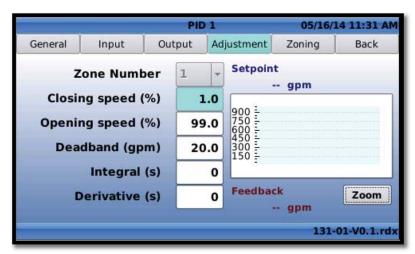
Valve Closing: designates which of the solenoid outputs [SO1] or [SO2] will be used to close the valve.

Cycle Time (s): designates the total cycle of action for the "Valve Closing" solenoid.

Valve Opening: designates which of the solenoid outputs [SO1] or [SO2] will be used to open the valve.

Cycle Time (s): designates the total cycle of action for the "Valve Closing" solenoid.

2.3.2.3.1.4 Adjustment Tab



Input Field Description

Zone Number: Designates which PID loop is being adjusted; at any time, up to 4 PID loops may be used.

Closing Speed (%): designates how quickly the valve will be able to close. 1% is the slowest possible, 99% is the fastest possible. NOTE: actual time to close will depend on the hydraulic conditions.

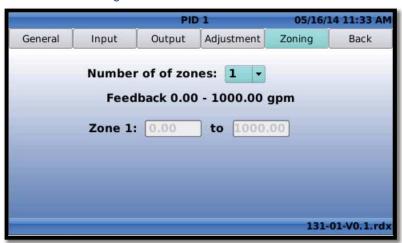
Opening Speed (%): designates how quickly the valve will be able to open. 1% is the slowest possible, 99% is the fastest possible. NOTE: actual time to open will depend on the hydraulic conditions.

Deadband (gpm): designates where the controller will take no action because it is close to the SetPoint. Example: if the setpoint is 100 GPM and the deadband is set at 10 GPM, then the controller will take no action on the feedback value from 110 GPM to 90 GPM.

Integral (s): This value is used for fine tuning of very sensitive systems. It is not recommended that this be used without contacting Cla-Val Technical Support.

Derivative (s): This value is used for fine tuning of very sensitive systems. It is not recommended that this be used without contacting Cla-Val Technical Support.

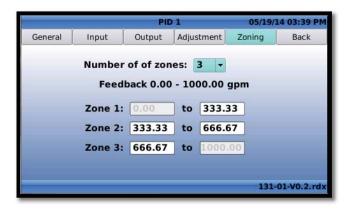
2.3.2.3.1.5 Zoning Tab



Input Field Description

Number of zones: designates how many PID zones are to be created.

**NOTE: When multiple PID loops are created, the active region for each are designated by an equal division of the total feedback range: see example below.



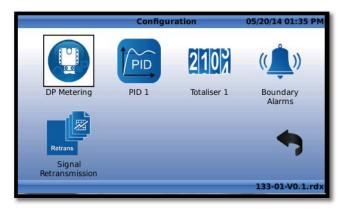
The active region for zones 1, 2 and 3 are each one third of the total feedback range. These values can be specified by changing the values in each zone, according to the needs of the user.

Zone 1: designates the top of the range for zone 1. (bottom range is bounded by the low level of the feedback scale).

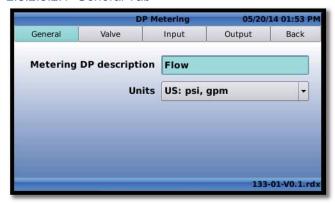
Zone 2: designates the bottom and top range for zone 2.

Zone 3: designates the bottom range for zone 3 (top of the range is bounded by the high level of the feedback scale).

2.3.2.3.2 DP Metering Menu



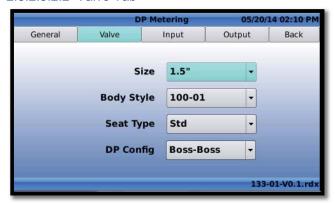
2.3.2.3.2.1 General Tab



Metering DP description: designate the name of the Metering function – Default: "Flow".

Units: designate what units set you would like to use - Default: "US: psi, gpm".

2.3.2.3.2.2 Valve Tab



Size: designate the size valve that is being used. Options are:

- 1.5"
- 2"
- 3"
- 4"
- 6"
- 8"
- 10"
- 12"
- 14"
- 16"
- 18" 20"
- 24"
- 30"
- 36"

Body Style: designate the body style of the valve. Options are:

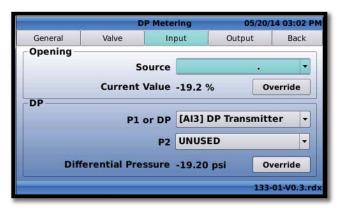
- 100-01 Full Port
- 100-20 Reduced Port

Seat Type: designate the type of seat of the valve. Options are:

- Std Standard Seat
- KO Anti-Cavitation Trim
- KOL Anti-Cavitation Lite Trim
- LFS Low Flow Trim

DP Config: designate the location of the pressure transducers. Options are:

- Boss-Boss Pressure transducers located on the valve.
- Pipe-Pipe Pressure transducers located on the pipe.



2.3.2.3.2.3 Input Tab

Valve Opening

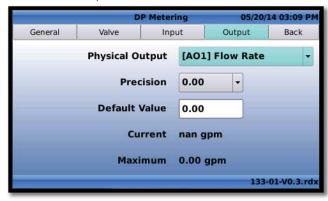
Source: designate the appropriate AI for the position transmitter – Default: "[AI2] Pos. Trans"

DΡ

P1 or DP: designate if the DP signal comes from P1-P2 or from a DP transmitter. Select appropriate AI for either the P1 or the DP transducer – Default: "[AI3] DP".

P2: if using P1-P2 for DP signal, designate AI for P2 – Default: "UNUSED".

2.3.2.3.2.4 Output Tab



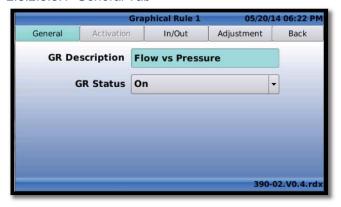
Physical Output: designate which output should be used for the calculated flow signal – Default: "[AO1] Flow Rate".

Precision: designate how many decimal places should be used for the calculated flow rate – Default: "0.00".

Default Value: designate the default value – Default: "0.00".

2.3.2.3.3 Custom Control Curves Menu

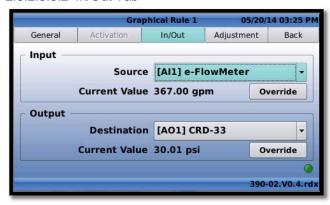
2.3.2.3.3.1 General Tab



GR Description: designate a name for the custom control curve – Default: "Flow vs Pressure".

GR Status: designate whether the control curve is On or Off - Default: "On"

2.3.2.3.3.2 In/Out Tab



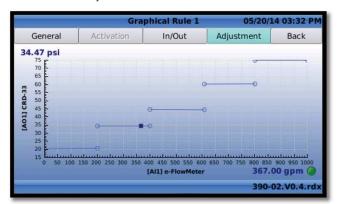
Input

Source: designate the input flow signal location – Default: "[Al1] e-FlowMeter".

Output

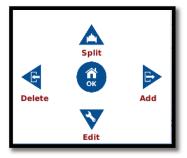
Destination: designate the analog output location for the motorized control – Default: "[AO1] CRD-33".

2.3.2.3.3 Adjustment Tab



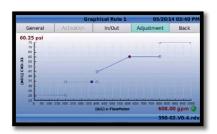
This screen describes the relationship between the input on the X-axis (in this case, Flow) and the output on the Y-axis (in this case, Pressure). This screen describes that as the flow increases, the CRD-33 will step the pressure up according to the graph. This example shows a stepped approach, but a single line could also be used if a smooth relationship between flow and pressure is required.

Using the and keys, navigate between each of the points on the screen. While on a point, click to arrive at the following menu:

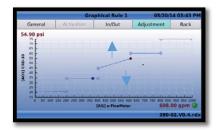


Using the functionality of these tools, many shapes and custom curves can be created to tailor each specific application to the customer's unique needs. See below for a detailed explanation of how to use each of the tools to make changes to the standard curve.

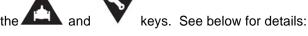
• Use the then button to split a point, shown below: After the point is split, it can be moved up or down using the and buttons.





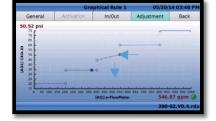


• Use the button to edit a point, see below. After it is in "edit" mode, it can be moved from left to right using the keys, and up and down using



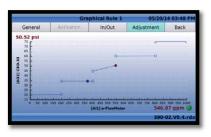






• Use the button to add a poin

• Use the button to delete a point.







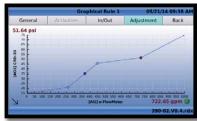
The point that was selected in the screen on the left is now gone, having been replaced by a solid line between the points to the left and right.

• When there have been two points that have been split, they can be merged together by

navigating to one of the two split points, then clicking the

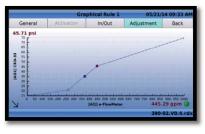




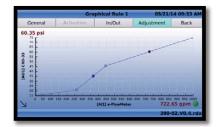


The two split points were merged together again.

• Use the button to add a point





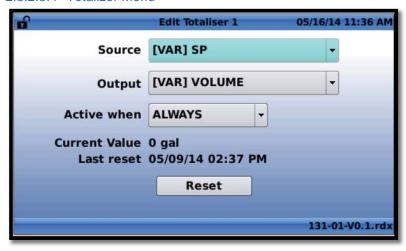


A point was added between the right most point and the next left point. Use the



function to change the position of this point.

2.3.2.3.4 Totalizer Menu



Input Field Description

Source: designates which input should be used as the source for the totalizer count.

Output: designates where the total should be sent after it is calculated.

Active when: designates when the totalizer should be active.

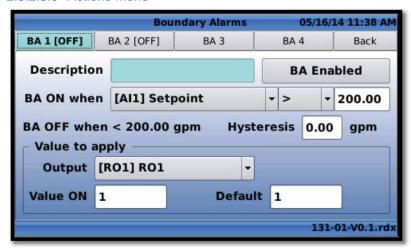
- Always: the totalizer will always be on.
- [Al1]: Conditional based on input; example below:



This totalizer is set to be active when the [AI1] Setpoint is greater than 10.00

Reset: This toggle button resets the totalizer to zero.

2.3.2.3.5 Actions Menu



Input Field Description

Description: Use this field to choose a unique name for each input.

A Enabled: designates that this action is enabled or disabled.

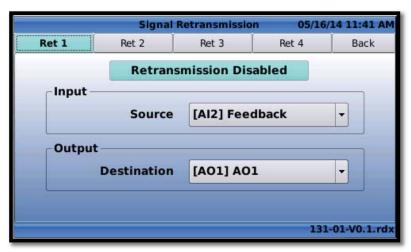
A ON when: conditional field that designates when this action is "ON", according to the value and operator used.

Output: designates which of the outputs to take action on.

Value ON: designates the value to apply to the selected output.

Default: designates the default value of that action – which will be applied while the action is in the "OFF" state.

2.3.2.3.6 Retransmission Menu

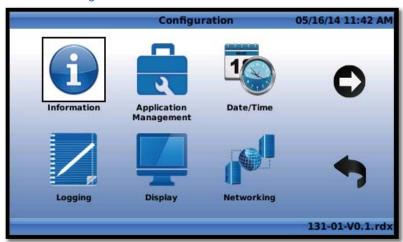


Input Field Description

Source: designates which of the analog inputs are to be copied.

Destination: designates which of the analog outputs are to be used to retransmit the selected input.

2.3.2.4 Settings Menu

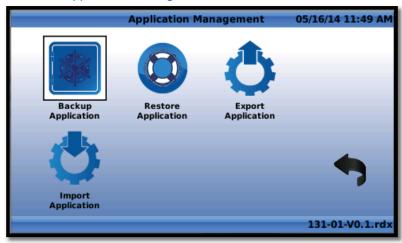


2.3.2.4.1 Information Page



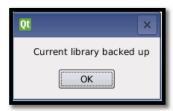
Device information page provides unique identifying information for each VC-22D, as well as displays the current software revisions for the internal operating systems.

2.3.2.4.2 Application management Menu

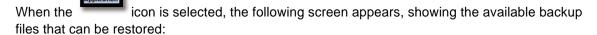


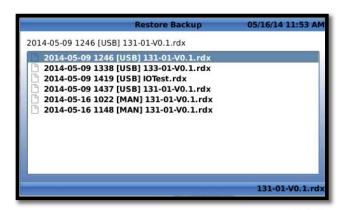
2.3.2.4.2.1 Backup Application

When the is selected, the following dialog box appears, which verifies that the .rdx file has been saved to the internal SD memory card:



2.3.2.4.2.2 Restore Application





Select the appropriate file to restore, then click . The following dialog box will appear to confirm your choice:



Select "Yes" to restore to the chosen backup file. Select "No" to cancel the backup.

From the Restore Backup Screen, click the



button to return to the previous menu.



(long click) on the button to return to the main menu and cancel out of the menu.

2.3.2.4.2.3 Export Application

In order to use the functionality of the Export Application Function, ensure that a USB Flash drive is inserted into the USB-A Slot in the VC-22D

When the is selected, the following screen appears to show the directory of the USB drive inserted into the VC-22D.



• Click the button to export to the USB drive main directory. The following dialog box will appear to confirm the selection:



- Select "Yes" to export to the chosen .rdx file. Select "No" to cancel the export.
- From the Export to USB Screen, click the button to return to the previous menu.

(long click) on the button to return to the main menu and cancel out of the menu.

Export Application

If the selected without a USB drive inserted into the USB-A slot, the



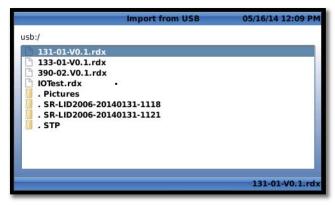
following dialog box will appear:

2.3.2.4.2.4 Import Application

In order to use the functionality of the Export Application Function, ensure that a USB Flash drive is inserted into the USB-A Slot in the VC-22D

When the is selected, the following screen appears to show the directory of the USB drive inserted into the VC-22D.

Click the button to export to the USB drive main directory. The following dialog



box will appear to confirm the selection:



- Select "Yes" to import the chosen .rdx file. Select "No" to cancel the import.
- From the Import from USB screen, click the button to return to the previous menu.

(long click) on the button to return to the main menu and cancel out of the menu.

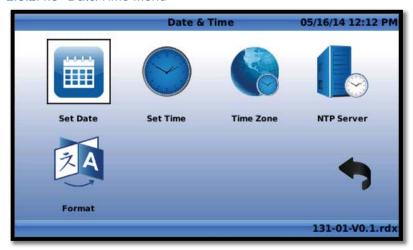


If the is selected without a USB drive inserted into the USB-A slot, the



following dialog box will appear:

2.3.2.4.3 Date/Time Menu





- select to set the date.



- select to set the time.



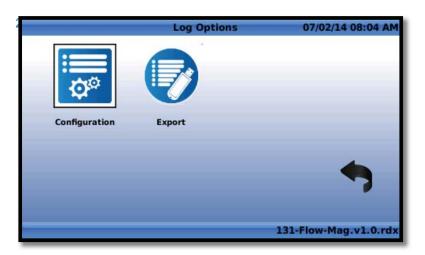
- select to set the time zone.



- select to set the NTP Server address (if applicable).



- select to set the language and date/time format.





Select to enter the log configuration menu.



The most important parameter in this nenu is log interval. This field determines now often a record is taken. The fastest og interval is 1 minute. By default all configured I/O is logged.

Select to export log files to USB drive.

Choose the log files to export:

Log files for the last 24 hours
Log files for the last 7 days
Log files for the last 30 days
All log files

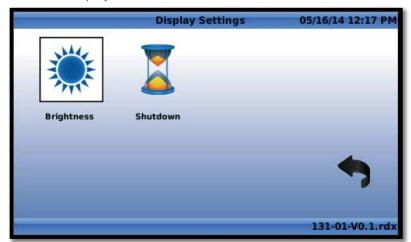
All log files
131-Flow-Mag.v1.0.rdx

Choose from one of the following options

& **(**

select to export. Confirm a USB drive is installed before exporting.

2.3.2.4.5 Display Menu

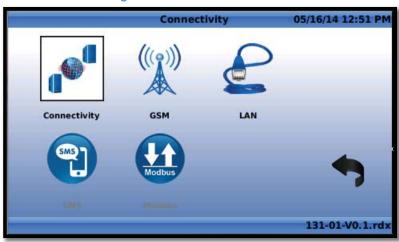




- select to set the screen brightness %. 100% is maximum, 1% is minimum.

- select to set the shutdown time. 0 is the default value and will keep the system on all the time.

2.3.2.4.6 Networking menu



- allows the user to input address information for a LAN (Land Area Network) connection.

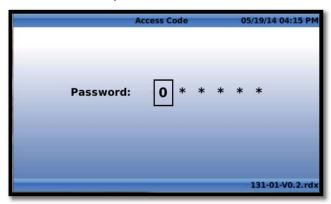
In order to access the extra Settings Menus, select the button, which will navigate to page 2 of the Settings menu.





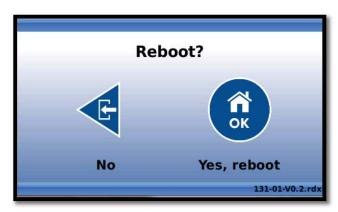


2.3.2.4.7 Security Menu



Allows the user to enter a unique password.

Default password is **000000**.



2.3.2.4.8 Reboot Button

Allows the user to reboot the VC-22D.

- Click to cancel the reboot
- Once the system reboots, it will take approximately 45-120 seconds to restart.

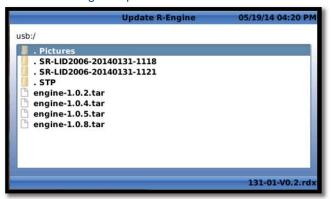


to confirm the reboot.

2.3.2.4.9 Advanced Menu

2.3.2.4.9.1 Engine Update

menu.



• If a USB Flash drive is inserted into the USB-A slot, then the VC-22D will show the contents of that drive. Navigate to the selected ".tar" file and click

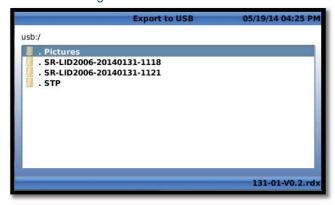
NOTE: there must be a USB Flash Drive attached to the VC-22D with a ".tar" file in order for the system to accomplish "Engine Update".

• From the Import from USB screen, click the button to return to the previous menu.

(long click) on the button to return to the main menu and cancel out of the

^{**}Warning: there is no confirmation screen associated with this feature, so only click on the selected ".tar" file when ready to perform the engine update.

2.3.2.4.9.2 Diag - USB



This feature allows the user to export a log file to an inserted USB Flash Drive. From this menu, click and the file will be written to the current directory. The following dialog box will appear to confirm the export; Select "Yes" or "No".



2.3.2.4.9.3 Factory Reset



When the reconstruction is chose, the following dialog box will appear to confirm or cancel the factory reset: **WARNING - Choosing "YES" will erase all configured Inputs, Outputs and PID settings and return the VC-22D to factory conditions.***



From the Import from USB screen, click the



button to return to the previous menu.

button to return to the main menu and cancel out of the

After the factory reset has taken place, the following screen will appear to prompt the next choice:



button to load from the internal library. When the proper file has been selected, the following screen will appear to confirm the choice.



button to load from an attached USB Flash Drive. When the proper file

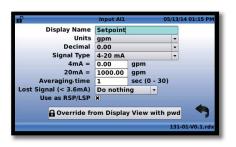


has been selected, the following screen will appear to confirm the choice.

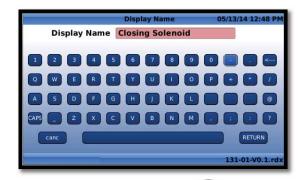
The VC-22D will restart and the application will be loaded upon startup of the system.

2.4 In-Menu Navigation

2.4.1 Keyboard functionality







- Letter Selection use arrow keys to navigate to letters and then press to selected each letter.
- Deleting text navigate to button and press to delete letters.
- Capital Letter (CAPS) Selection select and press. The CAPS button will become red. Now all of the text in the window will come in ALL CAPITAL LETTERS.



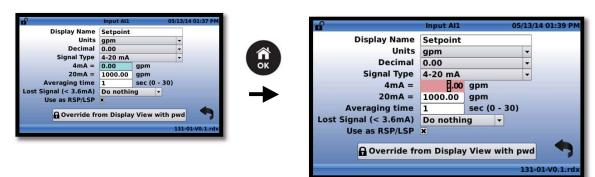


Accept text – navigate to the RETURN button and press to accept the text

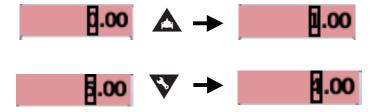
Alternately, long hold (more than 2 seconds) on will also accept the text.

Cancel text changes – navigate to cancel text changes.

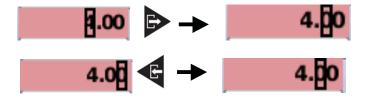
2.4.2 Numeral selection



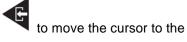
- Press to enter the numeral selection field.
- Use and to increase and decrease the selected numeral.



• Use and to move the cursor to the left and right, respectively.



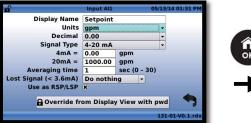
To add digits to the left of the current maximum use the



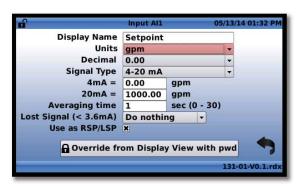


To accept changes, select to return to exit field.

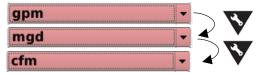
2.4.3 Drop-down menu

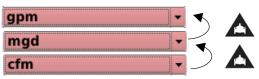






to navigate up and down the options in the drop down menu.

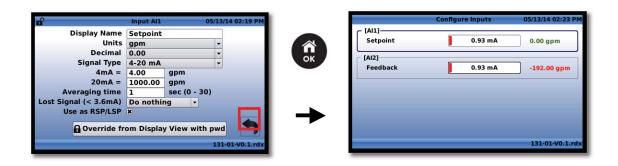




- Short click to accept the selection.
- will escape to Home Screen and cancel any selections.

etc...

2.4.4 "Back" Arrow



Navigate to

Navigate to return to the previous screen.

3 Applications

The following list shows the current available ValveApps that are included in each VC-22D.

Application Title	File Name (Max 38 Characters)	Thumbnail – Image
Flow Control - Flow Feedback	131-Flow-Mag.v1.0.rdx	عالم المالية
Flow Control - e-FlowMeter (X144) Feedback	131-Flow- X144.v1.0.rdx	
Flow Control - DP Metering and Position Feedback	133-Flow- DP+Pos.v1.2.rdx	
Flow Control - P1-P2 Metering and Position Feedback	131-Flow-P1- P2+Pos.v1.0.rdx	
Altitude Control – Modulating Level and Position Feedback	131-TankHeight- X117D.v1.0.rdx	
Altitude Control – Modulating Level and e-FlowMeter (X144) Feedback	131-TankHeight- X144.v1.0.rdx	
Position Control – Position Feedback	131-Pos- X117D.v1.0.rdx	

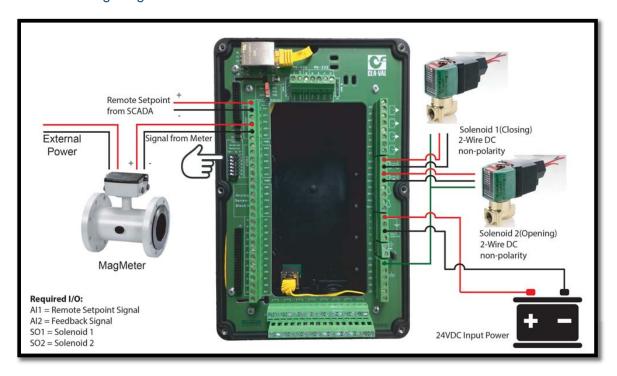
Applications (continued)

Downstream Control – Downstream Feedback	131- DownstreamPressure- P2v.1.0.rdx	:
Upstream Control – Upstream Feedback	131- UpstreamPressure- P1.v1.0.rdx	
Downstream Pressure Management Control – e-FlowMeter (X144) Set Point	390- PressureManagment- CRD33v.1.0.rdx	
Downstream Pressure Control + Set Point	390- DownstreamPressure- CRD33.v1.0.rdx	

3.1 131-01 Example: Control with Flow Feedback

This section will walk through the entire process of setting up and tuning a typical 131-01: Control with Flow Feedback Application.

3.1.1 Wiring Diagram



Inputs:

- SetPoint (4-20mA): from SCADA panel. Position: Al1+, Al1-
- Feedback (4-20mA); from Mag Meter. Position Al2+, Al2-

Outputs:

- SO1 (solenoid output): closing solenoid. Position SO1+, SO1-
- SO2 (solenoid output): opening solenoid. Position SO2+, SO2-
- Retransmission of feedback: (optional, not shown on wiring diagram). Position AO1, 0V

Power Input:

• 12-24 VDC. Position V+, V-

3.1.2 Home Menu Explanation



Images

• The home screen image will show the basic configuration of the application. The 131 application is a 100-01 Hytrol, with 2 solenoids to control closing and opening of the main valve. There is also a Mag Meter pictured which will provide the feedback signal.

Text

- Labels always black describes the type of input being displayed directly below it.
- Color coded values below are dynamic and display the actual value being measured.
 - o **Black** text shows that the value is within normal limits
 - o **Green** text shows that the value is being used as a Local Set Point (LSP)
 - o Blue text shows that the value has been manually overridden.
 - o Red text shows that the value is outside of normal limits.
 - Orange text shows that the value is being overridden on by an Action.

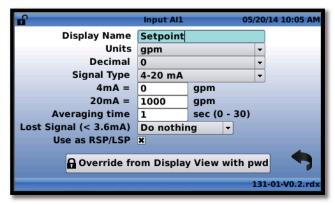
<u>Icons</u>

- shows that that the password protection has been disabled (upper left).
- LSP shows that the Local Set Point (LSP) is currently active (upper left).
- shows that Remote SetPoint (RSP) is currently active (upper left).
- III Shows that an Action #1 is "Enabled" but "OFF" (upper left).
- shows that an Action #2 is "Enabled" and "ON" (upper left).
- shows which solenoid is receiving active, according the configured PID loop (above Valve).
- 05/19/14 05:05 PM shows the current date and time (upper right).

• 131-01-v0.2.rdx - shows the current loaded ValveApp ".rdx" file (lower right).

3.1.3 Input Configuration

3.1.3.1 Input AI1 - Setpoint



Display Name: designate a name for the input – Default: "SetPoint".

Units: designate the flow units - Default: "gpm".

Decimal: designate the desired resolution on the units - Default: "0".

Signal Type: designate the desired signal type – Default: "4-20mA".

4mA: designate the desired 4mA scale - Default: "0".

20mA: designate the desired 20mA scale - Default: "1000".

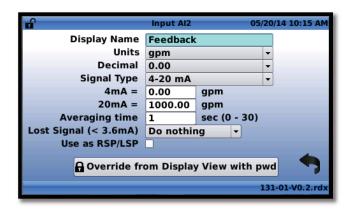
Averaging time: designate the desired filter time – Default: "1".

Lost Signal: designate action to be taken by VC-22D when the input signal is lost – Default "Do nothing".

Use as RSP/LSP: designate whether the input is to be used as RSP/LSP - Default "checked".

Override: designate whether to password protect the override feature - Default "unlocked".

3.1.3.2 Input Al2 - Feedback



Display Name: designate a name for the input – Default: "Feedback".

Units: designate the flow units - Default: "gpm".

Decimal: designate the desired resolution on the units - Default: "0".

Signal Type: designate the desired signal type – Default: "4-20mA".

4mA: designate the desired 4mA scale - Default: "0".

20mA: designate the desired 20mA scale - Default: "1000".

Averaging time: designate the desired filter time - Default: "1".

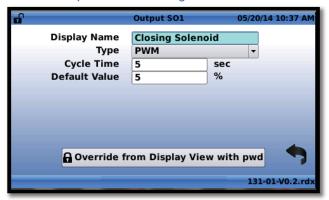
Lost Signal: designate action to be taken by VC-22D when the input signal is lost – Default "Do nothing".

Use as RSP/LSP: designate whether the input is to be used as RSP/LSP – Default "unchecked".

Override: designate whether to password protect the override feature - Default "unlocked".

3.1.4 Output Configuration

3.1.4.1 Output SO1 - Closing Solenoid



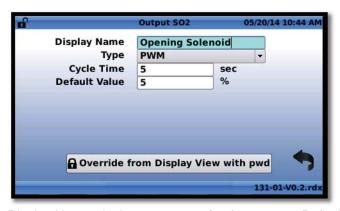
Display Name: designate a name for the output – Default: "Closing Solenoid".

Type: designate a type of output – Default: "PWM".

Cycle Time: designate a cycle time for the output action – Default: "5".

Default Value: designate an active time within the Cycle Time – Default: "5".

3.1.4.2 Output SO2 – Opening Solenoid



Display Name: designate a name for the output – Default: "Opening Solenoid".

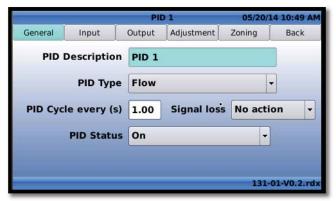
Type: designate a type of output – Default: "PWM".

Cycle Time: designate a cycle time for the output action – Default: "5".

Default Value: designate an active time within the Cycle Time – Default: "5".

3.1.5 PID Configuration

3.1.5.1 General Tab



PID Description: designate name of PID control loop – Default: "PID 1".

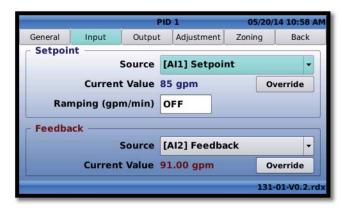
PID Type: designate type of PID control loop – Default: "Flow".

PID Cycle: designate time for one calculation cycle – Default: "1.00"

Signal loss: designate appropriate action when the SetPoint signal is lost - Default: "No action".

PID Status: designate whether the PID control loop should be active - Default: "On".

3.1.5.2 Input Tab



Setpoint

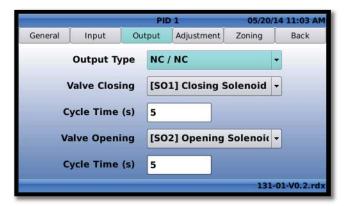
Source: designate the appropriate source for the SetPoint – Default: "[Al1] Setpoint".

Ramping: designate the appropriate ramping between setpoint changes - Default: "Off".

Source

Source: designate the appropriate source for the Feedback – Default: "[Al2] Feedback".

3.1.5.3 Output Tab



Output Type: designate the appropriate arrangement for the solenoids – Default: "NC/NC".

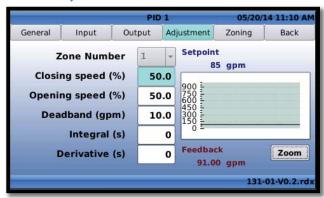
Valve Closing: designate which solenoid should be used to close the valve – Default: "[SO1] Closing Solenoid".

Cycle Time: designate the cycle time for closing solenoid action – Default: "5".

Valve Opening: designate which solenoid should be used to open the valve – Default: "[SO1] Opening Solenoid".

Cycle Time: designate the cycle time for opening solenoid action – Default: "5".

3.1.5.4 Adjustment Tab



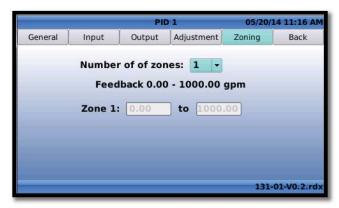
Closing Speed: If the valve is reacting too fast and causing overshoot, reduce this number. If the valve is reacting to changes to slowly, increase this number – Default: "50.0".

Opening Speed: If the valve is reacting too fast and causing overshoot, reduce this number. If the valve is reacting to changes to slowly, increase this number – Default: "50.0".

Deadband: designate where the valve is to be at rest by setting the deadband – Default: "10.0".

Integral and Derivative: don't use these unless you contact Cla-Val Technical Support – Default: "0".

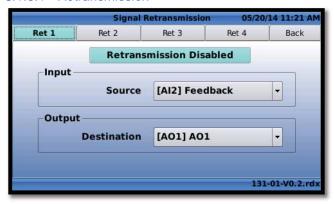
3.1.5.5 Zoning Tab



Number of zones: designate number of zones for PID control loop – Default: "1".

3.1.6 Extra Feature Configuration

3.1.6.1 Retransmission



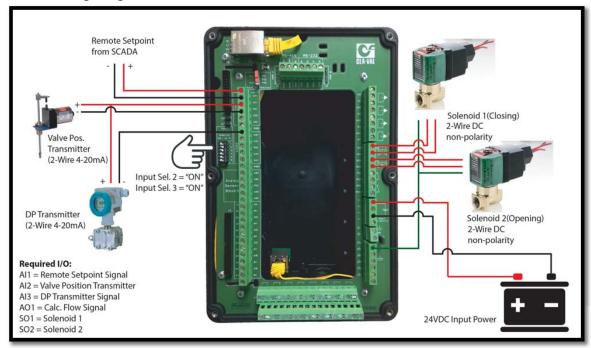
Retransmission Toggle: designate if the Retransmission should be enabled – Default: "Disabled"

Input: designate input signal to retransmit – Default: "[Al2] Feedback".

Output: designate the output to use for retransmission – Default: "[AO1]"

3.2 133-01 Example: Metering Valve with DP and Position Feedback

3.2.1 Wiring Diagram



Inputs:

- SetPoint (4-20mA): from SCADA panel. Position: Al1+, Al1-
- Feedback (4-20mA); from Valve Position Transmitter. Position: PO1, Al2+.
- Feedback (4-20mA); from Differential Pressure Transmitter. Position: PO1 (or PO2), Al3+

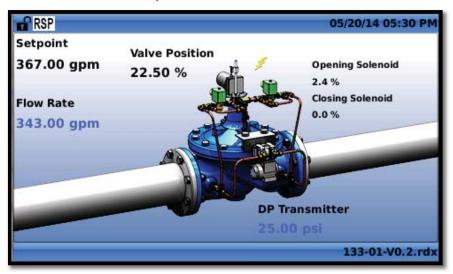
Outputs:

- SO1 (solenoid output): closing solenoid. Position SO1+, SO1-
- SO2 (solenoid output): opening solenoid. Position SO2+, SO2-
- Output of Calculated Flow Signal: (optional, not shown on wiring diagram). Position AO1,
 0V

Power Input:

• 12-24 VDC. Position V+, V-

3.2.2 Home Menu Explanation



<u>Images</u>

• The home screen image will show the basic configuration of the application. The 133 application is a 100-01 Hytrol, a position transmitter, a differential pressure transducer, and 2 solenoids to control closing and opening of the main valve.

Text

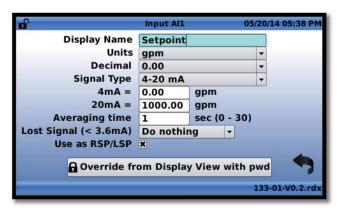
- Labels always black describes the type of input being displayed directly below it.
- Color coded values below are dynamic and display the actual value being measured.
 - o **Black** text shows that the value is within normal limits
 - o Green text shows that the value is being used as a Local Set Point (LSP)
 - Blue text shows that the value has been manually overridden.
 - Red text shows that the value is outside of normal limits.
 - o Orange text shows that the value is being overridden on by an Action.

Icons

- shows that that the password protection has been disabled (upper left).
- LSP shows that the Local Set Point (LSP) is currently active (upper left).
- RSP shows that Remote SetPoint (RSP) is currently active (upper left).
- B1 shows that an Action is "Enabled" but "OFF" (upper left).
- But an Action is "Enabled" and "ON" (upper left).
- shows which solenoid is receiving active, according the configured PID loop (above Valve).
- 05/19/14 05:05 PM shows the current date and time (upper right).
- 133-01-v0.1-rdx shows the current loaded ValveApp ".rdx" file (lower right).

3.2.3 Input Configuration

3.2.3.1 Input AI1 - Setpoint



Display Name: designate a name for the input - Default: "SetPoint".

Units: designate the flow units - Default: "gpm".

Decimal: designate the desired resolution on the units - Default: "0".

Signal Type: designate the desired signal type – Default: "4-20mA".

4mA: designate the desired 4mA scale - Default: "0".

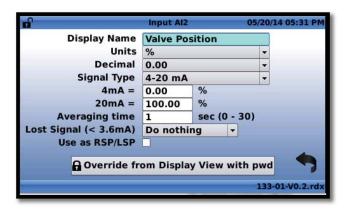
20mA: designate the desired 20mA scale - Default: "1000".

Averaging time: designate the desired filter time – Default: "1".

Lost Signal: designate action to be taken by VC-22D when the input signal is lost – Default "Do nothing".

Use as RSP/LSP: designate whether the input is to be used as RSP/LSP – Default "checked".

3.2.3.2 Input Al2 - Valve Position



Display Name: designate a name for the input – Default: "Valve Position".

Units: designate the flow units - Default: "%".

Decimal: designate the desired resolution on the units – Default: "0".

Signal Type: designate the desired signal type – Default: "4-20mA".

4mA: designate the desired 4mA scale - Default: "0".

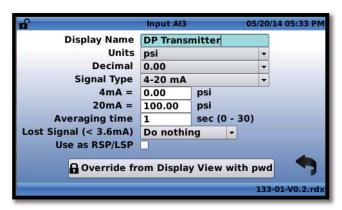
20mA: designate the desired 20mA scale - Default: "100".

Averaging time: designate the desired filter time – Default: "1".

Lost Signal: designate action to be taken by VC-22D when the input signal is lost – Default "Do nothing".

Use as RSP/LSP: designate whether the input is to be used as RSP/LSP – Default "unchecked".

3.2.3.3 Input AI3 – DP Transmitter



Display Name: designate a name for the input – Default: "DP Transmitter".

Units: designate the flow units - Default: "psi".

Decimal: designate the desired resolution on the units - Default: "0".

Signal Type: designate the desired signal type – Default: "4-20mA".

4mA: designate the desired 4mA scale - Default: "0".

20mA: designate the desired 20mA scale - Default: "100".

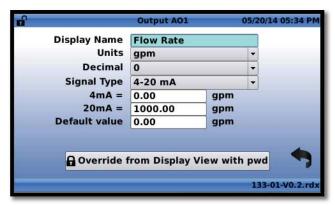
Averaging time: designate the desired filter time - Default: "1".

Lost Signal: designate action to be taken by VC-22D when the input signal is lost – Default "Do nothing".

Use as RSP/LSP: designate whether the input is to be used as RSP/LSP – Default "unchecked".

3.2.4 Output Configuration

3.2.4.1 Output AO1 – Flow Rate



Display Name: designate a name for the output – Default: "Flow Rate".

Units: designate the flow units - Default: "gpm".

Decimal: designate the desired resolution on the units – Default: "0.00".

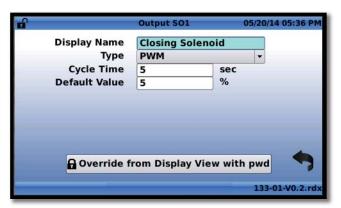
Signal Type: designate the desired signal type – Default: "4-20mA".

4mA: designate the desired 4mA scale - Default: "0".

20mA: designate the desired 20mA scale - Default: "1000".

Default value: designate the desired default value – Default: "0.00".

3.2.4.2 Output SO1 – Closing Solenoid



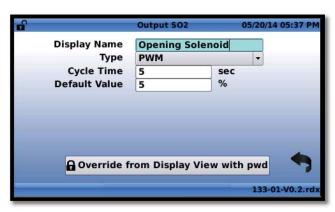
Display Name: designate a name for the output – Default: "Closing Solenoid".

Type: designate a type of output – Default: "PWM".

Cycle Time: designate a cycle time for the output action - Default: "5".

Default Value: designate an active time within the Cycle Time - Default: "5".

3.2.4.3 Output SO2 - Opening Solenoid



Display Name: designate a name for the output – Default: "Opening Solenoid".

Type: designate a type of output – Default: "PWM".

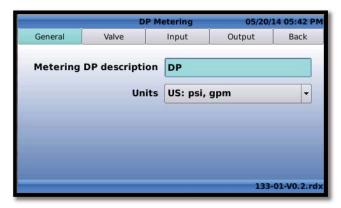
Cycle Time: designate a cycle time for the output action – Default: "5".

Default Value: designate an active time within the Cycle Time – Default: "5".



3.2.5 DP Metering

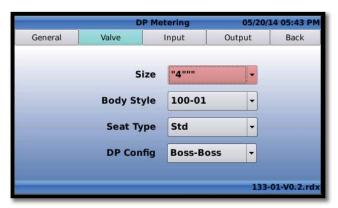
3.2.5.1 General Tab



Metering DP Description: designate a name for the function – Default: "DP".

Units: designate a units set - Default: "US: psi, gpm"

3.2.5.2 Valve Tab

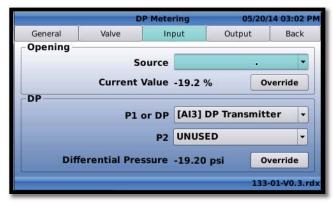


Size: designate the size of the valve - Default: "4"".

Body Style: designate the body style of the valve - Default: "100-01"

Seat Type: designate the type of seat of the valve - Default: "Std"

DP Config: designate the location of the DP pressure transducer bosses (or P1-P2 pressure transducers) – Default: "Boss-Boss".



3.2.5.3 Input Tab

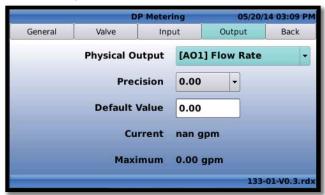
Valve Opening

Source: designate the appropriate AI for the position transmitter – Default: "[AI2] Pos. Trans" *DP*

P1 or DP: designate if the DP signal comes from P1-P2 or from a DP transmitter. Select appropriate AI for either the P1 or the DP transducer – Default: "[AI3] DP".

P2: if using P1-P2 for DP signal, designate AI for P2 – Default: "UNUSED".

3.2.5.4 Output Tab



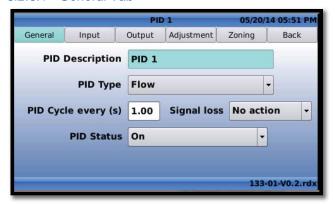
Physical Output: designate which output should be used for the calculated flow signal – Default: "[AO1] Flow Rate".

Precision: designate how many decimal places should be used for the calculated flow rate – Default: "0.00".

Default Value: designate the default value - Default: "0.00".

3.2.6 PID Configuration PID Configuration

3.2.6.1 General Tab



PID Description: designate name of PID control loop - Default: "PID 1".

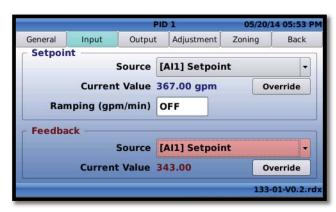
PID Type: designate type of PID control loop – Default: "Flow".

PID Cycle: designate time for one calculation cycle - Default: "1.00"

Signal loss: designate appropriate action when the SetPoint signal is lost – Default: "No action".

PID Status: designate whether the PID control loop should be active - Default: "On".

3.2.6.2 Input Tab



Setpoint

Source: designate the appropriate source for the SetPoint – Default: "[Al1] Setpoint".

Ramping: designate the appropriate ramping between setpoint changes - Default: "Off".

Source

Source: designate the appropriate source for the Feedback – Default: "[AO1] Flow".

3.2.6.3 Output Tab



Output Type: designate the appropriate arrangement for the solenoids – Default: "NC/NC".

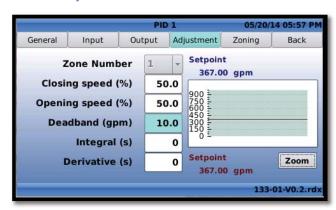
Valve Closing: designate which solenoid should be used to close the valve – Default: "[SO1] Closing Solenoid".

Cycle Time: designate the cycle time for closing solenoid action – Default: "5".

Valve Opening: designate which solenoid should be used to open the valve – Default: "[SO1] Opening Solenoid".

Cycle Time: designate the cycle time for opening solenoid action – Default: "5".

3.2.6.4 Adjustment Tab



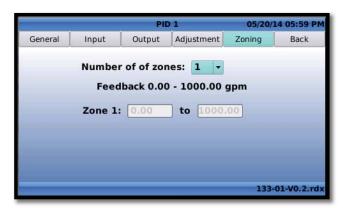
Closing Speed: If the valve is reacting too fast and causing overshoot, reduce this number. If the valve is reacting to changes to slowly, increase this number – Default: "50.0".

Opening Speed: If the valve is reacting too fast and causing overshoot, reduce this number. If the valve is reacting to changes to slowly, increase this number – Default: "50.0".

Deadband: designate where the valve is to be at rest by setting the deadband – Default: "10.0".

Integral and Derivative: don't use these unless you contact Cla-Val Technical Support – Default: "0".

3.2.6.5 Zoning Tab

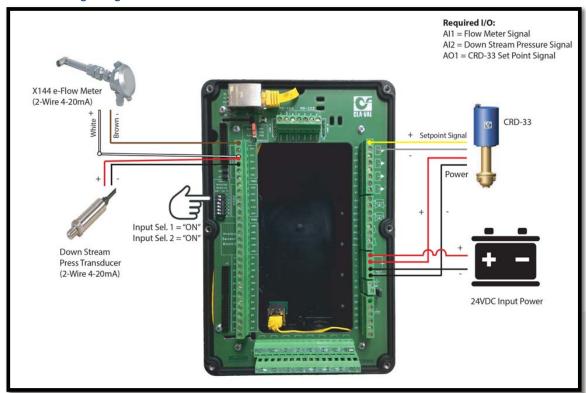


Number of zones: designate number of zones for PID control loop – Default: "1".

3.3 390-01 Example: Pressure Management with CRD-33 and X144 Feedback

This section will walk through the entire process of setting up and tuning a typical 390-01.

3.3.1 Wiring Diagram



Inputs:

- SetPoint (4-20mA): from X144 e-FlowMeter. Position: PO1 (white wire), Al1+ (brown wire)
- Feedback (4-20mA); from Down Stream Pressure Transducer. Position PO1, Al2+

Outputs:

AO1 (4-20mA): CRD-33 Command Signal. Position AO1 (yellow wire), 0V (grey wire)

Power Input:

- To VC-22D: 12-24 VDC. Position V+, V-
- To CRD-33: 12-24 VDC. Position V+ (red wire), V- (black wire)

3.3.2 Home Menu Explanation



Images

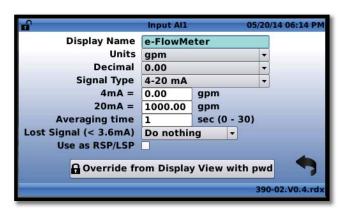
- The home screen image will show the basic configuration of the application. The 390 application is a 100-01 Hytrol, with a CRD-33 motorized pilot to control downstream pressure and an X144 e-FlowMeter to monitor flow.
- Text
- · Labels always black describes the type of input being displayed directly below it.
- Color coded values below are dynamic and display the actual value being measured.
 - o **Black** text shows that the value is within normal limits
 - o Green text shows that the value is being used as a Local Set Point (LSP)
 - o Blue text shows that the value has been manually overridden.
 - Red text shows that the value is outside of normal limits.
 - Orange text shows that the value is being overridden on by an Action.

Icons

- **III** shows that that the password protection has been disabled (upper left).
- LSP shows that the Local Set Point (LSP) is currently active (upper left).
- RSP shows that Remote SetPoint (RSP) is currently active (upper left).
- Bull Shows that an Action is "Enabled" but "OFF" (upper left).
- Bull shows that an Action is "Enabled" and "ON" (upper left).
- shows which solenoid is receiving active, according the configured PID loop (above Valve).
- 05/19/14 05:05 PM shows the current date and time (upper right).
- 390-02.V0.4.rdx shows the current loaded ValveApp ".rdx" file (lower right).

3.3.3 Input Configuration

3.3.3.1 Input AI1 – e-FlowMeter



Display Name: designate a name for the input – Default: "e-FlowMeter".

Units: designate the flow units - Default: "gpm".

Decimal: designate the desired resolution on the units – Default: "0".

Signal Type: designate the desired signal type – Default: "4-20mA".

4mA: designate the desired 4mA scale - Default: "0".

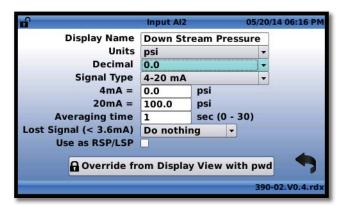
20mA: designate the desired 20mA scale - Default: "1000".

Averaging time: designate the desired filter time - Default: "1".

Lost Signal: designate action to be taken by VC-22D when the input signal is lost – Default "Do nothing".

Use as RSP/LSP: designate whether the input is to be used as RSP/LSP - Default "checked".

3.3.3.2 Input Al2 – Down Stream Pressure



Display Name: designate a name for the input – Default: "Down Stream Pressure".

Units: designate the flow units - Default: "psi".

Decimal: designate the desired resolution on the units – Default: "0.0".

Signal Type: designate the desired signal type – Default: "4-20mA".

4mA: designate the desired 4mA scale - Default: "0".

20mA: designate the desired 20mA scale - Default: "100.0".

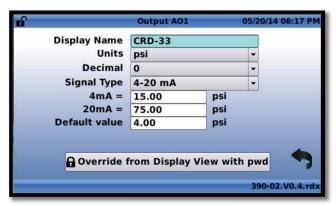
Averaging time: designate the desired filter time - Default: "1".

Lost Signal: designate action to be taken by VC-22D when the input signal is lost – Default "Do nothing".

Use as RSP/LSP: designate whether the input is to be used as RSP/LSP – Default "unchecked".

3.3.4 Output Configuration

3.3.4.1 Output AO1 - CRD-33



Display Name: designate a name for the output - Default: "CRD-33".

Units: designate the flow units - Default: "psi".

Decimal: designate the desired resolution on the units - Default: "0".

Signal Type: designate the desired signal type – Default: "4-20mA".

4mA: designate the desired 4mA scale - Default: "15".

20mA: designate the desired 20mA scale - Default: "75".

Default value: designate the desired default value - Default: "4.00".



3.3.5 Control Curve Configuration

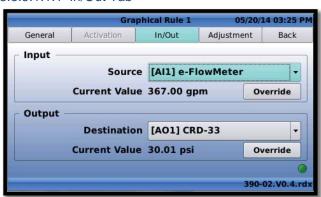
3.3.5.1 General Tab



GR Description: designate a name for the custom control curve – Default: "Flow vs Pressure".

GR Status: designate whether the control curve is On or Off – Default: "On"

3.3.5.1.1.1 In/Out Tab



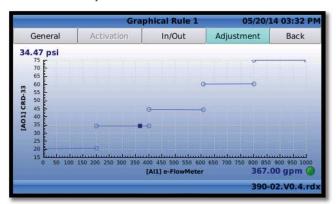
Input

Source: designate the input flow signal location – Default: "[Al1] e-FlowMeter".

Output

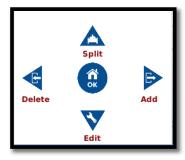
Destination: designate the analog output location for the motorized control – Default: "[AO1] CRD-33".

3.3.5.1.1.2 Adjustment Tab



This screen describes the relationship between the input on the X-axis (in this case, Flow) and the output on the Y-axis (in this case, Pressure). This screen describes that as the flow increases, the CRD-33 will step the pressure up according to the graph. This example shows a stepped approach, but a single line could also be used if a smooth relationship between flow and pressure is required.

Using the and keys, navigate between each of the points on the screen. While on a point, click to arrive at the following menu:

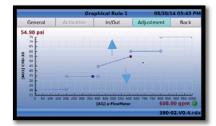


Using the functionality of these tools, many shapes and custom curves can be created to tailor each specific application to the customer's unique needs. See below for a detailed explanation of how to use each of the tools to make changes to the standard curve.

• Use the button to split a point, shown below: After the point is split, it can be moved up or down using the and buttons.



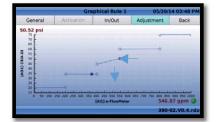




• Use the button to edit a point, see below. After it is in "edit" mode, it can be moved from left to right using the and keys, and up and down using the and keys. See below for details:

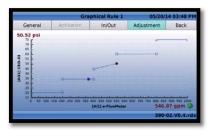




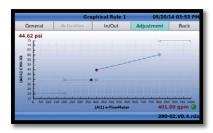


Use the button to add a point

• Use the button to delete a point.







The point that was selected in the screen on the left is now gone, having been replaced by a solid line between the points to the left and right.



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Fax: (703) 721-1927

CENTRAL REGION

8707 Forney Road Dallas, TX 75227 Phone: (214) 388-3493 Fax: (214) 381-9579

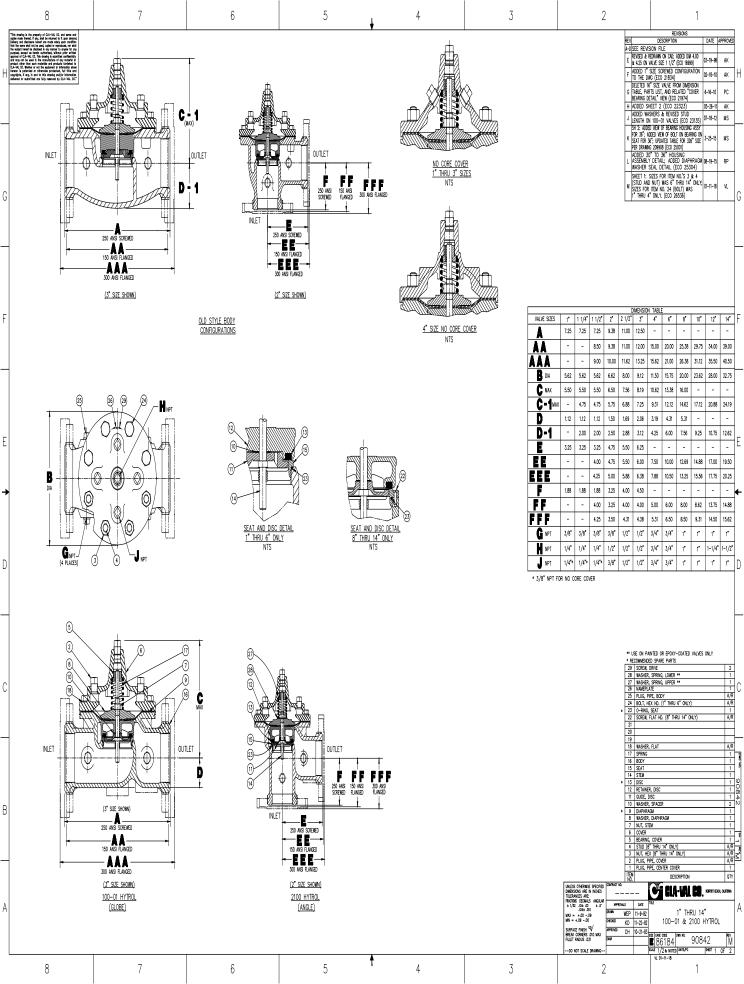
WESTERN REGION

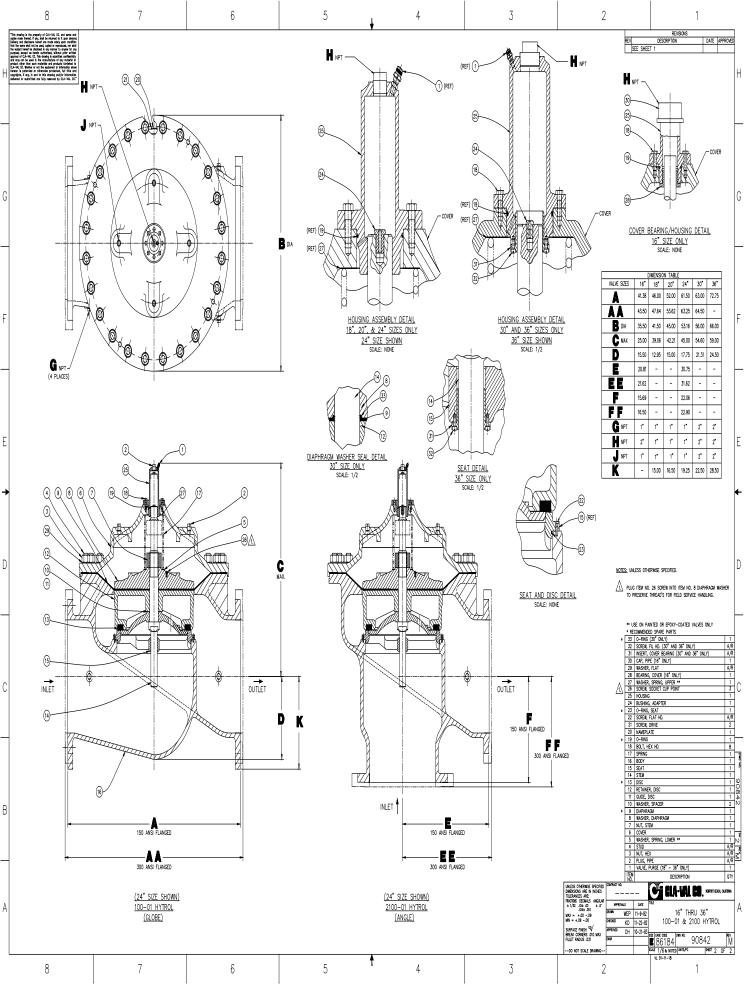
11626 Sterling Avenue, Suite F Riverside, CA 92503 Phone: (800) 247-9090 Fax: (951) 687-9954

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45 Kennaway Road Woolston, Christchurch 8023 New Zealand Phone: 64-39644860 info@cla-vapacific.com www.cla-valpacific.com

CLA-VAL LATIN AMERICA Av. patria 2085, Piso 1 Col. Puerta de Hierro 45116: Zapapan, Jalisco Phone: + 52 (33) 80007565 info@cla-val-latinamerica.com www.cla-val-latinamerica.com





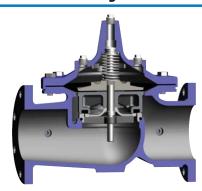


-MODEL 100-01 Hytrol Valve

Description

The Cla-Val Model 100-01 Hytrol Valve is a main valve for Cla-Val Automatic Control Valves. It is a hydraulically operated, diaphragm-actuated, globe or angle pattern valve.

This valve consists of three major components; body, diaphragm assembly, and cover. The diaphragm assembly is the only moving part. The diaphragm assembly uses a diaphragm of nylon fabric bonded with synthetic rubber. A synthetic rubber disc, contained on three and one half sides by a disc retainer and disc guide, forms a seal with the valve seat when pressure is applied above the diaphragm. The diaphragm assembly forms a sealed chamber in the upper portion of the valve, separating operating pressure from line pressure.



Installation

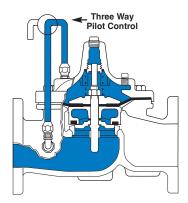
inspection.

- 1. Before valve is installed, pipe lines should be flushed of all chips, scale and foreign matter.
- 2. It is recommended that either gate or block valves be installed on both ends of the 100-01 Hytrol Valve to facilitate isolating the valve for preventive maintenance and repairs.
- 3. Place the valve in the line with flow through the valve in the direction indicated on the inlet nameplate. (See "Flow Direction" Section) Note: Valve can be installed in the vertical or horizontal position.

 4. Allow sufficient room around valve to make adjustments and for dis-
- assembly.

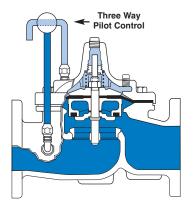
 5. Cla-Val 100-01 Hytrol Valves operate with maximum efficiency when mounted in horizontal piping with the cover UP, however, other positions are acceptable. Due to size and weight of the cover and internal components of 8 inch and larger valves, installation with the cover UP is advisable. This makes internal parts readily accessible for periodic
- 6. Caution must be taken in the installation of this valve to insure that galvanic and/or electrolytic action does not take place. The proper use of dielectric fittings and gaskets are required in all systems using dissimilar metals.
- 7. If a pilot control system is installed on the 100-01 Hytrol Valve, use care to prevent damage. If it is necessary to remove fittings or components, be sure they are kept clean and replaced exactly as they were.
- 8. After the valve is installed and the system is first pressurized, vent air from the cover chamber and pilot system tubing by loosening fittings at all high points.

Principles of Operation



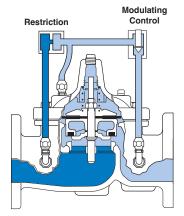
Tight Closing Operation

When pressure from the valve inlet (or an equivalent independent operating pressure) is applied to the diaphragm chamber the valve closes drip-tight.



Full Open Operation

When pressure in diaphragm chamber is relieved to a zone of lower pressure (usually atmosphere) the line pressure (5 psi Min.) at the valve inlet opens the valve

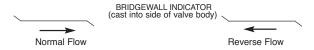


Modulating Action

Valve modulates when diaphragm pressure is held at an intermediate point between inlet and discharge pressure. With the use of a Cla-Val. "modulating control," which reacts to line pressure changes, the pressure above the diaphragm is varied, allowing the valve to throttle and compensate for the change.

Flow Direction

The flow through the 100-01 Hytrol Valve can be in one of two directions. When flow is "up-and-over the seat," it is in "normal" flow and the valve will fail in the open position. When flow is "overthe seat-and down," it is in "reverse" flow and the valve will fail in the closed position. There are no permanent flow arrow markings. The valve must be installed according to nameplate data.



Recommended Tools

- 1. Three pressure gauges with ranges suitable to the installation to be put at Hytrol inlet, outlet and cover connections.
- Cla-Val Model X101 Valve Position Indicator. This provides visual indication of valve position without disassembly of valve.
- 3. Other items are: suitable hand tools such as screwdrivers, wrenches, etc. soft jawed (brass or aluminum) vise, 400 grit wet or dry sandpaper and water for cleaning.

Troubleshooting

The following troubleshooting information deals strictly with the Model 100-01 Hytrol Valve. This assumes that all other components of the pilot control system have been checked out and are in proper working condition. (See appropriate sections in Technical Manual for complete valve).

All trouble shooting is possible without removing the valve from the line or removing the cover. It is highly recommended to permanently install a Model X101 Valve Position Indicator and three gauges in unused Hytrol inlet, outlet and cover connections.

SYMPTOM	PROBABLE CAUSE	REMEDY						
	Closed isolation valves in control system, or in main line.	Open Isolation valves.						
Fails to Close	Lack of cover chamber pressure.	Check upstream pressure, pilot system, strainer, tubing, valves, or needle valves for obstruction.						
	Diaphragm damaged. (See Diaphragm Check.)	Replace diaphragm.						
	Diaphragm assembly inoperative. Corrosion or excessive scale build up on valve stem. (See Freedom of Movement Check)	Clean and polish stem. Inspect and replace any damaged or badly eroded part.						
	Mechanical obstruction. Object lodged in valve. (See Freedom of Movement Check)	Remove obstruction.						
	Worn disc. (See Tight Sealing Check)	Replace disc.						
	Badly scored seat. (See Tight Sealing Check)	Replace seat.						
Fails to Open	Closed upstream and/or downstream isolation valves in main line.	Open isolation valves.						
	Insufficient line pressure.	Check upstream pressure. (Minimum 5 psi flowing line pressure differential.)						
	Diaphragm assembly inoperative. Corrosion or excessive buildup on valve stem. (See Freedom of Movement Check)	Clean and polish stem. Inspect and replace any damaged or badly eroded part.						
	Diaphragm damaged. (For valves in "reverse flow" only)	Replace diaphragm.						

After checking out probable causes and remedies, the following three checks can be used to diagnose the nature of the problem before maintenance is started. They must be done in the order shown.

Three Checks

The 100-01 Hytrol Valve has only one moving part (the diaphragm and disc assembly). So, there are only three major types of problems to be considered.

First: Valve is stuck - that is, the diaphragm assembly is not free to move through a full stroke either from open to close or vice versa.

Second: Valve is free to move and can't close because of a worn out diaphragm.

Third: Valve leaks even though it is free to move and the diaphragm isn't leaking.

CAUTION:

Care should be taken when doing the troubleshooting checks on the 100-01 Hytrol Valve. These checks do require the valve to open fully. This will either allow a high flow rate through the valve, or the downstream pressure will quickly increase to the inlet pressure. In some cases, this can be very harmful. Where this is the case, and there are no block valves in the system to protect the downstream piping, it should be realized that the valve cannot be serviced under pressure. Steps should be taken to remedy this situation before proceeding any further.

Diaphragm Check (#1)

- Shut off pressure to the Hytrol Valve by slowly closing upstream and downstream isolation valves. SEE CAUTION.
- 2. Disconnect or close all pilot control lines to the valve cover and leave only one fitting in highest point of cover open to atmosphere.
- 3.With the cover vented to atmosphere, slowly open upstream isolation valve to allow some pressure into the Hytrol Valve body. Observe the open cover tapping for signs of continuous flow. It is not necessary to fully open isolating valve. Volume in cover chamber capacity chart will be displaced as valve moves to open position. Allow sufficient time for diaphragm assembly to shift positions. If there is no continuous flow, you can be quite certain the diaphragm is sound and the diaphragm assembly is tight. If the fluid appears to flow continuously this is a good reason to believe the diaphragm is either damaged or it is loose on the stem. In either case, this is sufficient cause to remove the valve cover and investigate the leakage. (See "Maintenance" Section for procedure.)

COVER CHAMBER CAPACITY

(Liquid Volume displaced when valve opens)

()	1 ,								
Valve size (inches)	Displacement								
	Gallons	Liters							
1 1/4	.020	.07							
1 1/2	.020	.07							
2	.032	.12							
2 1/2	.043	.16							
3	.080	.30							
4	.169	.64							
6	.531	2.0							
8	1.26	4.8							
10	2.51	9.5							
12	4.00	15.1							
14	6.50	24.6							
16	9.57	36.2							
20	12.00	45.4							
24	29.00	109.8							
30	42.00	197.0							
36	90.00	340.0							

Freedom of Movement Check (#2)

- 4. Determining the Hytrol Valve's freedom of movement can be done by one of two methods.
- **5.** For most valves it can be done after completing Diaphragm Check (Steps 1, 2, and 3). **SEE CAUTION**. At the end of step 3 the valve should be fully open.
- **6.** If the valve has a Cla-Val X101 Position Indicator, observe the indicator to see that the valve opens wide. Mark the point of maximum opening.
- 7. Re-connect enough of the control system to permit the application of inlet pressure to the cover. Open pilot system cock so pressure flows from the inlet into the cover.
- 8. While pressure is building up in the cover, the valve should close smoothly. There is a hesitation in every Hytrol Valve closure, which can be mistaken for a mechanical bind. The stem will appear to stop moving very briefly before going to the closed position. This slight pause is caused by the diaphragm flexing at a particular point in the valve's travel and is not caused by a mechanical bind.
- **9.** When closed, a mark should be made on the X101 Valve position indicator corresponding to the "closed" position. The distance between the two marks should be approximately the stem travel shown in chart.

STEM TRAVEL

(Fully Open to Fully Closed)

(.	, opo	a, 0.000a,	
Valve Size	(inches)	Travel (inc	ches)
Inches	MM	Inches	MM
1 1/4	32	0.4	10
1 1/2	40	0.4	10
2	50	0.6	15
2 1/2	65	0.7	18
3	80	0.8	20
4	100	1.1	28
6	150	1.7	43
8	200	2.3	58
10	250	2.8	71
12	300	3.4	86
14	350	4.0	100
16	400	4.5	114
20	500	5.6	143
24	600	6.7	165
30	800	7.5	190
36	900	8.5	216

- 10. If the stroke is different than that shown in stem travel chart this is a good reason to believe something is mechanically restricting the stroke of the valve at one end of its travel. If the flow does not stop through the valve when in the indicated "closed" position, the obstruction probably is between the disc and the seat. If the flow does stop, then the obstruction is more likely in the cover. In either case, the cover must be removed, and the obstruction located and removed. The stem should also be checked for scale buildup. (See "Maintenance, section for procedure.)
- 11. For valves 6" and smaller, the Hytrol Valve's freedom of movement check can also be done after all pressure is removed from the valve. SEE CAUTION. After closing inlet and outlet isolation valves and bleeding pressure from the valve, check that the cover chamber and the body are temporarily vented to atmosphere. Insert fabricated tool into threaded hole in top of valve stem, and lift the diaphragm assembly manually. Note any roughness. The diaphragm assembly should move smoothly throughout entire valve stroke. The tool is fabricated from rod that is threaded on one end to fit valve stem and has a "T" bar handle of some kind on the other end for easy gripping. (See chart in Step 4 of "Disassembly" Section.)
- 12. Place marks on this diaphragm assembly lifting tool when the valve is closed and when manually positioned open. The distance between the two marks should be approximately the stem travel shown in stem travel chart. If the stroke is different than that shown, there is a good reason to believe something is mechanically restricting the stroke of the valve. The cover must be removed, and the obstruction located and removed. The stem should also be checked for scale build-up. (See "Maintenance" Section for procedure.)

Tight Sealing Check (#3)

13. Test for seat leakage after completing checks #1 & #2 (Steps 1 to 12). SEE CAUTION. Close the isolation valve downstream of the Hytrol Valve. Apply inlet pressure to the cover of the valve, wait until it closes. Install a pressure gauge between the two closed valves using one of the two ports in the outlet side of the Hytrol. Watch the pressure gauge. If the pressure begins to climb, then either the downstream isolation valve is permitting pressure to creep back, or the Hytrol is allowing pressure to go through it. Usually the pressure at the Hytrol inlet will be higher than on the isolation valve discharge, so if the pressure goes up to the inlet pressure, you can be sure the Hytrol is leaking. Install another gauge downstream of isolating valve. If the pressure between the valves only goes up to the pressure on the isolation valve discharge, the Hytrol Valve is holding tight, and it was just the isolation valve leaking.

Maintenance

Preventative Maintenance

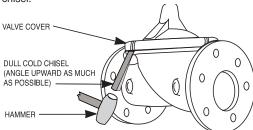
The Cla-Val Co. Model 100-01 Hytrol Valve requires no lubrication or packing and a minimum of maintenance. However, a periodic inspection schedule should be established to determine how the operating conditions of the system are affecting the valve. The effect of these actions must be determined by inspection.

Disassembly

Inspection or maintenance can be accomplished without removing the valve from the line. Repair kits with new diaphragm and disc are recommended to be on hand before work begins.

WARNING: Maintenance personnel can be injured and equipment damaged if disassembly is attempted with pressure in the valve. SEE CAUTION.

- 1. Close upstream and downstream isolation valves and independent operating pressure when used to shut off all pressure to the valve.
- 2. Loosen tube fittings in the pilot system to remove pressure from valve body and cover chamber. After pressure has been released from the valve, use care to remove the controls and tubing. Note and sketch position of tubing and controls for re-assembly. The schematic in front of the Technical Manual can be used as a guide when reassembling pilot system.
- 3. Remove cover nuts and remove cover. If the valve has been in service for any length of time, chances are the cover will have to be loosened by driving upward along the edge of the cover with a dull cold chisel.



On 6" and smaller valves block and tackle or a power hoist can be used to lift valve cover by inserting proper size eye bolt in place of the center cover plug. on 8" and larger valves there are 4 holes (5/8" 11 size) where jacking screws and/or eye bolts may be inserted for lifting purposes. Pull cover straight up to keep from damaging the integral seat bearing and stem.

COVER CENTER PLUG SIZE									
Valve Size	Thread Size (NPT)								
1 1/4"—1 1/2"	1/4"								
2"-3"	1/2"								
4"—6"	3/4"								
8"—10"	1"								
12"	1 1/4"								
14"	1 1/2"								
16"	2"								
20" & 24"	2"								
30" & 36"	2"								

4. Remove the diaphragm and disc assembly from the valve body. With smaller valves this can be accomplished by hand by pulling straight up on the stem so as not to damage the seat bearing. On large valves, an eye bolt of proper size can be installed in the stem and the diaphragm assembly can be then lifted with a block and tackle or power hoist. Take care not to damage the stem or bearings. The valve won't work if these are damaged.

TITINEAD SIZE	
Thread Size (UNF Internal)	
10-32	
1/4-28	
3/8—24	
	Thread Size (UNF Internal) 10-32 1/4-28

valve Size	Tilleau Size (UNF Iliteriiai)
1 1/4"—2 1/2"	10-32
3"-4"	1/4-28
6"—14"	3/8-24
16"	1/2—20
20	3/4-16
24"	3/4-16
30"	3/4-16
36"	3/4-16

VALVE STEM THREAD SIZE

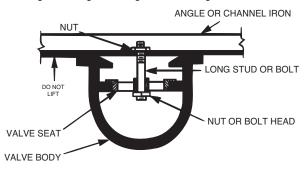
5. The next item to remove is the stem nut. Examine the stem threads above the nut for signs of mineral deposits or corrosion. If the threads are not clean, use a wire brush to remove as much of the residue as possible. Attach a good fitting wrench to the nut and give it a sharp "rap" rather than a steady pull. Usually several blows are sufficient to loosen the nut for further removal. On the smaller valves, the entire diaphragm assembly can be held by the stem in a vise equipped with soft brass jaws before removing the stem nut.

The use of a pipe wrench or a vise without soft brass jaws scars the fine finish on the stem. No amount of careful dressing can restore the stem to its original condition. Damage to the finish of the stem can cause the stem to bind in the bearings and the valve will not open or close.

- 6. After the stem nut has been removed, the diaphragm assembly breaks down into its component parts. Removal of the disc from the disc retainer can be a problem if the valve has been in service for a long time. Using two screwdrivers inserted along the outside edge of the disc usually will accomplish its removal. Care should be taken to preserve the spacer washers in water, particularly if no new ones are available for re-assembly.
- 7. The only part left in the valve body is the seat which ordinarily does not require removal. Careful cleaning and polishing of inside and outside surfaces with 400 wet/dry sandpaper will usually restore the seat's sharp edge. If, however, it is badly worn and replacement is necessary, it can be easily removed.

Seats in valve sizes 1 1/4" through 6" are threaded into the valve body. They can be removed with accessory X109 Seat Removing Tool available from the factory. On 8" and larger valves, the seat is held in place by flat head machine screws. Use a tight-fitting, long shank screwdriver to prevent damage to seat screws. If upon removal of the screws the seat cannot be lifted out, it will be necessary to use a piece of angle or channel iron with a hole drilled in the center. Place it across the body so a long stud can be inserted through the center hole in the seat and the hole in the angle iron. By tightening the nut a uniform upward force is exerted on the seat for removal.

NOTE: Do not lift up on the end of the angle iron as this may force the integral bearing out of alignment, causing the stem to bind.



Lime Deposits

One of the easiest ways to remove lime deposits from the valve stem or other metal parts is to dip them in a 5-percent muriatic acid solution just long enough for the deposit to dissolve. This will remove most of the common types of deposits. **CAUTION: USE EXTREME CARE WHEN HANDLING ACID.** Rinse parts in water before handling. If the deposit is not removed by acid, then a fine grit (400) wet or dry sandpaper can be used with water.

Inspection of Parts

After the valve has been disassembled, each part should be examined carefully for signs of wear, corrosion, or any other abnormal condition. Usually, it is a good idea to replace the rubber parts (diaphragm and disc) unless they are free of signs of wear. These are available in a repair kit. Any other parts which appear doubtful should be replaced. WHEN ORDERING PARTS, BE SURE TO GIVE COMPLETE NAMEPLATE DATA, ITEM NUMBER AND DESCRIPTION.

NOTE: If a new disc isn't available, the existing disc can be turned over, exposing the unused surface for contact with the seat. The disc should be replaced as soon as practical.

Reassembly

- 1. Reassembly is the reverse of the disassembly procedure. If a new disc has been installed, it may require a different number of spacer washers to obtain the right amount of "grip" on the disc. When the diaphragm assembly has been tightened to a point where the diaphragm cannot be twisted, the disc should be compressed very slightly by the disc guide. Excessive compression should be avoided. Use just enough spacer washers to hold the disc firmly without noticeable compression.
- 2. MAKE SURE THE STEM NUT IS VERY TIGHT. Attach a good fitting wrench to the nut and give it a sharp "rap" rather than a steady pull. Usually several blows are sufficient to tighten the stem nut for final tightening. Failure to do so could allow the diaphragm to pull loose and tear when subjected to pressure.
- 3. Carefully install the diaphragm assembly by lowering the stem through the seat bearing. Take care not to damage the stem or bearing. Line up the diaphragm holes with the stud or bolt holes on the body. on larger valves with studs, it may be necessary to hold the diaphragm assembly up part way while putting the diaphragm over the studs.
- **4.** Put spring in place and replace cover. Make sure diaphragm is lying smooth under the cover.
- 5. Tighten cover nuts firmly using a cross-over pattern until all nuts are tight.
- 6. Test Hytrol Valve before re-installing pilot valve system.

Test Procedure After Valve Assembly

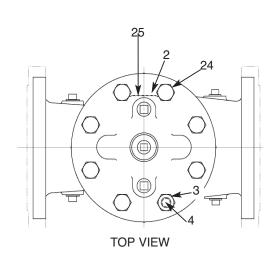
There are a few simple tests which can be made in the field to make sure the Hytrol Valve has been assembled properly. Do these before installing pilot system and returning valve to service. These are similar to the three troubleshooting tests.

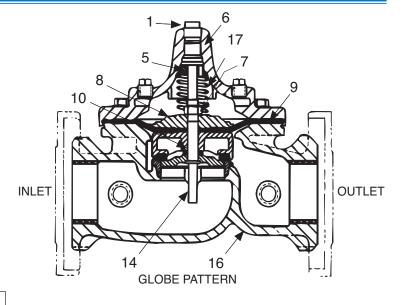
1. Check the diaphragm assembly for freedom of movement after all pressure is removed from the valve. SEE CAUTION. Insert fabricated tool into threaded hole in top of valve stem, and lift the diaphragm assembly manually. Note any roughness, sticking or grabbing. The diaphragm assembly should move smoothly throughout entire valve stroke. The tool is fabricated from rod that is threaded on one end to fit valve stem (See chart in Step 4 of "Disassembly" section.) and has a "T" Bar handle of some kind on the other end for easy gripping.

Place marks on this diaphragm assembly lifting tool when the valve is closed and when manually positioned open. The distance between the two marks should be approximately the stem travel shown in stem travel chart. (See "Freedom of Movement Check" section.) If the stroke is different than that shown, there is a good reason to believe something is mechanically restricting the stroke of the valve. The cover must be removed, the obstruction located and removed. (See "Maintenance" Section for procedure.)

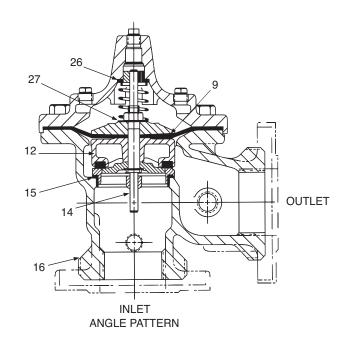
Due to the weight of the diaphragm assembly this procedure is not possible on valves 8" and larger. on these valves, the same determination can be made by carefully introducing a low pressure-less than five psi) into the valve body with the cover vented. **SEE CAUTION**. Looking in cover center hole see the diaphragm assembly lift easily without hesitation, and then settle back easily when the pressure is removed.

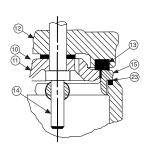
- 2. To check the valve for drip-tight closure, a line should be connected from the inlet to the cover, and pressure applied at the inlet of the valve. If properly assembled, the valve should hold tight with as low as ten PSI at the inlet. See "Tight Sealing Check" section.)
- 3. With the line connected from the inlet to the cover, apply full working pressure to the inlet. Check all around the cover for any leaks. Re-tighten cover nuts if necessary to stop leaks past the diaphragm.
- Remove pressure, then re-install the pilot system and tubing exactly as it was prior to removal. Bleed air from all high points.
- Follow steps under "Start-Up and Adjustment" Section in Technical Manual for returning complete valve back to service.



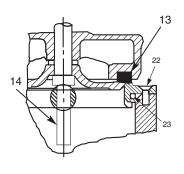


PARTS LIST						
Item	Description					
1.	Pipe Plug					
2.	Drive Screws (for nameplate)					
3.	Hex Nut (8" and larger)					
4.	Stud (8" and larger)					
5.	Cover Bearing					
6.	Cover					
7.	Stem Nut					
8.	Diaphragm Washer					
9.	Diaphragm					
10.	Spacer Washers					
11.	Disc Guide					
12.	Disc Retainer					
13.	Disc					
14.	Stem					
15.	Seat					
16.	Body					
17.	Spring					
22.	Flat Head Screws (8" and larger)					
23.	Seat O-Ring					
24.	Hex head Bolt (1 1/4" thru 4")					
25.	Nameplate					
26.	Upper Spring Washer (Epoxy coated valves only)					
27.	Lower Spring Washer (Epoxy coated valves only)					
28.	Cover Bearing Housing (16" only)					
29.	Cover O-Ring (16" only)					
30.	Hex Bolt (16" only)					
31.	Pipe Cap (16" only)					

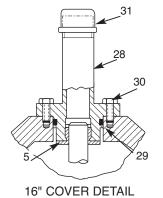




1 1/4" - 6" SEAT DETAIL



8" - 24" SEAT DETAIL





Hytrol Valve Service Data

Description 100-01 Hytrol Valve

The Cla-Val Model 100-01 Hytrol Valve is a main valve for Cla-Val Automatic Control Valves. It is a hydraulically operated, diaphragm-actuated, globe or angle pattern valve.

This valve consists of three major components; body, diaphragm assembly, and cover. The diaphragm assembly is the only moving part. The diaphragm assembly uses a diaphragm of nylon fabric bonded with synthetic rubber. A synthetic rubber disc, contained on three and one half sides by a disc retainer and disc guide, forms a seal with the valve seat when pressure is applied above the diaphragm. The diaphragm assembly forms a sealed chamber in the upper portion of the valve, separating operating pressure from line pressure.



Description 100-20 600 Series Hytrol Valve

The Cla-Val Model 100-20 Hytrol Valve (600 Series main valve) have only one part -the body- that is different from standard 100 Series Cla-Val main valve parts. The remaining parts of the 600 series main valve are standard Cla-Val main valve parts. All service and maintenance information for the standard 100 Series main valves also apply to the 600 series main valves.

The most important thing to remember when ordering main valve repair kits and replacement parts, except for the body, all other parts are going to be for a smaller size main valve. Cla-Val identifies main valve parts with the flange size of the standard 100 Series main valve. Refer to the "Main Valve Sizes" chart below.

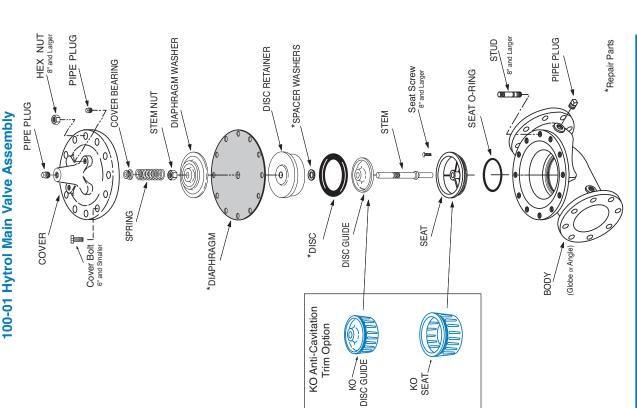
	Φ																		
	ıt Torqu	(ft. Lbs.)	DRY	9	10	우	15	30	30	09	125	185	375	400	420	750	N/R	N/R	
	Stem Nut Torque	(ft. 1	Lubed	4	9	9	10	21	21	40	85	125	252	270	280	500	930	1350	ONLY lied part
	**1	Socket	Socket (Long)				3/4"	15/16"	15/16"	1 1/16"	1 5/16"	1 13/16"	1 7/8"	2 1/2"	2 1/2"	 ق	3 1/2"	Special	** Must Use ONLY Cla-Val Supplied part
	Stem Nut**			3/8" - 24	7/16" -20	7/16" -20	1/2" - 20	5/8" - 18	5/8" - 18	3/4" - 16	7/8" - 14	1 1/8" -12	1 1/2" -12	1/2" -12	1 1/2" -12	2" - 16	2 1/4" - 16	3" - 12	** Cla-'-
				3/8	7/16	7/16	1/2	5/8	5/8	3/4	7/8	1 1/2	1 1/2	1 1/2	1 1/2	2	2 1/2	3"	
	Cover Torque	<u>2</u>		48	96	96													
	Cove	# #		4	80	80	12	20	30	110	110	110	160	390	545	545	670	800	
	Plug	Cocket	Socker				7/16"	9/16"	9/16"	18/9	2/8"	13/16"	13/16"	13/16"	13/16"	13/16"	13/16"	13/16"	E
	Cover Plug	Throad					3/8"	1/2"	1/2"	3/4"	3/4"	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	-	-	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	1"	er patter
	<u> </u>		ONC									5/8" - 11	3/4" - 10	3/4" - 10	1" - 8	1" - 8	1" - 8	1/8"- 7	ts Nuts cross-ov
Jata	0			- ∞	8	80	8	80	8	8	12	16 5/8	20 3/4	20 3/4	20 1	20 1	24 1	24 1 1/8"- 7	Grade 5 Bolts "Heavy" Grade Nuts nuts in a "star" cros
vice [or Bolt	+0/000		1/16"	1/2"	1/2"	9/16"	2/8"	3/4"	1 1/8"	1 1/8"	1 1/4"	1 7/16"	13/16"	2"	2"	2 1/8"	2 3/8"	Grade 5 Bolts "Heavy" Grade Nuts Tighten cover nuts in a "star" cross-over pattern
L Sei	Cover Nut or Bolt		,		(B)	(B)		(B)	(B)					7 1	7	7			en cove
HYTROL Service Data	Cov	Thread	(Bolt)	1/4" - 20 (B)	5/16" - 18 (B)	5/16" - 18 (B)	3/8" - 16 (B)	7/16" - 14 (B)	1/2" - 13 (B)	3/4" - 10 (B)	3/4" - 10 (B)	3/4" - 10	7/8" - 9	1 1/8" - 7	1 1/4" - 7	1 1/4" - 7	1 3/8" - 6	1 1/2" - 12	Tight
I	Cover	Center Plug			1/4"	1/4"	1/2"	1/2"	1/2"	3/4"	3/4"	-	<u>-</u>	1 1/4"	1 1/2"	2	1 1/2"	3/4"	o1E - 28"
	Valve Stem	Thread	OINF-INTERNAL		10 - 32	10 - 32	10 - 32	10 - 32	1/4 - 28	1/4 - 28	3/8 - 24	3/8 - 24	3/8 - 24	3/8 - 24	3/8 - 24	1/2 - 20	3/4 - 16	3/4 - 16*	* Adapter p/n 2594101E inside 1/4" - 28"
			Liters		0.07	0.07	0.12	0.16	0.30	0.64	2.00	4.80	9.50	15.10	24.60	36.20	45.40	108.80	
	Cover Capacity	Displacement			0.020	0.020	0.032	0.043 0	0.080	0.169 0	-	1.26		4.0 15	6.5 24	9.6	12 45	29.0 10	
	Stem Cov Travel Dis		mm Gallons	8	10 0.0	10 0.0	15 0.C	18 0.0	20 0.C	23 0.1	43 0.531	58 1.	71 2.51	86 4	9 66	114 9	143	165 26	
			inches m	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.6	0.7	0.8	1.1	1.7	2.3 5	2.8 7	3.4 8	3.9	4.5	5.63	6.75 16	
			mm inc	0	0	0	0	0	100	150 1	200	250 2	300 2	400	e	600 4	5.	800 6.	
	SIZE	100-20	inches m						1 1	1.9	8"	10"	12" 3	16" 4		\rightarrow		30" 8	
	HYTROL SIZE	-	mm inc	25	32	40	50	65	80	100	150	200	250 1	300	350	400 20", 24"	200	009	
	f	100-01	inches	-	1 1/4"	1 1/2"		2 1/2"	ق	14	1	8	10"	12" 3	14" 3	16" 4	20" 5	24" 6	

BOLT/NUT TORQUING PROCEDURES ON VALVE COVERS

0 0 **BOLTS** 15 0 ω ဖ 0 ო 0 \bigcirc O **BOLTS** O 0 ဖ 0 C0 0 2 0 0 C **BOLTS** 2 0 0 0

Follow this procedure when reassembling MAIN Valve:

- numbers shown above to insure that cover seats evenly on the diaphragm 1. Tightens bolts/nuts in a "Star" or "Cross-Over" pattern following the material and body.
- 2. Torque the bolt/nuts in three stages with a "Star" or "Cross-Over" pattern for each stage:
- To approximately 10% of final torque.
- B. To approximately 75% of final torque. C. To final required torque.
- Valves that are to be tested to 375 PSI or higher should be retorqued after 24 hours.





$-\mathsf{MODEL}-100-20$

600 Series Hytrol Valve

SERVICE AND MAINTENANCE OF 600 SERIES VALVES

The 600 series main valves have only one part -the body- that is different from standard 100 Series Cla-Val main valve parts. The remaining parts of the 600 series main valve are standard Cla-Val main valve parts. All service and maintenance information for the standard 100 Series main valves in this manual also apply to the 600 series main valves.

The most important thing to remember when ordering main valve repair kits and replacement parts, except for the body, all other parts are going to be for a smaller size main valve. Cla-Val identifies main valve parts with the flange size of the standard 100 Series main valve. Refer to the "Main Valve Sizes Comparison" chart. For example, if you are servicing a 6" 100-20 Hytrol and needed a repair kit, you would order a repair kit for a 4" 100-01 Hytrol. This kit is also suitable for a 6" 100-20 Hytrol. Complete Technical Manuals include a repair kit data sheet N-RK that shows this relationship.

When you order repair parts, it is a good idea to include valve nameplate data (size, catalog number, and part number) and description of the parts desired. Do this to be sure parts will fit the valve you are working on and not be too big for it. Pilot controls and repair kits maintenance information remain the same for 100 or 600 Series valves.

UNDERSTANDING THE 600 SERIES VALVES

In 1987, Cla-Val introduced the Model 100-20 Hytrol as the basic main valve for the 600 Series of automatic control valves. To identify all new valves using the 100-20 Hytrol, an existing catalog number is modified. Making a 600 Series catalog number is simply done by using a "6" in front of the two digit catalog numbers or replacing the "2" with a "6" in three digit catalog numbers. Current schematics reflect both catalog numbers together separated by a slash (i.e. - 90-01/690-01, 58-02/658-02, 210-01/610-01, etc). Since these two valves 'share' the same catalog number and schematic, they provide the same function in a system. The only difference between the two valves is the relative capacity of the two main valve series.

The 100-01 Hytrol is the basic main valve for Cla-Val automatic control valves. This valve is the current version of the Clayton Hytrol valve design originated in 1936. The 100-01 Hytrol is designed as a full flow area valve. This means that the inlet, seat and outlet openings are the same size. Thus, the pressure drop is kept to a minimum for this globe style design.

The 100-20 Hytrol valve has all of the basic features and advantages of the original 100-01 Hytrol. Only one part has been changed - the body. It is designed with different size inlet, seat and outlet openings. The 100-20 Hytrol has inlet and outlet flanges one valve size larger than the seat opening size. This results in what is sometimes called a "reduced port' main valve. For example, a 4" 100-20 valve has a 3" seat. Note: valve size is always determined by the flange size. The following chart compares the 100-01 and the 100-20 main valves.

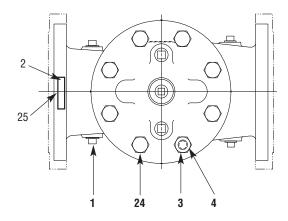
Basic Main Valve Size Comparison				
	Globe Pattern Valves			
Flange Size (inch)	Seat	Size		
Trange Oize (mon)	100-01 (100 Series)	100-20 (600 Series)		
3	3	2		
4	4	3		
6	6	4		
8	8	6		
10	10	8		
12	12	10		
14	14			
16	16	12		
18		16		
20	20	16		
24	24	16		
30	30	24		
36	36	30		
42		36		
48		36		
	Angle Pattern Valves			
Flange Size (inch)	Seat	Size		
riange Size (inch)	100-01 (100 Series)	100-20 (600 Series)		
4	4	3		
6	6	4		
8	8	6		

The 100-20 Hytrol is available only in ductile iron, 150 and 300 pressure class, and Bronze trim standard. Available extra cost main valve options include stainless steel trim, epoxy coating, Dura-Kleen stem. Delrin sleeved stem, and high temperature rubber parts. All four basic main valves have a 600 Series version available with all of the same benefits and size relationships. The following chart shows the relationship of Cla-Val main valve catalog numbers.

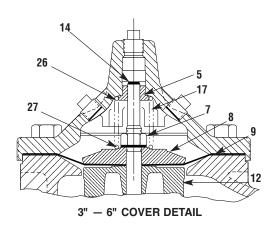
Cla-Val Main Valves

	Catalog Number				
Catalog Name	Circa 1936	100-Series	600 Series		
Hytrol	100 (Angle =2100)	100-01	100-20		
Powertrol	100P & 100PA	100-02	100-21		
Powercheck	100PC & 100PCA	100-03	100-22		
Hycheck	181	100-04	100-23		

100-20



GLOBE INLET ANGLE INLET ANGLE INLET 11 16

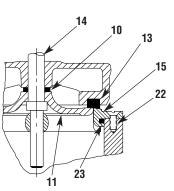


PARTS LIST

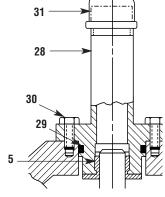
NO. DESCRIPTION

- 1 Pipe Plug
- 2 Drive Screws (for nameplate)
- 3 Hex Nut (8" and larger)
- 4 Stud (8" and larger)
- 5 Cover Bearing
- 6 Cover
- 7 Stem Nut
- 8 Diaphragm Washer
- 9 Diaphragm
- 10 Spacer Washers
- 11 Disc Guide
- 12 Disc Retainer
- 13 Disc
- 14 Stem
- 15 Seat
- 16 Body
- 17 Spring
- 22 Flat Head Screws (10" and larger)
- 23 Seat O-Ring
- 24 Hex Bolt (3 " Thru 6")
- 25 Nameplate (Mounted on inlet flange)
- 26 Upper Spring Washer (Epoxy coated valves only)
- 27 Lower Spring Washer (Epoxy coated valves only)
- 28 Cover Bearing Housing (20" & 24" & 30")
- 29 Cover Bearing Housing O-Ring (20" & 24" & 30")
- 30 Hex Bolt (20" & 24")
- 31 Pipe Cap (20" & 24 & 30"")

WHEN ORDERING PARTS, BE SURE TO GIVE COMPLETE NAMEPLATE DATA, ITEM NUMBER AND DESCRIPTION.







20" — 24" COVER DETAIL

INSTALLATION AND MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS

2-WAY INTERNAL PILOT OPERATED SOLENOID VALVES DIAPHRAGM TYPE - 3/8, 1/2 AND 3/4 N.P.T. NORMALLY CLOSED OPERATION 8210 8211

ASCO FORM NO. V-5848

DESCRIPTION

Bulletin 8210's are 2-way, normally closed internal pilot operated solenoid valves. Valve bodies and bonnets are of brass construction. Standard valves have a General Purpose, NEMA Type 1 Solenoid Enclosure.

Bulletin 8211's are the same as Bulletin 8210's except the solenoids are equipped with an enclosure which is designed to meet NEMA Type 4, Watertight, NEMA Type 7 (C or D) Hazardous Locations - Class 1, Group C or D and NEMA Type 9 (E, For G) Hazardous Locations - Class 2, Groups E, F or G. The Explosion-Proof/Watertight Solenoid Enclosures are shown on separate sheets of installation and Maintenance Instructions, Form Numbers V-5380 and V-5391.

OPERATION

Normally Closed: Valve is closed when solenoid is de-energized and opens when solenoid is energized.

MANUAL OPERATOR (Optional)

Valves with Suffix 'MO' in the catalog number are provided with a manual operator which allows manual operation when desired or during an interruption of electrical power. To operate valve manually, push in knurled cap and rotate clockwise 180° Disengage manual operator by rotating knurled cap counterclockwise 180° before operating electrically.

MANUAL OPERATOR LOCATION (Refer to Figures 1 and 3)

Manual operator (when shipped from factory) will be located over the valve outlet. Manual operator may be relocated at 90° increments by rotating valve bonnet. Remove bonnet screws (4) and rotate valve bonnet with solenoid to desired position. Replace bonnet screws (4) and torque in a crisscross manner to 110 ± 10 inch pounds.

If valve is installed in the system and is operational, proceed in the following manner: **WARNING:** Depressurize valve and turn off electrical power supply.

- 1. Remove retaining cap or clip and slip the entire solenoid enclosure off the solenoid base sub-assembly. *CAUTION:* When metal retaining clip disengages, it will spring upwards.
- 2. Remove bonnet screws (4) and rotate valve bonnet to desired position.
- 3. Replace bonnet screws (4) and torque in a crisscross manner to 110 ± 10 inch pounds. Replace solenoid enclosure and retaining clip or cap.

INSTALLATION

Check nameplate for correct catalog number, pressure, voltage and service.

TEMPERATURE LIMITATIONS

For maximum valve ambient and fluid temperatures, refer to chart. The temperature limitations listed are for UL applications. For non-UL applications, higher ambient and fluid temperature limitations are available. Consult factory, Check catalog number on nameplate to determine maximum temperatures.

Construction	Coil Class	Catalog Number Prefix	Max. Ambient Temp.°F	Max. Fluid Temp.°F
	Α	None or DA	77	180
A-C Construction (Alternating Current)	F	DF or FT	122	180
	Н	HT	140	180
D-C Construction (Direct Current)	A, F or H	None, FT or HT	77	150

POSITIONING/MOUNTING

This valve is designed to perform properly when mounted in any position. However, for optimum life and performance, the solenoid should be mounted vertical and upright so as to reduce the possibility of foreign matter accumulating in the core tube area. For mounting bracket (optional feature) dimensions, refer to Figure 2.

PIPING

Connect piping to valve according to markings on valve body. Apply pipe compound sparingly to male pipe threads only; if applied to valve threads, it may enter the valve and cause operational difficulty. Pipe strain should be avoided by proper support and alignment of piping. When tightening the pipe, do not use valve as a lever, Wrenches applied to valve body or piping are to be located as close as possible to connection point.

IMPORTANT: For the protection of the solenoid valve, install a strainer or filter suitable for the service involved in the inlet side as close to the valve as possible. Periodic cleaning Is required depending on the service conditions. See Bulletins 8600, 8601 and 8602 for strainers.

WIRING

Wiring must comply with Local and National Electrical Codes. Housings for all solenoids are provided with connections for 1/2 inch conduit. The general purpose solenoid enclosure may be rotated to facilitate wiring by removing the retaining cap or clip. *CAUTION:* When metal retaining clip disengages, it will spring upwards. Rotate to desired position. Replace retaining cap or clip before operating.

NOTE: Alternating Current (A-C) and Direct Current (D-C) solenoids are built differently. To convert from one to the other, It Is necessary to change the complete solenoid including the solenoid base sub-assembly and core assembly.

SOLENOID TEMPERATURE

Standard catalog valves are supplied with coils designed for continuous duty service. When the solenoid is energized for a long period, the solenoid enclosure becomes hot and can be touched with the hand only for an instant. This is a safe operating temperature. Any excessive heating will be indicated by the smoke and odor of burning coil insulation.

MAINTENANCE

WARNING: Turn off electrical power supply and depressurize valve before making repairs. It is not necessary to remove the valve from the pipe line for repairs.

CLEANING

A periodic cleaning of all solenoid valves is desirable. The time between cleanings will vary, depending on media and service conditions. In general, if the voltage to the coil is correct, sluggish valve operation, excessive leakage or noise will indicate that cleaning is required.

PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE

- 1. Keep the medium flowing through the valve as free from dirt and foreign material as possible.
- 2. While in service, operate the valve at least once a month to insure proper opening and closing.
- 3. Periodic inspection (depending on media and service conditions) of internal valve parts for damage or excessive wear is recommended. Thoroughly clean all parts, Replace any parts that are worn or damaged.

IMPROPER OPERATION

- 1. Faulty Control Circuit: Check the electrical system by energizing the solenoid. A metallic click signifies that the solenoid is operating. Absence of the click indicates loss of power supply. Check for loose or blown-out fuses. open circuited or grounded coil. broken lead wires or splice connections.
- 2. Burned-Out Coil: Check for open circuited coil. Replace coil if necessary.
- 3. Low Voltage: Check voltage across coil leads. Voltage must be at least 85% of nameplate rating.
- 4. **Incorrect Pressure:** Check valve pressure. Pressure to valve must be within range specified on nameplate.
- 5. **Excessive Leakage:** Disassemble valve and clean all parts. Replace worn or damaged parts with a complete Spare Parts Kit for best results.

COIL REPLACEMENT (Refer to Figures 1, 2 and 3)

Turn off electrical power supply and disconnect coil lead wires. Proceed In the following manner:

- 1. Remove retaining cap or clip, nameplate and cover. *CAUTION:* When metal retaining clip disengages. it will spring upwards.
- 2. Slip yoke containing coil, sleeves and insulating washers off the solenoid base sub-assembly. For D-C Construction. slip spring washer. coil and insulating washers off the solenoid base sub-assembly. Insulating washers are omitted when a molded coil is used.
- 3. Reassemble in reverse order of disassembly paying careful attention to exploded views provided for identification and placement of parts.

CAUTION: Solenoid must be fully reassembled as the housing and internal parts are part of and complete the magnetic circuit. Place insulating washers at each end of con, If required.

VALVE DISASSEMBLY

Depressurize valve and turn off electrical power supply. For A-C Construction, refer to Figures 1 and 2. For D-C Construction, refer to Figure 3. Proceed In the following manner:

- 1. Disassemble valve in an orderly fashion. Pay careful attention to exploded views provided for identification of parts.
- 2. Remove retaining cap or clip and slip the entire solenoid enclosure off the solenoid base sub-assembly. *CAUTION:* When metal retaining clip disengages, it will spring upwards.
- 3. Unscrew solenoid base sub-assembly and remove bonnet gasket. Core assembly and core spring.
- 4. For A-C Construction without manual operator, remove valve bonnet screws (4). Remove solenoid base sub-assembly, core assembly and core spring.
- 5. Remove diaphragm spring (A-C Construction only). diaphragm assembly and body gasket.
- 6. For normal maintenance, it is not necessary to disassemble the manual operator unless external leakage is evident To disassemble, remove stem pin. manual operator stem. stem spring and stem gasket.
- 7. All parts are now accessible for cleaning or replacement. Replace worn or damaged parts with a complete Spare Parts Kit for best results.

VALVE REASSEMBLY

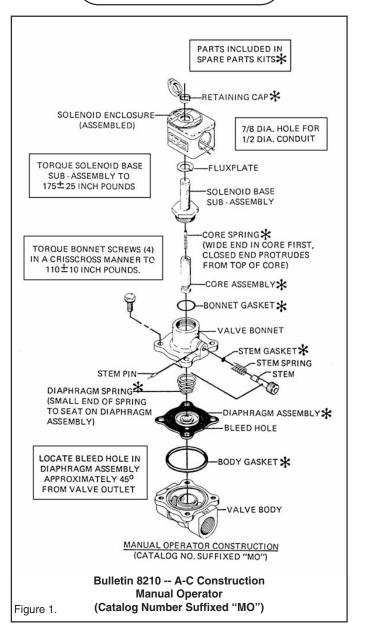
- 1. Reassemble in reverse order of disassembly paying careful attention to exploded views provided for identification and placement of parts.
- 2. Replace body gasket and diaphragm assembly. Locate bleed hole in diaphragm assembly approximately 45° from valve outlet.
- 3. Replace valve bonnet and bonnet screws. Torque bonnet screws (4) in a crisscross manner to 110 ± 10 inch pounds.
- 4. For A-C Construction, the diaphragm spring. core assembly and core spring must be installed prior to assembly of bonnet as this is the solenoid base sub-assembly. Be sure diaphragm spring is installed properly. Closed turns of spring to seat on diaphragm assembly. For valves with a manual operator (see Figure 1), the small end of diaphragm spring seats on diaphragm assembly.
- 5. Install core spring in core assembly. Be sure core spring is inserted into core assembly with wide end in first. Closed end protrudes from top of core assembly.
- 6. Replace bonnet gasket, core assembly, core spring and solenoid base sub-assembly. Torque solenoid base sub-assembly to 175 ± 25 inch pounds
- 7. If removed, replace manual operator stem gasket. stem spring, stem and stem pin.
- 8. Replace solenoid enclosure and retaining cap or clip.
- 9. After maintenance, operate the valve a few times to be sure of proper opening and closing.

Spare Parts Kits

Spare Parts Kits and Coils are available for ASCO valves. Parts marked with an (*) are supplied in Spare Parts Kits

ORDERING INFORMATION FOR SPARE PARTS KITS

When Ordering Spare Parts Kits or Coils Specify Valve Catalog Number, Serial Number and Voltage



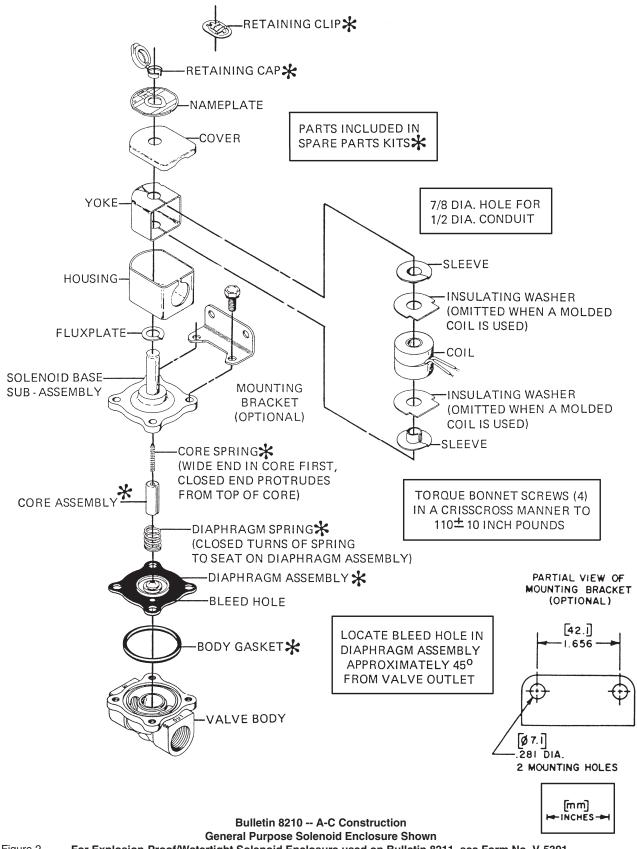
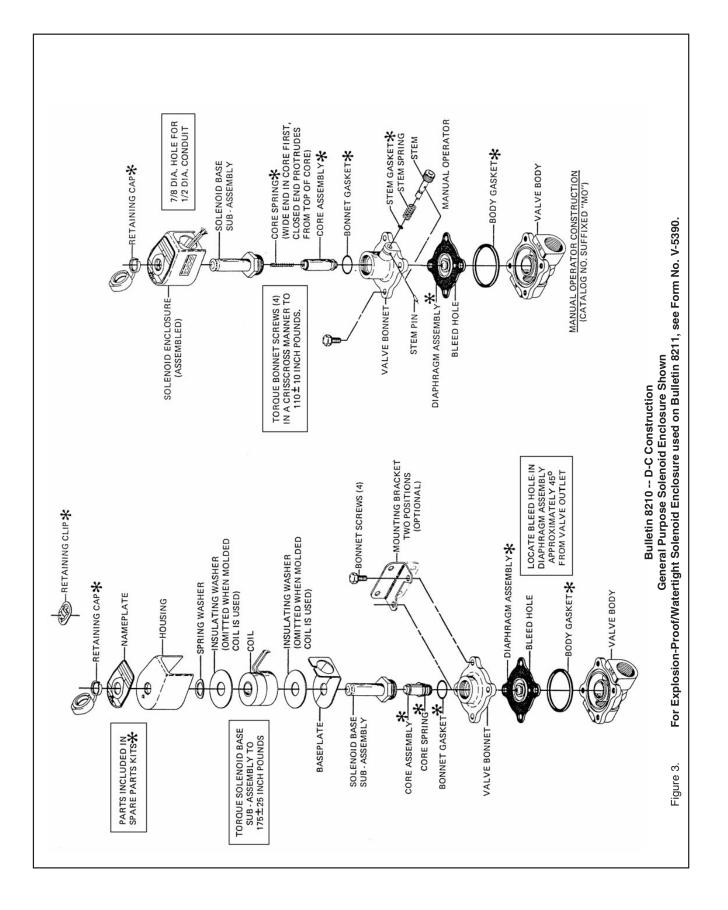


Figure 2. For Explosion-Proof/Watertight Solenoid Enclosure used on Bulletin 8211, see Form No. V-5391.



INSTALLATION AND MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS

2-WAY DIRECT ACTING SOLENOID VALVES NORMALLY CLOSED OPERATION -- 1/4 N.P.T.

BULLETINS 8262

ASCO FORM NO. V-5927

DESCRIPTION

Bulletin 8262's are 2-way normally closed, direct acting solenoid valves having bodies of brass construction. Standard valves have a General Purpose NEMA Type 1 Solenoid Enclosure. Valves may also be equipped with a solenoid enclosure which is designed to meet NEMA Type 4 Watertight, NEMA Type 7 (C or D) Hazardous Locations-Class 1, Groups C or D and NEMA Type 9 (E, For G) Hazardous Locations Class 2, Groups E, F or G. Installation and Maintenance Instructions for Explosion-Proof/Watertight Solenoid Enclosures are shown on Form Nos. V-5391 or V-5380.

OPERATION

Normally Closed: Valve is closed when solenoid is de-energized. Valve opens when solenoid is energized.

NOTE: Inlet port will either be marked "1" or "1N." Outlet port will be marked "2." **IMPORTANT:** No minimum operating pressure required.

INSTALLATION

Check nameplate for correct catalog number, pressure, voltage and service. **TEMPERATURE LIMITATIONS**

For maximum valve ambient and fluid temperature, refer to chart below. For higher ambient and fluid temperatures, consult factory. Check catalog number and watt rating on nameplate to determine the maximum temperatures.

Wattage	Catalog Number Prefix	Coil Class	Max. Ambient Temp.°F	Max. Fluid Temp.°F
	None	Α	77	180
6	FT	F	122	200
	нт н		140	200
9	None	F	77	180
9.7	None, FT or HT	A, F or H	77	120
11.2*	None, FT or HT	A, F or H	77	150
16.7*	None	F	77	200

^{*}Catalog Nos. 8262C200 and 8262B200 and valves with suffix "W" in the catalog number are limited to 140°F fluid temperature.

POSITIONING

Valve is designed to perform properly when mounted in any position. However, for optimum life and performance, the solenoid should be mounted vertical and upright so as to reduce the possibility of foreign matter accumulating in the core tube area.

MOUNTING

For valve body and mounting bracket mounting dimensions, refer to Figures 1 and 2.

PIPING

Connect piping according to markings on valve body. Apply pipe compound sparingly to male pipe threads only; if applied to valve threads, it may enter valve and cause operational difficulty. Pipe strain should be avoided by proper support and alignment of piping. When tightening the pipe, do not use valve as a lever. Wrenches applied to valve body or piping are to be located as close as possible to connection point.

IMPORTANT: For the protection of the solenoid valve. install a strainer or filter suitable for the service involved in the inlet side as close to the valve as possible. Periodic cleaning is required depending upon service conditions. See Bulletins 8600, 8601 and 8602 for strainers.

WIRING

Wiring must comply with Local and National Electrical Codes. Solenoid housings are provided with a 7/8 diameter hole for 1/2 inch conduit. The general purpose solenoid enclosure may be rotated to facilitate wiring by removing the retaining cap or clip. *CAUTION:* When metal retaining clip disengages, it will spring upward. Rotate enclosure to desired position. Replace retaining cap or clip before operating.

NOTE: Alternating Current (A-C) and Direct Current (D-C) solenoids are built differently. To convert from one to the other, it is necessary to change the complete solenoid including the core assembly and solenoid base sub-assembly.

SOLENOID TEMPERATURE

Standard catalog valves are supplied with coils designed for continuous duty service. When the solenoid is energized for a long period, the solenoid enclosure becomes hot and can be touched with the hand only for an instant. This is a safe operating temperature. Any excessive heating will be indicated by the smoke and odor of burning coil insulation.

MAINTENANCE

WARNING: Turn off electrical power supply and depressurize valve before making repairs. It is not necessary to remove the valve from the pipe line for repairs.

CLEANING

A periodic cleaning of all solenoid valves is desirable. The time between cleanings will vary depending upon media and service conditions in general, if the voltage to the coil is correct. sluggish valve operation, excessive noise or leakage will indicate that cleaning is required. Clean valve strainer or filter when cleaning solenoid valve.

PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE

- 1. Keep the medium flowing through the valve as free from dirt and foreign material as possible.
- 2. While in service, operate the valve at least once a month to insure proper opening and closing.
- 3. Periodic inspection (depending on media and service conditions) of internal valve parts for damage or excessive wear is recommended Thoroughly clean all parts. Replace any parts that are worn or damaged.

IMPROPER OPERATION

- Faulty Control Circuit: Check the electrical system by energizing the solenoid. A metallic click signifies the solenoid is operating. Absence of the click indicates loss of power supply. Check for loose or blownout fuses, open-circuited or grounded coil, broken lead wires or splice connections.
- 2. Burned-Out Coil: Check for open-circuited coil. Replace coil if necessary.
- 3. **Low Voltage:** Check voltage across the coil leads. Voltage must be at least 85% of nameplate rating.
- 4. **Incorrect Pressure:** Check valve pressure. Pressure to valve must be within range specified on nameplate.
- Excessive Leakage: Disassemble valve and clean all parts. Replace worn or damaged parts with a complete Spare Parts Kit for best results. COIL REPLACEMENT

Turn off electrical power supply and disconnect coil lead wires. Refer to watt rating stamped on nameplate for identification of solenoid construction. When you have determined the watt rating of solenoid, select the correct paragraph below.

FIGURE 3 SHOWS A SOLENOID WITH A WATT RATING OF 6 A-C, 9.7 D.C,OR 9 A-C.

- 1. Remove retaining cap or clip, nameplate and cover. *CAUTION:* When metal retaining clip disengages, it will spring upward.
- 2. Slip the yoke containing a coil, sleeves and insulating washers off the solenoid base sub-assembly. Insulating washers are omitted when a molded coil is used
- 3. Slip coil, sleeves and insulating washers from yoke. 4. Reassemble in reverse order of disassembly paying careful attention to exploded view provided for identification and placement of parts.

FIGURE 4 SHOWS A SOLENOID WITH A WATT RATING OF 105 A-C, 11.2 D.C OR 16.7 A.C

- 1. Remove retaining cap or clip, nameplate and housing. *CAUTION:* When metal retaining clip disengages, it will spring upward.
- 2. Slip spring washer, insulating washer and coil off the solenoid base sub-assembly. Insulating washers are omitted when a molded coil is used.
- 3. Reassemble in reverse order of disassembly paying careful attention to exploded views provided for identification and placement of parts.

CAUTION: Solenoid must be fully reassembled as the housing and internal parts are part of and complete the magnetic circuit. Place an insulating washer at each end of coil, if required.

VALVE DISASSEMBLY AND REASSEMBLY

Depressurize valve and turn off electrical power supply. For valves with a watt rating of 6 A-C, 9.7 D-C or 9 A-C, refer to Figure 3. For valves with a watt rating of 10.5 A-C, 11.2 D-C or 16.7 A-C, refer to Figure 4. Proceed in the following manner:

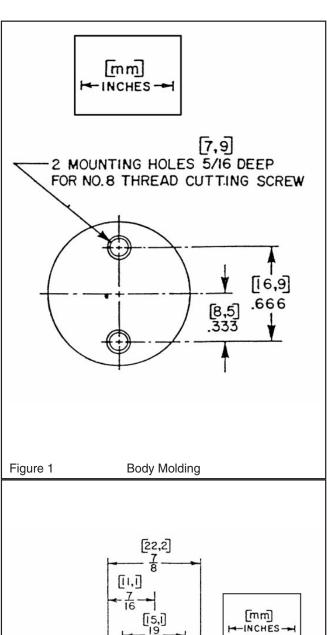
- 1. Remove retaining cap or clip and slip the entire solenoid enclosure off the solenoid base sub-assembly. *CAUTION:* When metal retaining clip disengages, it will spring upward.
- 2. Unscrew solenoid base sub-assembly and remove core assembly, core spring and body gasket.
- 3. All parts are now accessible for cleaning or replacement. Replace worn or damaged parts with a complete Spare Pans Kit for best results.
- 4. Reassemble in reverse order of disassembly paying careful attention to exploded views provided for identification and placement of pans.
- 5. Replace body gasket, core assembly, core spring and solenoid base sub-assembly. Torque solenoid base sub-assembly to 175 ± 25 inch pounds.
- 6. After maintenance, operate the valve a few times to be sure of proper operation.

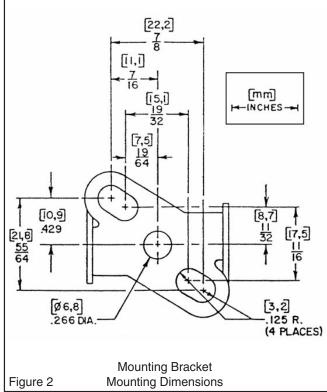
SPARE PARTS KITS

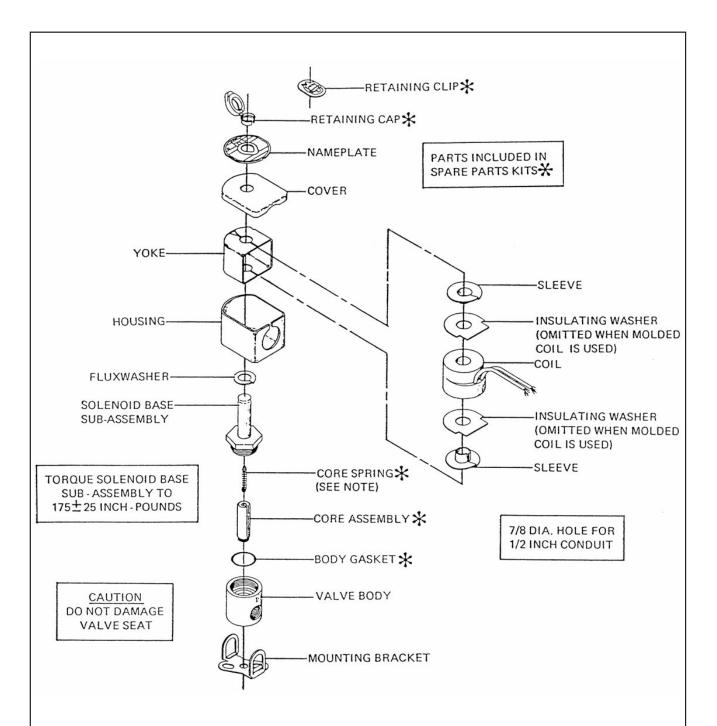
Spare Parts Kits and Coils arc available for ASCO valves. Parts marked with an asterisk (*) are supplied in Spare Parts Kit.

ORDERING INFORMATION FOR SPARE PARTS KITS

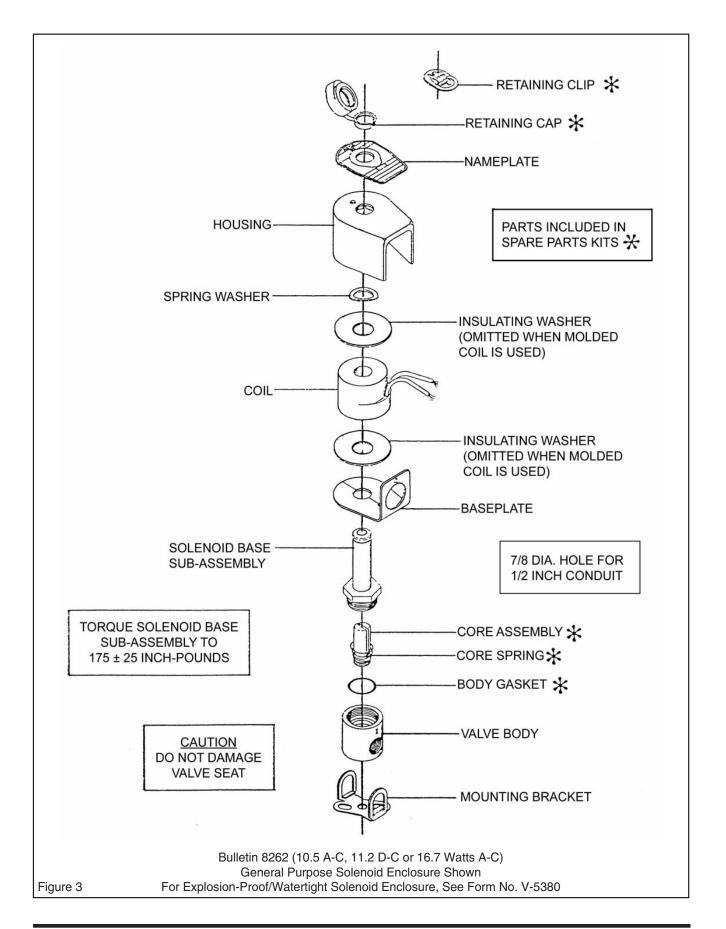
When Ordering Spare Pans Kits or Coils, Specify Valve Catalog Number, Serial Number and Voltage.

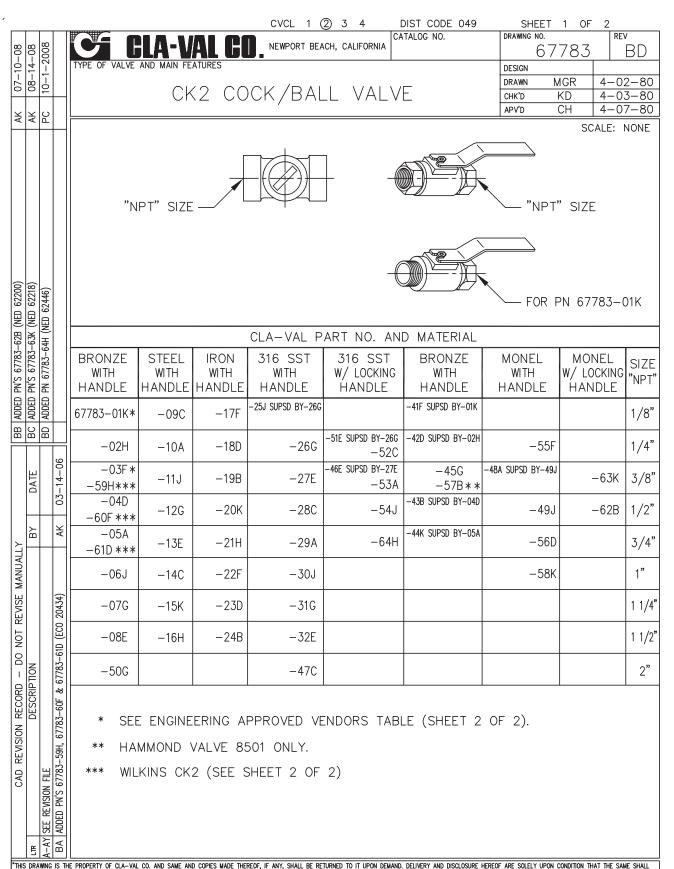






NOTE: A-C (ALTERNATING CURRENT) CONSTRUCTION SHOWN. FOR A-C CONSTRUCTION, EITHER END OF THE SPRING MAY BE INSTALLED INTO TOP OF CORE ASSEMBLY. FOR D-C (DIRECT CURRENT) CONSTRUCTION, INSTALL WIDE END OF CORE SPRING IN CORE ASSEMBLY FIRST, CLOSED END OF CORE SPRING PROTRUDES FROM TOP OF CORE ASSEMBLY.





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-MODEL- **X117D**

Valve Position Transmitter

DESCRIPTION

The Cla-Val Model X117D Valve Position Transmitter is designed to provide analog signal (4 - 20 mA, 2 wire) output of valve position for Cla-Val Main Valves. A stem extension is fitted to the main valve stem with the position transmitter mechanically linked to it. The valve stem is mechanically linked to the electronics for an output signal that is in direct proportion to valve position. Provisions are made for bleeding air from valve cover through a small bleed screw and washer located on adapter.

INSTALLATION

Normally, the X117D is supplied mounted on the Cla-Val main valve. If X117D has not been installed at factory, then install stem, adapter, mounting bracket with transmitter (in that order) as shown on drawing No. 200000.

OPERATION

The signal from the position sensing linkage mechanism is converted to a two-wire 4 to 20 mA current output appearing at the output terminals. The excitation voltage ranges from 12 to 35 Volts DC. The minimum supply voltage is a function of total loop resistance. It may be calculated using the formula:

V(min) = (0.02 x Load Resistance) + 12 VDC

WIRING

Loosen jam nut holding transmitter and bracket to adapter when connecting transmitter to field wiring. Tighten jam nut after connections and adjustments are made.

Use good field wiring practices for low voltage DC analog instrumentation wiring (suggest minimum of 18-gauge multistrand wire). Avoid potential ground loops. Calibration of transmitter should be done with a temporary hookup of test equipment before final wiring connections are made.

Units with NEMA 6, IP-68 enclosures have permanently attached 8' shielded cable leads. Use Red wire for positive and Black wire for negative.

Units before Feb. 2000 have NEMA 6 enclosure with MS3102E-14S-6PAmphenol plug and socket for attaching leads. Use "A" contact for positive and "B" contact for negative.

For best noise immunity, use twisted pair shielded cable to connect field wiring to the transmitter. The shield of the cable should be open at the transducer and grounded at the other end. Units with permanently attached cable are supplied with shield open inside transmitter.

CALIBRATION

1. When properly adjusted, the transmitter will have the valve closed position within 0% to 30% of total transmitter range and the valve open position within 80% to 100% of total transmitter range. At valve closed position the transmitter will have a 4 mA output and at fully open position the transmitter will have a 20 mA output.

IMPORTANT CAUTION: The transmitter wire rope mechanism is spring loaded to retract and can be damaged by a sudden release



of the wire rope. Use care to insure that it is returned to the transmitter very slowly during start up and operation. This damage may not be covered by warranty.

- You will need the following tools to calibrate and align the X117D:
 A.) A small flat blade screwdriver (.105 Max. width x .023" max. thickness) with non-metallic handle to fit the span and null potentiometer
 - B.) À 4-20 mA calibration/tester or multiamp-tester/meter or some means of measuring the 4-20 mA transmitter output C.) Hand tools to adjust and tighten X117D assembly during calibration
- 3. Preliminary mechanical settings. (Refer to Drawing No. 200000) Be sure that the valve is in the fully **closed** position. See Technical Manual for the main valve for information on this. Check that line isolation or block valves are closed.

Adjust Nut Coupler (9) up or down on stem until gap between wire rope end and transmitter housing is according to table (below). The Hex Coupler (10) is used to tighten nut coupler to stem. A minimum gap is required, see Reference Table. (Refer to Drawing No. 200000)

Long threaded end of Hex Coupler (10) has two hex nuts (11) for adjusting position of end of wire rope directly over the opening in the top of the transmitter. Use one hex nut on each side of the wire rope end. Wire rope should go vertically up and down without noticeable angle from vertical.

4. Temporarily connect calibration equipment (milliamp meter and power supply or portable instrumentation tester) to transmitter wiring. Calculate total loop resistance to determine minimum load resistor. See OPERATION section. Remove two calibration cover screws found on housing end.

Refer to calibration equipment and adjust transmitter potentiometer marked "NULL" until the meter reads 4 mA. A clockwise turn increases output. Use care in adjusting the potentiometer while turning the screwdriver.

- 5. For the most accurate calibration it is necessary to open valve fully. CAUTION: This will either allow a high flow rate through the valve, or the downstream pressure will quickly increase to the inlet pressure. In some cases, this can be very harmful. Where this is the case, and there are no block valves in the system to protect the downstream piping, it should be realized that steps should be taken to remedy this situation before proceeding further. Normally, block valves are to be used to protect downstream piping while the valve is in the open position. Close downstream block valve. Vent cover chamber to atmosphere. Slightly open inlet block valve. Allow valve to open while fluid is vented from cover chamber. When flow stops valve is in the fully open position. Note: continuous leakage from cover chamber could mean additional troubleshooting of the main valve or pilot system must be done.
- 6. With valve in fully open position, inspect position of wire rope and nut coupler. (See Step 3). Adjust if necessary.

GAP

Refer to calibration equipment (see Step 4) and adjust potentiometer marked "SPAN" until the meter reads 20 mA. A clockwise turn increases output. Use care in adjusting the potentiometer while turning the screwdriver.

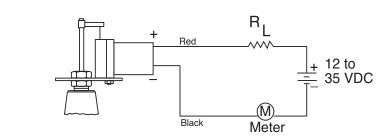
- 7. There is some interplay between:
 - 1.) the "span" and "null" settings,
 - 2.) the 4 to 20 mA signal and,
 - 3.) the actual valve open and closed positions.

Repeat steps 4-6 above. Cycle valve from open to closed positions and check settings as necessary to achieve desired valve position signal accuracy.

8. Remove all calibration equipment and attach permanent wiring. Recheck wiring and output signals at remote location. See **Wiring** section. Reinstall two cover screws on housing. Recheck and tighten all fasteners. Bleed air from main valve cover through small bleed screw and washer located on one wrench flat of adapter.

MAINTENANCE

The X117D is constructed of durable materials which normally requiring no lubrication or periodic maintenance. The two 'O' rings (2) (p/n 00951E) in the adapter (5) that seal against the stainless steel actuating stem (1) will need replacement if signs of leakage at the stem occur.



Coupler gap is set with valve in fully closed position. This establishes the minimum mechanical position for 4 mA output.

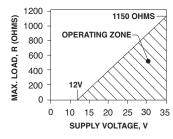
ADJUSTMENT: Zero and span adjustments allow setting the 4 mA position (valve closed) within 0% to 30% of total transmitter range and setting the 20 mA position (valve fully open) within 80% to 100% of total transmitter range.

X117D Adjustment Parameters

				"GAP"	Transmitter (4 -20mA)			
X117D	Valve	Size	Valve	Coupler	Null and Span - Inches Range		- Inches	
Part Number	100-01	100-20	Stem Travel	Setting	0% - 30%	80% - 100%	Min.	Max.
20000019F	1 1/4		0.400	3/16 inch	0.24	0.64	0.40	0.80
20000019F	1 1/2		0.490	3/16 inch	0.24	0.64	0.40	0.80
20000020A	2	3	0.590	1/8 inch	0.24	0.64	0.40	0.80
20000020A	2 1/2		0.714	1/16 inch	0.24	0.64	0.40	0.80
20000021A	3		0.835	1/16 inch	0.29	0.78	0.49	0.98
20000001A	4	6	1.109	9/16 inch	0.6	1.6	1.00	2.00
20000002A	6	8	1.584	3/16 inch	0.6	1.6	1.00	2.00
20000003A	8	10	2.242	7/16 inch	0.9	2.4	1.50	3.00
20000004A	10	12	2.711	1/8 inch	0.9	2.4	1.50	3.00
20000005A	12	16	3.343	5/16 inch	1.2	3.2	2.00	4.00
20000006A	14		3.920	9/16 inch	1.5	4.0	2.50	5.00
20000007K	16	20 & 24	4.584	3/16 inch	1.5	4.0	2.50	5.00
20000008J	18		5.182	2 15/16 inch	3.0	8.0	5.00	10.00
20000008J	20		5.630	2 1/4 inch	3.0	8.0	5.00	10.00
20000008J	24	28 & 30	6.504	2 1/4 inch	3.0	8.0	5.00	10.00
20000032J	30	36	7.500	1 1/2 inch	3.0	8.0	5.00	10.00
20000032J	36	48	8.500	1 inch	3.0	8.0	5.00	10.00

nominal minimum 4 mA 20 mA Min. (Null) Max. (Span)

Operating Zone





 $- \, \mathsf{MODEL} - X46$

Flow Clean Strainer





- Self Scrubbing Cleaning Action
- Straight Type or Angle Type

The Cla-Val Model X46 Strainer is designed to prevent passage of foreign particles larger than .015". It is especially effective against such contaminant as algae, mud, scale, wood pulp, moss, and root fibers. There is a model for every Cla-Val. valve.

The X46 Flow Clean strainer operates on a velocity principle utilizing the circular "air foil" section to make it self cleaning. Impingement of particles is on the "leading edge" only. The low pressure area on the downstream side of the screen prevents foreign particles from clogging the screen. There is also a scouring action, due to eddy currents, which keeps most of the screen area clean.

D

1-3/4

2-1/4

2-1/2

2-1/2

3

3-3/8

4

4-1/4

4-1/2

4-1/4

B (NPT)

1/8

1/4

3/8

1/2

1/2

3/4

3/4

1

1

A (NPT)

1/4

3/8

3/8

1/2

3/8

3/4

1

1/2

X46A Straight Type A (In Inches)

Ε

3/4

1

1

1-1/4

1-1/4

2

2

2-3/4

2-3/4

2-3/4

G

1/2

3/4 3/8

7/8 1/2

7/8 3/4

1-1/8 3/4

1

1-1/2 7/8

1-3/8 7/8

1-3/4 7/8

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1/2

3/4

7/8

1/2

1

1/2

1

1/2

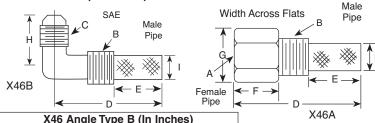
1-1/4

1/2

1/4

7/8

Dimensions (In Inches)



X4	X46 Angle Type B (In Inches)						
B(NPT)	C(S	AE) D	Ε	Н	I		
1/8	1/4	1-3/8	5/8	7/8	1/4		
1/4	1/4	1-3/4	3/4	1	3/8		
3/8	1/4	2	7/8	1	1/2		
3/8	3/8	1-7/8	7/8	1	1/2		
1/2	3/8	2-3/8	1	1-1/4	5/8		

When Ordering, Please Specify:

- Catalog Number X46
- Straight Type or Angle Type
- Size Inserted Into and Size Connection
- Materials

CLEANING

After inspection, cleaning of the X46 can begin. Water service usually will produce mineral or lime deposits on metal parts in contact with water. These deposits can be cleaned by dipping X46 in a 5-percent muriatic acid solution just long enough for deposit to dissolve. This will remove most of the common types of deposits. Caution: use extreme care when handling acid. If the deposit is not removed by acid, then a fine grit (400) wet or dry sandpaper can be used with water. Rinse parts in water before handling. An appropriate solvent can clean parts used in fueling service. Dry with compressed air or a clean, lint-free cloth. Protect from damage and dust until reassembled.

INSPECTION

INSTALLATION

Inspect internal and external threads for damage or evidence of cross-threading. Check inner and outer screens for clogging, embedded foreign particles, breaks, cracks, corrosion, fatigue, and other signs of damage.

The strainer is designed for use in conjunction with a Cla-Val Main Valve, but can be installed in any piping system where

there is a moving fluid stream to keep it clean. When it is used with the Cla-Val Valve, it is threaded into the upstream body port

provided for it on the side of the valve. It projects through the

side of the Main Valve into the flow stream. All liquid shunted to

the pilot control system and to the cover chamber of the Main

Valve passes through the X46 Flow Clean Strainer.

DISASSEMBLY

Do not attempt to remove the screens from the strainer housing.

REPLACEMENT

If there is any sign of damage, or if there is the slightest doubt that the Model X46 Flow Clean Strainer may not afford completely satisfactory operation, replace it. Use Inspection steps as a guide. Neither inner screen, outer screen, nor housing is furnished as a replacement part. Replace Model X46 Flow Clean Strainer as a complete unit.

When ordering replacement Flow-Clean Strainers, it is important to determine pipe size of the tapped hole into which the strainer will be inserted (refer to column A or F), and the size of the external connection (refer to column B or G).



-MODEL- CV

Flow Control



DESCRIPTION

The CV Control is an adjustable restriction which acts as a needle valve when flow is in the direction of the stem. When flow is in the reverse direction, the port area opens fully to allow unrestricted flow. When installed in the control system of a Cla-Val automatic valve, it can be arranged to function as either an opening or closing speed control.

OPERATION

The CV Flow Control permits full flow from port A to B, and restricted flow in the reverse direction. Flow from port A to B lifts the disc from seat, permitting full flow. Flow in the reverse direction seats the disc, causing fluid to pass through the clearance between the stem and the disc. This clearance can be increased, thereby increasing the restricted flow, by screwing the stem out, or counter-clockwise. Turning the stem in, or clockwise reduces the clearance between the stem and the disc, thereby reducing the restricted flow.'

INSTALLATION

Install the CV Flow Control as shown in the valve schematic All connections must be tight to prevent leakage.

DISASSEMBLY

Follow the sequence of the item numbers assigned to the parts in the cross sectional illustration for recommended order of disassembly.

Use a scriber, or similar sharp-pointed tool to remove O-ring from the stem.

INSPECTION

Inspect all threads for damage or evidence of crossthreading. Check mating surface of seat and valve disc for excessive scoring or embedded foreign particles. Check spring for visible distortion, cracks and breaks. Inspect all parts for damage, corrosion and cleanliness.

CLEANING

After disassembly and inspection, cleaning of the parts can begin. Water service usually will produce mineral or lime deposits on metal parts in contact with water. These deposits can be cleaned by dipping the parts in a 5-percent muriatic acid solution just long enough for deposits to dissolve. This will remove most of the common types of deposits. Caution: use extreme care when handling acid. If the deposit is not removed by acid, then a fine grit (400) wet or dry sandpaper can be used with water. Rinse parts in water before handling. An appropriate solvent can clean parts used in fueling service. Dry with compressed air or a clean, lint-free cloth. Protect from damage and dust until reassembled.

REPAIR AND REPLACEMENT

Minor nicks and scratches may be polished out using a fine grade of emery or crocus cloth; replace parts if scratches cannot be removed.

Replace O-ring packing and gasket each time CV Flow Control is overhauled.

Replace all parts which are defective. Replace any parts which create the slightest doubt that they will not afford completely satisfactory operation. Use Inspection steps as a guide.

REASSEMBLY

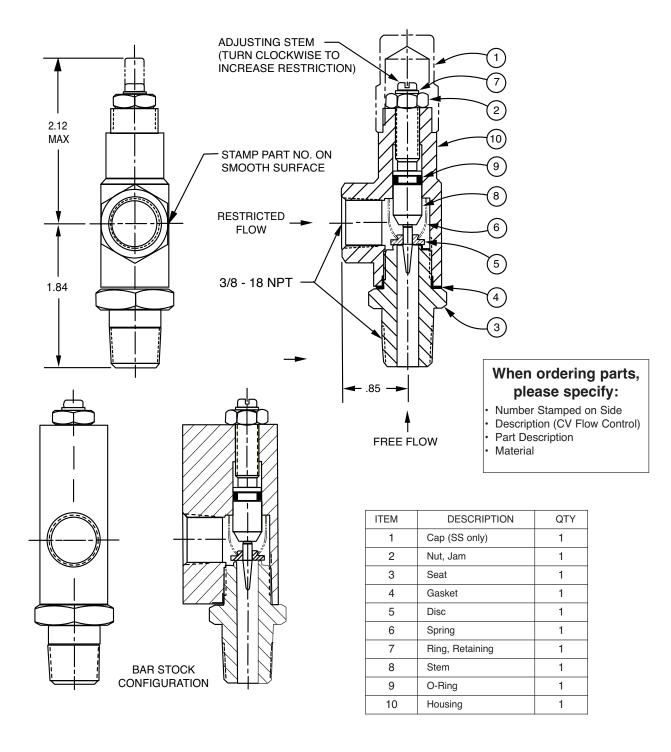
Reassembly is the reverse of disassembly; no special tools are required.

TEST PROCEDURE

No testing of the flow Control is required prior to reassembly to the pilot control system on Cla-Val Main Valve.



3/8" Flow Control





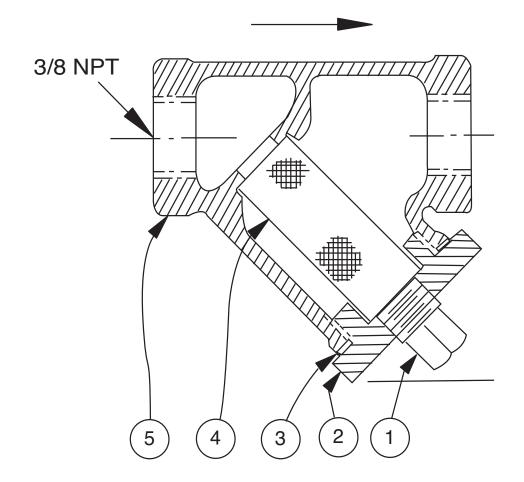
X43

Strainer

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	MATERIAL		
1	Pipe Plug	Steel		
2	Strainer Plug	Brass		
3	Gasket	Copper		
4	Screen	SST		
5	Body	Brass		
No parts available. Rreplacement assembly only.				

Standard 60 mesh pilot system strainer for fluid service.

Size	Stock Number
3/8 x 3/8	33450J





Cla-Val Product Identification

How to Order

Proper Identification

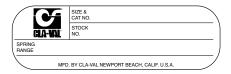
For ordering repair kits, replacement parts, or for inquiries concerning valve operation, it is important to properly identify Cla-Val products already in service by including all nameplate data with your inquiry. Pertinent product data includes valve function, size, material, pressure rating, end details, type of pilot controls used and control adjustment ranges.

Identification Plates

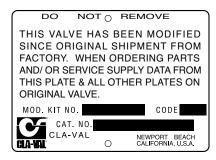
For product identification, cast-in body markings are supplemented by identification plates as illustrated on this page. The plates, depending on type and size of product, are mounted in the most practical position. It is extremely important that these identification plates are not painted over, removed, or in any other way rendered illegible.



This brass plate appears on altitude valves only and is found on top of the outlet flange.



This tag is affixed to the cover of the pilot control valve. The adjustment range appears in the spring range section.



This aluminum plate is included in pilot system modification kits and is to be wired to the new pilot control system after installation.



This brass plate appears on valves sized 2¹/₂" and larger and is located on the top of the inlet flange.



These two brass plates appear on ³/₈", ¹/₂", and ³/₄" size valves and are located on the valve cover.



These two brass plates appear on threaded valves 1" through 3" size or flanged valves 1" through 2". It is located on only one side of the valve body.



This brass plate is used to identify pilot control valves.

The adjustment range is stamped into the plate.



This brass plate is used on our backflow prevention assemblies. It is located on the side of the Number Two check (2" through 10"). The serial number of the assembly is also stamped on the top of the inlet flange of the Number One check.



HOW TO ORDER

Because of the vast number of possible configurations and combinations available, many valves and controls are not shown in published product and price lists. For ordering information, price and availability on product that are not listed, please contact your local Cla-Val office or our factory office located at:

P. O. Box 1325 Newport Beach, California 92659-0325 (949) 722-4800 FAX (949) 548-5441

SPECIFY WHEN ORDERING

- Model Number
- · Globe or Angle Pattern
- Adjustment Range (As Applicable)
- · Valve Size
- Threaded or FlangedBody and Trim Materials
- Optional Features
- Pressure Class

UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED

- · Globe or angle pattern are the same price
- · Ductile iron body and bronze trim are standard
- · X46 Flow Clean Strainer or X43 "Y" Strainer are included
- CK2 Isolation Valves are included in price on 4" and larger valve sizes (6" and larger on 600 Series)

LIMITED WARRANTY

Automatic valves and controls as manufactured by Cla-Val are warranted for three years from date of shipment against manufacturing defects in material and workmanship that develop in the service for which they are designed, provided the products are installed and used in accordance with all applicable instructions and limitations issued by Cla-Val. Electronic components manufactured by Cla-Val are warranted for one year from the date of shipment.

We will repair or replace defective material, free of charge, that is returned to our factory, transportation charges prepaid, if upon inspection, the material is found to have been defective at time of original shipment. This warranty is expressly conditioned on the purchaser's providing written notification to Cla-Val immediate upon discovery of the defect.

Components used by Cla-Val but manufactured by others, are warranted only to the extent of that manufacturer's guarantee.

This warranty shall not apply if the product has been altered or repaired by others, Cla-Val shall make no allowance or credit for such repairs or alterations unless authorized in writing by Cla-Val.

DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES AND LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY

The foregoing warranty is exclusive and in lieu of all other warranties and representations, whether expressed, implied, oral or written, including but not limited to any implied warranties or merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose. All such other warranties and representations are hereby cancelled.

Cla-Val shall not be liable for any incidental or consequential loss, damage or expense arising directly or indirectly from the use of the product. Cla-Val shall not be liable for any damages or charges for labor or expense in making repairs or adjustments to the product. Cla-Val shall not be liable for any damages or charges sustained in the adaptation or use of its engineering data and services. No representative of Cla-Val may change any of the foregoing or assume any additional liability or responsibility in connection with the product. The liability of Cla-Val is limited to material replacements F.O.B. Newport Beach, California.

TERMS OF SALE

ACCEPTANCE OF ORDERS

All orders are subject to acceptance by our main office at Newport Beach, California.

CREDIT TERMS

Credit terms are net thirty (30) days from date of invoice.

PURCHASE ORDER FORMS

Orders submitted on customer's own purchase order forms will be accepted only with the express understanding that no statements, clauses, or conditions contained in said order form will be binding on the Seller if they in any way modify the Seller's own terms and conditions of sales.

PRODUCT CHANGES

The right is reserved to make changes in pattern, design or materials when deemed necessary, without prior notice.

PRICES

All prices are F.O.B. Newport Beach, California unless expressly stated otherwise on our acknowledgement of the order. Prices are subject to change without notice. The prices at which any order is accepted are subject to adjustment to the Seller's price in effect at the time of shipment. Prices do not include sales, excise, municipal, state or any other Government taxes. Minimum order charge \$100.00.

RESPONSIBILITY

We will not be responsible for delays resulting from strikes, accidents, negligence of carriers, or other causes beyond our control. Also, we will not be liable for any unauthorized product alterations or charges accruing there from.

RISK

All goods are shipped at the risk of the purchaser after they have been delivered by us to the carrier. Claims for error, shortages, etc., must be made upon receipt of goods.

EXPORT SHIPMENTS

Export shipments are subject to an additional charge for export packing.

RETURNED GOODS

- Customers must obtain written approval from Cla-Val prior to returning any material.
- 2. Cla-Val reserves the right to refuse the return of any products.
- 3. Products more than six (6) months old cannot be returned for credit.
- 4. Specially produced, non-standard models cannot be returned for credit.
- Rubber goods such as diaphragms, discs, o-rings, etc., cannot be returned for credit, unless as part of an unopened vacuum sealed repair kit which is less than six months old.
- Goods authorized for return are subject to a 35% (\$100 minimum) restocking charge and a service charge for inspection, reconditioning, replacement of rubber parts, retesting, repainting and repackaging as required.
- Authorized returned goods must be packaged and shipped prepaid to Cla-Val, 1701 Placentia Avenue, Costa Mesa, California 92627.



CLA-VAL

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www.cla-val.com

Represented By:



-MODEL- REPAIR KITS

Model 100-01 Hytrol Main Valve

	BUNA-N MATERIAL						
	RUBBER KIT	REPAIR KIT	REBUILD KIT	STUD & NUT KIT			
	STOCK NO.	STOCK NO.	STOCK NO.	STOCK NO.			
3/8"	9169801K		21176614B	21176633J			
1/2"	9169802H	21176602F	21176615A	21176634H			
3/4"	9169802H	21176602F	21176615A	21176634H			
1" Non-Guided	9169803F	21176601G	21176616K	21176636F			
1"	9169804D	21176603E	21176617J	21176636F			
1 1/4"	9169804D	21176603E	21176617J	21176636F			
1 1/2"	9169804D	21176603E	21176617J	21176636F			
2"	9169805A	21176608K	21176618H	21176637E			
2 1/2"	9169811J	21176609J	21176619G	21176638D			
3"	9169812G	21176604D	21176620D	21176639C			
4"	9169813E	21176605C	21176621C	21176640K			
6"	9169815K	21176606B	21176622B	21176641J			
8"	9817901D	21176607A	21176623A	21176642H			
10"	9817902B	21176610F	21176624K	21176643G			
12"	9817903K	21176611E	21176625J	21176644F			
14"	9817904H	21176612D	21176626H	21176645E			
16"	9817905E	21176613C	21176627G	21176645E			

Model 100-20 Hytrol Main Valve

	BUNA-N MATERIAL							
	RUBBER KIT REPAIR KIT REBUILD KIT STUD & NUT KI							
	STOCK NO.	STOCK NO.	STOCK NO.	STOCK NO.				
3"	9169805A	21176608K	21176618H	21176637E				
4"	9169812G	21176604D	21176620D	21176639C				
6"	9169813E	21176605C	21176621C	21176640K				
8"	9169815K	21176606B	21176622B	21176641J				
10"	9817901D	21176607A	21176623A	21176642H				
12"	9817902B	21176610F	21176624K	21176643G				
14"	9817903K	21176611E	21176625J	21176644F				
16"	9817903K	21176611E	21176625J	21176644F				

Consult factory for larger sizes

Rubber Kit Includes: Diaphragm, Disc, Spacer Washers

Repair Kit Includes: Diaphragm, Disc, Spacer Washers, Epoxy Coated Disc Retainer, Epoxy Coated Diaphragm Washer,

Protective Washer

Rebuild Kit Includes: Diaphragm, Disc, Spacer Washers, Epoxy Coated Disc Retainer, Epoxy Coated Diaphragm Washer,

Protective Washer, Stainless Steel Bolts & Washers (6" & Below),

Stainless Steel Studs, Nuts, & Washers (8" & Above), Stem, Stem Nut, Disc Guide

Stud & Nut Kit Includes: Stainless Steel Bolts & Washers (6" & Below), Stainless Steel Studs, Nuts, & Washers (8" & Above)

Repair Kits for 100-02/100-21 Powertrol and 100-03/100-22 Powercheck Main Valves

For: Powertrol and Powercheck Main Valves-150 Pressure Class Only

Includes: Diaphragm, Disc (or Disc Assembly) and O-rings and full set of spare Spacer Washers.

Valve	Kit Stock Number	Valve	Kit Stock Number	
Size	100-02	Size	100-02 & 100-03	100-21 & 100-22
3/8"	9169901H	2½"	9169910J	N/A
1/2" & 3/4"	9169902F	3"	9169911G	9169905J
1"	9169903D	4"	9169912E	9169911G
11/4" & 11/2"	9169904B	6"	9169913C	9169912E
2"	9169905J	8"	99116G	9169913C
		10"	9169939H	99116G
		12"	9169937B	9169939H

Larger Sizes: Consult Factory.

Repair Kits for 100-04/100-23 Hy-Check Main Valves

For: Hy-Check Main Valves—150 Pressure Class Only

Includes: Diaphragm, Disc and O-Rings and full set of spare Spacer Washers.

Valve	Kit Stock Number		Valve	Kit Stock	Number
Size	100-04	100-23	Size	100-04	100-23
4"	20210901B	N/A	12"	20210905H	20210904J
6"	20210902A	20210901B	14"	20210906G	N/A
8"	20210903K	20210902A	16"	20210907F	20210905H
10"	20210904J	20210903K	20"	N/A	20210907F
			24"	N/A	20210907F

Larger Sizes: Consult Factory.

Repair Kits for Pilot Control Valves (In Standard Materials Only)

Includes: Diaphragm, Disc (or Disc Assembly), O-Rings, Gaskets or spare Screws as appropriate.

BUNA-N® (Standard Material)				VITON (For KB Controls)	
Pilot	Kit Stock	Pilot	Kit Stock	Pilot	Kit Stock
Control	Number	Control	Number	Control	Number
CDB	9170006C	CFM-9	12223E	CDB-KB	9170012A
CDB-30	9170023H	CRA (w/bucking spring)	9170001D	CRA-KB	N/A
CDB-31	9170024F	CRD (w/bucking spring)	9170002B	CRD-KB (w/bucking spring)	9170008J
CDB-7	9170017K	CRD (no bucking spring)	9170003K	CRL-KB	9170013J
CDH-2	18225D	CRD-18	20275401K	CDHS-2BKB	9170010E
CDHS-2	44607A	CRD-22	98923G	CDHS-2FKB	9170011C
CDHS-2B	9170004H	CRL (55F, 55L)	9170007A	CDHS-18KB (no bucking spring)	9170009G
CDHS-2F	9170005E	CRL60/55L-60	9170033G	102C-KB	1726202D
CDHS-3C-A2	24657K	CRL60/55L60 1"	9170042H		
CDHS-8A	2666901A	CRL-4A	43413E		
CDHS-18	9170003K	CRL-5 (55B)	65755B		
CDS-4	9170014G	CRL-5A (55G)	20666E		
CDS-5	14200A	CRL-18	20309801C		
CDS-6	20119301A	Universal CRL	9170041K		
CDS-6A	20349401C	CV	9170019F		
CFCM-M1	1222301C	X105L (O-ring)	00951E	Buna-N®	
CFM-2	12223E	102B-1	1502201F		
CFM-7	1263901K	102C-2	1726201F	CRD Disc Ret. (Solid)	C5256H
CFM-7A	1263901K	102C-3	1726201F	CRD Disc Ret. (Spring)	C5255K

Repair Assemblies (In Standard Materials Only)

•			
Control	Description	Stock Number	
CF1-C1	Pilot Assembly Only	89541H	
CF1-CI	Complete Float Control less Ball and Rod	89016A	
CFC2-C1	Disc, Distributor and Seals	2674701E	
CSM 11-A2-2	Mechanical Parts Assembly	97544B	
CSM 11-A2-2	Pilot Assembly Only	18053K	
33A 1"	Complete Internal Assembly and Seal	2036030B	
33A 2"	Complete Internal Assembly and Seal	2040830J	

When ordering, please give complete nameplate data of the valve and/or control being repaired. MINIMUM ORDER CHARGE APPLIES